REGISTERED NUMBER: 05124367 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

for

AAM & Sons Limited

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AAM & Sons Limited (Registered number: 05124367)

Abridged Balance Sheet 31 May 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	3		-		-
Tangible assets	4		798,588		711,652
			798,588		711,652
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		616		1,138	
Cash at bank		211,016		199,797	
		211,632		200,935	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year		<u> 138,770</u>		127,697	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			72,862		73,238
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			871,450		784,890
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year			(137,696)		(113,921)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(9,321)		(6,029)
NET ASSETS			724,433		664,940
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Allotted, called up and fully paid share capital			2		2
Retained earnings			724,431		664,938
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			724,433		664,940

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 May 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

applicable to the company.

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as

The notes form part of these financial statements

AAM & Sons Limited (Registered number: 05124367)

Abridged Balance Sheet - continued 31 May 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Balance Sheet for the year ended 31 May 2019 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 19 December 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr A A Mehegan - Director

Mrs A Mehegan - Director

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents income receivable from the provision of childcare. This is not subject to VAT.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2005, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of ten years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Land and buildings - not provided

Plant and machinery etc - 25 - 33% on cost, 25% on reducing balance and 15% on reducing balance

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Government grants

Government grants received are treated as deferred credits and credited to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful life of the relevant asset.

2. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 56 (2018 - 57).

3. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Totals £
	COST	_
	At 1 June 2018	
	and 31 May 2019	40,000
	AMORTISATION	
	At 1 June 2018	
	and 31 May 2019	40,000
	NET BOOK VALUE	
	At 31 May 2019	
	At 31 May 2018	
4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
		Totals
		£
	COST	
	At 1 June 2018	832,660
	Additions	110,055
	At 31 May 2019	942,715
	DEPRECIATION	
	At 1 June 2018	121,008
	Charge for year	23,119
	At 31 May 2019	144,127
	NET BOOK VALUE	
	At 31 May 2019	<u></u>
	At 31 May 2018	<u>711,652</u>

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	Totals £
COST	-
At 1 June 2018	
and 31 May 2019	27,799
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 June 2018	
and 31 May 2019	2,907
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 May 2019	24,892
At 31 May 2018	24,892
SECURED DERTS	

5. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank loans	171,461	130,966

On 14 December 2018 a fixed charge has been created with HSBC UK Bank Plc over the assets of the company by way of a debenture.

6. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Total financial commitments which are not included in the balance sheet amount to £38,400 (2018 - £49,500) relating to amounts payable under operating leases.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.