All Signs & Design Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 July 2017

All Signs & Design Limited

Registered number: 05131971

Balance Sheet

as at 31 July 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		39,856		42,788
_					
Current assets					
Debtors	3	38,796		28,185	
Cash at bank and in hand		66,688		34,871	
		105,484		63,056	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(64,308)		(52,730)	
Net current assets			41,176		10,326
Total assets less current		•		- -	
liabilities			81,032		53,114
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	r 5		(6,122)		(14,035)
Provisions for liabilities			(7,572)		-
			, , ,		
Net assets			67,338	-	39,079
		•	0.,000	•	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account			66,338		38,079
Shareholders' funds		-	67,338	-	39,079
		•		-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

J P Warren

Director

Approved by the board on 8 August 2017

All Signs & Design Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 August 2016	60,618	21,417	82,035
Additions	2,508	10,657	13,165
Disposals	-	(5,000)	(5,000)
At 31 July 2017	63,126	27,074	90,200
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2016	32,955	6,292	39,247
Charge for the year	7,543	5,742	13,285
On disposals	-	(2,188)	(2,188)
At 31 July 2017	40,498	9,846	50,344
Net book value			
At 31 July 2017	22,628	17,228	39,856
At 31 July 2016	27,663	15,125	42,788

3 Debtors 2017 2016

	£	£
Trade debtors	38,796	28,185
4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
	£	£
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	6,678	6,000
Trade creditors	14,501	12,454
Corporation tax	29,612	12,307
Other taxes and social security costs	13,017	18,606
Other creditors	500	3,363
	64,308	52,730
5 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2017	2016
	£	£
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	6,122	14,035

6 Controlling party

The company is controlled by the directors and their wives.

7 Other information

All Signs & Design Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 4

Glencoe Business Park

Warne Road

Weston-super-Mare

Bs23 3TS

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.