Company registration number: 05083194

Freeborough Electrical Services Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 March 2021

Freeborough Electrical Services Limited

Contents

Freeborough Electrical Services Limited

Directors and other information

Director	Mr A Freeborough
Secretary	H Harrison
Company number	05083194
Registered office	86 Gibb Lane Mellor Stockport Cheshire SK6 5LZ
Accountants	Downham Morris & Co 45/49 Greek Street Stockport Cheshire SK3 8AX

Bankers	National Westminster Bank 2 Market Street Marple Cheshire SK6 7AE

Freeborough Electrical Services Limited

Chartered certified accountants' report to the director on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of Freeborough Electrical Services Limited

Year ended 31st March 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Freeborough Electrical Services Limited for the year ended 31st March 2021 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html.

This report is made solely to the director of Freeborough Electrical Services Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Freeborough Electrical Services Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Freeborough Electrical Services Limited and its director as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Freeborough Electrical Services Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Freeborough Electrical Services Limited. You consider that Freeborough Electrical Services Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Freeborough Electrical Services Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Downham Morris & Co

Chartered Certified Accountants

45/49 Greek Street

Stockport

Cheshire

SK3 8AX

1st July 2021

Freeborough Electrical Services Limited

Statement of financial position

31st March 2021

	Note	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	4,631		6,175	
			4,631		6,175
Current assets					
Stocks		500		750	
Debtors	6	6,954		10,644	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,763		3,791	
		16,217		15,185	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(20,519)		(21,062)	
Net current liabilities			(4,302)		(5,877)
Total assets less current liabilities			329		298
Net assets			329		298
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10		10
Profit and loss account			319		288
Shareholders funds			329		298

For the year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;

- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 01 July 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

....

Mr A Freeborough

Director

Company registration number: 05083194

Freeborough Electrical Services Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31st March 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Freeborough Electrical Services Limited, 86 Gibb Lane, Mellor, Stockport, Cheshire, SK6 5LZ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment	-	25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2020: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Total
	£	**£**
Cost		
At 1st April 2020 and 31st March 2021	27,190	27,190
Depreciation		
At 1st April 2020	21,015	21,015
Charge for the year	1,544	1,544
At 31st March 2021	22,559	22,559
Carrying amount		
At 31st March 2021	4,631	4,631
At 31st March 2020	6,175	6,175

6. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	6,954	10,644

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	2,344	2,957
Corporation tax	2,481	1,137
Social security and other taxes	1,967	4,907
Other creditors	13,727	12,061
	20,519	21,062

8. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2021

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Balance o/standing
	£	**£**	**£**
Mr A Freeborough	(10,929)	(1,798)	(12,727)

2020

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
Mr A Freeborough	(12,262)	1,333	(10,929)

No interest is paid on loan amounts due to and from the director and loans are repayable on demand.

9. Related party transactions

During the year, the company voted dividends to the director and his close family totalling £9,000 (31 March 2020: £3,000).

10. Controlling party

The company is under the control of its director by virtue of his shareholding.