

Company Registration No. 05152229 (England and Wales)

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD
DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013



LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	M C Allan C R Szpojnarowicz (Appointed 20 March 2013) N Richards
Secretary	C R Szpojnarowicz
Company number	05152229
Registered office	The Core 40 St Thomas Street BRISTOL BS1 6JX
Auditor	KPMG Audit Plc 15 Canada Square LONDON E14 5GL
Business address	The Core, 40 St Thomas Street BRISTOL BS1 6JX

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

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LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company was that of property investment. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (31 December 2012: £nil).

The company's registration number is 5152229.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2013:

M C Allan

C R Szpojnarowicz

N Richards

(Appointed 20 March 2013)

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

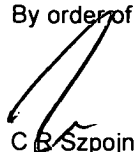
Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board



C B Szpojnarowicz

Secretary

19 September 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

We have audited the financial statements of LDC (Kelham Island) Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2013 set out on pages 5 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)
TO THE MEMBERS OF LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in not preparing a strategic report.



Kate Teal (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc

19 September 2014

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

KPMG Audit Plc
15 Canada Square
LONDON
E14 5GL

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	2	2,028,354	2,226,182
Reversal of impairment of investment property		1,048,506	1,557,028
Operating profit	3	3,076,860	3,783,210
Other interest receivable and similar income	4	-	851
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(277,068)	(349,397)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,799,792	3,434,664
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	-	-
Profit for the year	12	2,799,792	3,434,664

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

There is no difference between the profit for the year as stated above and its historical cost equivalent.

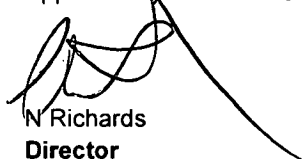
LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 £	£	2012 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7	34,040,000		32,650,000	
Current assets					
Debtors	8	1,451		184,576	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(29,421,452)		(31,014,369)	
Net current liabilities		(29,420,001)		(30,829,793)	
Net assets		4,619,999		1,820,207	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		1		1
Profit and loss account	12	4,619,998		1,820,206	
Shareholder's funds	13	4,619,999		1,820,207	

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 19 September 2014


N Richards
Director

Company Registration No. 05152229

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards (UK GAAP) and under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of investment properties.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 percent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group.

1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, notwithstanding net current liabilities of £29,420,001 which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The company is dependent for its working capital on funds provided to it by The UNITE Group plc. The UNITE Group plc has provided the company with an undertaking that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the company, and in particular, will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. This should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue, although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so. Based on this understanding the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover from investment property leased out under operating leases is recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income and are spread over the shorter of the lease term or the date when it is expected rent will revert to the prevailing market rate.

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

In accordance with SSAP19 Accounting for Investment Properties:

- investment properties are revalued every six months at market value (determined in accordance with the Guidance Notes on the valuation of assets issued by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors).

Surpluses and deficits arising are transferred to the revaluation reserve except that any permanent impairment in the value of an investment property is taken to the profit and loss account for the year where it cannot be demonstrated that the recoverable amount of the asset is greater than the revalued amount; and

- no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties or leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run.

This treatment, as regards the company's investment properties, may be a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act concerning the depreciation of fixed assets. However, these properties are not held for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary for the accounts to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Net gains or losses on disposal of investment properties are calculated by reference to book value at the date of disposal and any revaluation surpluses of earlier years are transferred from revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account as a reserve movement. Investment properties under construction are revalued every six months at market value. They are not subject to depreciation, since the directors consider that the useful economic life of the assets does not begin until the properties are completed.

1.5 Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes account of taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and treatment under the company's accounting policies.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in a tax computation.

In accordance with FRS19, deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date that may give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future except as otherwise provided by FRS19. Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on the sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Borrowings

Interest bearing borrowings are recognised initially at cost, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the profit and loss account over the term of the borrowings at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

2 Turnover

Turnover arises in the UK and is generated from the company's principal activity.

