Registration number: 05112979

# Malvern Saddle Company Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

Ballards LLP
Chartered Accountants
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# **Company Information**

**Directors** R G Jenkins

Mrs A C Jenkins

Registered office North Farm

Little Malvern Worcestershire WR14 4JN

Accountants Ballards LLP

Chartered Accountants Oakmoore Court 11c Kingswood Road Hampton Lovett

Droitwich Worcestershire WR9 0QH

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(Registration number: 05112979) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	16,714	19,488
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	49,915	51,960
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	9,271	10,900
Cash at bank and in hand		23,349	29,195
		82,535	92,055
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(46,056)	(58,707)
Net current assets		36,479	33,348
Total assets less current liabilities		53,193	52,836
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	(20,000)	(20,000)
Provisions for liabilities		(3,176)	(3,869)
Net assets		30,017	28,967
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		29,917	28,867
Total equity		30,017	28,967

For the financial year ending 31 May 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\frac{4}{2}$  to  $\frac{9}{2}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 05112979) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2018

Approved and authorised by the Board on 14 February 2019 and signed on its behalf by:			
R G Jenkins	Mrs A C Jenkins		
Director	Director		

The notes on pages  $\frac{4}{2}$  to  $\frac{9}{2}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is:
North Farm
Little Malvern
Worcestershire
WR14 4JN
United Kingdom

### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements for the period ended 31 May 2017 are the first financial statements that comply with FRS102.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	25% on reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% on reducing balance
Computer equipment	25% on reducing balance

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class	Amortisation method and rate
Goodwill on acquisition of a business (2004) and (2006)	Written off evenly over estimated useful life

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 4 (2017 - 6).

# 4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 June 2017	23,500	23,500
At 31 May 2018	23,500	23,500
Amortisation		
At 1 June 2017	23,500	23,500
At 31 May 2018	23,500	23,500
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2018	<u>-</u>	-

# 5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and		
	equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 June 2017	43,114	9,525	52,639
Additions	2,797	<u>-</u>	2,797
At 31 May 2018	45,911	9,525	55,436
Depreciation			
At 1 June 2017	23,852	9,299	33,151
Charge for the year	5,515	56	5,571
At 31 May 2018	29,367	9,355	38,722
Carrying amount			
At 31 May 2018	16,544	170	16,714
At 31 May 2017	19,262	226	19,488

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

6 Stocks			
		2018 £	2017
Work in progress		≠ 1,000	<b>£</b> 1,000
Other inventories		48,915	50,960
Carlor inventories		49,915	51,960
	_	10,010	01,000
7 Debtors			
		2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors		8,823	10,456
Other debtors		448	444
Total current trade and other debtors		9,271	10,900
8 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	2018 £	2017 £
	Note	L	E.
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		9,867	17,065
Amounts owed to related parties		15,845	21,374
Taxation and social security		4,208	3,632
Other creditors		16,136	16,636
		46,056	58,707
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	20,000	20,000

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2018

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Oreakors, amounts faming due after more than one year	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	20,000	20,000
9 Loans and borrowings		2018 £	2017 £
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Other borrowings		20,000	20,000

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.