Registered Number 05102041

ABLE WORKWEAR LTD

Abbreviated Accounts

30 April 2012

ABLE WORKWEAR LTD

Registered Number 05102041

Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2012

	Notes	2012		2011	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible	2		2,208		2,274
Total fixed assets			2,208		2,274
Current assets					
Stocks		2,695		4,645	
Debtors		12,715		29,237	
Cash at bank and in hand		531		500	
Total current assets		15,941		34,382	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(18,846)		(37,866)	
Net current assets			(2,905)		(3,484)
			(, ,		(, ,
Total assets less current liabilities			(697)		(1,210)
Provisions for liabilities and charges			(305)		(298)
Total net Assets (liabilities)			(1,002)		(1,508)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			(,,)		(, ,)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(1,102)		(1,608)
Shareholders funds			(1,002)		(1,508)

- a. For the year ending 30 April 2012 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477(2) of the Companies Act 2006.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for:
 - i. ensuring the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386; and
 - ii. preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year, and of its profit or loss for the financial year, in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act relating to accounts, so far as is applicable to the company.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 27 November 2012

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr C Mallender, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

For the year ending 30 April 2012

1 Accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant and Machinery 15.00% Reducing Balance

2 Tangible fixed assets

Cost	£
At 30 April 2011	4,060
additions	324
disposals	
revaluations	
transfers	
At 30 April 2012	4,384
Depreciation	
At 30 April 2011	1,786
Charge for year	390
on disposals	
At 30 April 2012	2,176
Net Book Value	
At 30 April 2011	2,274
At 30 April 2012	2,208

3 Transactions with directors

No transactions between directors.

₄ Related party disclosures

No related parties disclosed.

5 Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

6 Deferred Taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes. Deferred taxation is calculated on an un-discounted basis at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse.

7 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives. The corresponding lease or hire purchase obligation is treated in the balance sheet as a liability. The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.