3 Operating profit	2013 £	2012 £
Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Reversal of impairment of investment property	(1,048,506)	(1,557,028)
Rental income received under operating leases	(2,028,354)	(2,226,182)

Auditor's remuneration of £555 (2012: £550) was borne by another group company.

Fees paid to the company's auditor, KPMG Audit Plc and it's associates for services other than statutory audit of the company are not disclosed in the company's accounts since the consolidated accounts of the company's parent, The UNITE Group plc are required to disclose non audit fees on a consolidated basis.

Directors' remuneration was borne by another group company in respect of both years.

4 Other interest receivable and similar income	2013 £	2012 £
Bank interest	-	851

5 Interest payable and similar charges	2013 £	2012 £
Bank loan interest	277,068	349,397

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

6	Taxation	2013 £	2012 £
	Current tax charge	-	-
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,799,792	3,434,664
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 23.25% (2012: 24.50%)	650,856	841,493
	Effects of:		
	Income not taxable	(243,742)	(381,472)
	Accelerated capital allowances	(46,355)	(61,299)
	Group relief claimed	(360,759)	(331,623)
	Other tax adjustments	-	(67,099)
		(650,856)	(841,493)
	Current tax charge	-	-

Deferred taxation balances arising in the company are set out in detail in note 10.

7	Tangible fixed assets	Investment property £
	Valuation	
	At 1 January 2013	32,650,000
	Additions	341,494
	Reversal of previous impairment	1,048,506
	At 31 December 2013	34,040,000

The investment property was valued as at 31 December 2013, on the basis of 'market value' as defined in the RICS Appraisal and Valuation Manual issued by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors by Jones Lang LaSalle LLP, Chartered Surveyors, as external valuers.

The total interest and bank costs included in the cost of the property at 31 December 2013 was £1,682,080 (31 December 2012: £1,682,080)

The historical cost of the property at 31 December 2013 was £35,067,245 (31 December 2012: £34,725,751).

The property is freehold.

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

8 Debtors	2013 £	2012 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	183,125
Other debtors	1,451	1,451
	<u>1,451</u>	<u>184,576</u>

All debtors are due within one year.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2013 £	2012 £
Bank loan	-	23,371,603
Amounts owed to group undertakings	29,417,864	7,619,563
Other creditors	3,588	23,203
	<u>29,421,452</u>	<u>31,014,369</u>

The bank loan, which totalled £23,400,000 net of refinance costs of £28,397, was repaid in full in the year. This was replaced with an intragroup loan during the year which is interest free and is not secured on any property.

10 Provisions for liabilities and charges

The deferred tax balance at 31 December 2013 comprised as follows:

	Amount not provided £
Accelerated capital allowances	1,318,538
Group losses available for offset	(1,318,538)
Balance at 31 December 2013	<u>-</u>

There were no provisions at the start of the year and no provisions were made during the year.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities on all timing differences have been calculated at 20%, being the rate of UK corporation tax that was substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, which is applicable from 1 April 2015. There are no other factors that may significantly affect future tax charges.

11 Share capital	2013 £	2012 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

12 Statement of movements on reserves

	Profit and loss account
	£
Balance at 1 January 2013	1,820,206
Profit for the year	2,799,792
Balance at 31 December 2013	<u>4,619,998</u>

13 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2013 £	2012 £
Profit for the financial year	2,799,792	3,434,664
Opening shareholder's funds/(deficit)	1,820,207	(1,614,457)
Closing shareholder's funds	<u>4,619,999</u>	<u>1,820,207</u>

14 Contingent liabilities

The company had no contingent liabilities at 31 December 2013 (31 December 2012: £nil).

15 Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2013 (31 December 2012: £nil).

16 Employees

There were no employees during either year.

17 Parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is LDC (Holdings) plc.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is The UNITE Group plc. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by The UNITE Group plc. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and can be obtained from The Core, 40 St Thomas Street, BRISTOL, BS1 6JX.

LDC (KELHAM ISLAND) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

18 Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The UNITE Group plc, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 from the requirements to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent undertaking.