

Registered Number 05078497

A.B. Flooring Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

31 December 2011

A.B. Flooring Limited

Registered Number 05078497

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2011

	Notes	2011 £	2010 £
Fixed assets	2		
Tangible		705	940
		<u>705</u>	<u>940</u>
Current assets			
Debtors		335	1,754
Cash at bank and in hand		1,054	449
Total current assets		<u>1,389</u>	<u>2,203</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(8,448)	(9,773)
Net current assets (liabilities)		(7,059)	(7,570)
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(6,354)</u>	<u>(6,630)</u>
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>(6,354)</u>	<u>(6,630)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	1	1
Profit and loss account		(6,355)	(6,631)
Shareholders funds		<u>(6,354)</u>	<u>(6,630)</u>

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- a. For the year ending 31 December 2011 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
 - b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
 - c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
 - d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 23 December 2012

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr A Bell, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 December 2011

1 Accounting policies**Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of financial instruments, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Motor Vehicles	0%25% Reducing balance
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- Equipment 0%25% Reducing balance
- 2 **Fixed Assets**

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 January 2011	- 3,226	3,226
At 31 December 2011	- <u>3,226</u>	<u>3,226</u>
Depreciation		
At 01 January 2011	2,286	2,286
Charge for year	- 235	235
At 31 December 2011	- <u>2,521</u>	<u>2,521</u>
Net Book Value		
At 31 December 2011	705	705
At 31 December 2010	- <u>940</u>	<u>940</u>

- 3 **Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**

- 4 **Share capital**

	2011 £	2010 £
Authorised share capital:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
1 Ordinary of £1 each	1	1

- 5 **Balance sheet Spare note
99 (user defined)**

GOING CONCERN The company is reliant upon the support of the director for its continuing operation. At the year end this support is in place and is likely to continue.