Company Registration No. 05158255 (England and Wales)
Redington Estates Limited
Unaudited financial statements
For the year ended 30 September 2022
Pages for filing with registrar

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors H M Soning

A S F Soning J H L Weston

Company number 05158255

Registered office 55 Loudoun Road

St John's Wood London NW8 0DL

Accountants MGR Weston Kay LLP

55 Loudoun Road St John's Wood London NW8 0DL

Bankers Coutts & Co

St. Martin's Office 440 Strand London WC2R 0QS

Solicitors Kingsley Napley LLP

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London EC1M 4AJ

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		202	2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	4		14,909		20,873	
Investment properties	5		28,525,000		27,500,000	
Investments	6		269,821		161,828	
			28,809,730		27,682,701	
Current assets						
Debtors	7	3,651,602		2,554,190		
Cash at bank and in hand		1,518,830		1,849,088		
		5,170,432		4,403,278		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,179,923)		(1,005,572)		
Net current assets			3,990,509		3,397,706	
Total assets less current liabilities			32,800,239		31,080,407	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(12,817,190)		(13,136,710)	
Provisions for liabilities			(3,606,358)		(3,355,134)	
Net assets			16,376,691		14,588,563	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			330		330	
Profit and loss reserves	12		16,376,361		14,588,233	
Total equity			16,376,691		14,588,563	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 September 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 June 2023 and are signed on its beh	alf
by:	

H M Soning Director

Company Registration No. 05158255

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Notes	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total £
	Notes	_	_	_
Balance at 1 October 2020		300	15,125,062	15,125,362
Year ended 30 September 2021:				
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		-	(386,829)	(386,829)
Issue of share capital		30	-	30
Dividends		-	(150,000)	(150,000)
Balance at 30 September 2021		330	14,588,233	14,588,563
Year ended 30 September 2022:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		_	1,788,128	1,788,128
and the feet				
Balance at 30 September 2022		330	16,376,361	16,376,691

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Redington Estates Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 55 Loudoun Road, St John's Wood, London, NW8 ODL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for rent net of VAT.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

25% straight line

Motor vehicles

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property he d to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Investments in quoted shares are initially recognised at their transaction value and subsequently measured at their market value as at the balance sheet date using the closing quoted market price. The profit and loss account includes the net gains and losses arising on revaluation and disposals throughout the year.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its investment property to determine whether there is any indication that it has suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

1.11 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

1.12 Group accounts

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small sized group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2021: 2).

		2022 Number	2021 Number
	Total	2	2
3	Taxation	2022	2021
	Currenthau	£	£
	Current tax UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	266,709	77,104
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	2,047	
	Total current tax	268,756	77,104
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax charge current year	251,225	810,634
	Total tax charge	519,981	887,738

Investments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

4	Tangible fixed assets	
		Plant and
		machinery etc £
	Cost	r
	At 1 October 2021 and 30 September 2022	23,855
	Depreciation and impairment	
	At 1 October 2021	2,982
	Depreciation charged in the year	5,964
	At 30 September 2022	8,946
	Carrying amount	
	At 30 September 2022	14,909
	At 30 September 2021	20,873
5	Investment property	2022
		2022 £
	Fair value	
	At 1 October 2021	27,500,000
	Revaluations	1,025,000
	At 30 September 2022	28,525,000
	On an historical basis the property would have been included at an original cost of £10,477,137 (2021: £10,477,137)	i.
6	Fixed asset investments	
	2022	2021
	£	£

269,821

161,828

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

6	Fixed asset investments			(Continued)
	Movements in fixed asset investments			
		Shares in GroupOthe Undertaking	er investments	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 October 2021	78,381	83,447	161,828
	Additions	•	213,358	213,358
	Valuation changes	-	(43,947)	(43,947)
	Disposals		(61,418)	(61,418)
	At 30 September 2022	78,381	191,440	269,821
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 September 2022	78,381	191,440	269,821
	At 30 September 2021	78,381	83,447	161,828
7	Debtors		2022	2024
	Amounts falling due within one year:		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade debtors		330,901	7,121
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		779,894	709,488
	Amounts owed by related parties		1,164,675	1,259,130
	Other debtors		1,376,132	578,451
			3,651,602	2,554,190
_				
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2022	2021
			£	£
	Bank loans		319,520	319,520
	Trade creditors		1,566	1,446
	Corporation tax		266,709	77,105
	Other taxation and social security		102,368	127,408
	Other creditors		489,760 	480,093
			1,179,923	1,005,572

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

9 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

2022	2021
£	£

Bank loans and overdrafts

12,817,190 13,136,710

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £13,136,710 (2021: £13,456,230).

10 Transactions with directors

As at 30 September 2022, an amount of £5,566 (2021: £8,128 was owed by a director) was owed to a director.

During the year, dividends of £Nil (2021: £100,000) were paid to a director.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

11 Related party transactions

Included in debtors:

Amounts due from related undertakings:

	Balance as at			Balance as at
	01.10.2021	Movements	Write-off	30.09.2022
	£	£		£
Newfresh Limited	595,744	-	-	595,744
Less: provision	(595,744)	-	-	(595,744)
James Andrew International Limited	2,073,130	105,545	-	2,178,675
Less: provision	(1,014,000)	-	-	(1,014,000)
James Andrew Robinson Somerston Warner Limited	200,000	(200,000)	-	-
	1,259,130	(94,455)		1,164,675

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in accordance with FRS 102 Section 33 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions between two or more members of a group, as the company is a parent of the group to which it is party to the transactions.

During the year, management charges of £30,000 (2021: £30,000) were payable to James Andrew International Limited.

Included in other debtors are accrued interest balances due from related parties totalling £388,984 (2021: £388,984).

One of the directors is also a director and has a significant interest in the above entities.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.