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# Financial Statements Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited and subsidiary undertakings

For the year ended 31 March 2012

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COMPANIES HOUSE

#### Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited and subsidiary undertakings

## Company information

**Company registration number** 

5073551

**Registered office** 

Vaux Road

Finedon Road Industrial Estate

WELLINGBOROUGH

Northamptonshire

NN8 4TG

**Directors** 

R J Burton D J Burton

Secretary

L M Burton

**Bankers** 

HSBC Bank plc

15 High Street

MARKET HARBOROUGH

Leicestershire LE1 BB

**Solicitors** 

Howes Percival

Oxford House Cliftonville

NORTHAMPTON

NN1 5PN

**Auditor** 

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditor

Grant Thornton House Kettering Parkway

Kettering Venture Park **KETTERING** 

Northants

NN15 6XR

#### Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited and subsidiary undertakings

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## Directors' Report

for the year ended 31 March 2012

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 March 2012

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable laws). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company. It did not trade during the year

The principal activity of the group is in the distribution of petroleum products and related activities

#### **Business review**

The general economic difficulties facing the company together with rising fuel prices has had an impact on profitability for the year under review as can be seen by the fall in operating profit of 26%. However a gain on the curtailment of the defined benefit pension scheme of £416k has helped increase the reported profit before taxation by £237k as compared to the prior year. The directors have reviewed their cost base and are confident that the trading environment will improve for the forthcoming year.

#### Key performance indicators - financial

The directors' main performance indicators used to manage the critical financial aspects of the business are gross margin, volume turnover and debtor days

The gross margin declined slightly to 5.7% (2011 - 7.2%) due to volatility in oil price and difficult trading conditions which continue to affect customers

Debtor days are used to assist the careful management of working capital On a year end count-back basis this measurement showed that debtors days have increased slightly to 34

## Directors' Report

for the year ended 31 March 2012

#### Key performance indicators - non-financial

The directors' main non-financial performance indicators used to manage the business are greenhouse gas emissions and paper waste

The level of greenhouse gases is carefully monitored. Approximately 7.3 tonnes per annum of heating oils are emitted and 345 tonnes of road fuels are utilised.

Of the paper used within the business, 80% is recycled per annum

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £824,588 (2011 - £469,827)

Particulars of dividends paid are disclosed in the notes to the accounts

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were

R J Burton

D J Burton

#### Principal risks and certainties

The group uses various financial instruments including cash, trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the group's operations. The existence of these financial instruments exposes the group to a number of financial risks which are described in more detail below.

The main risks arising from the group's financial instruments are price risk, liquidity risk and credit risk

#### Price risk

The group's exposure to price risk consists mainly of its exposure to movements in oil prices. This risk is managed by daily monitoring of the oil prices from the group's main supplier.

#### Liquidity risk

The group seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably

#### Credit risk

The group's principal financial assets are cash and trade debtors

In order to manage credit risk the directors set limits for customers based on a combination of payment history and third party credit references. Credit limits are reviewed by the credit controller on a regular basis in conjunction with debt ageing and collection history.

Any residual risk is covered by credit insurance

## Directors' Report

for the year ended 31 March 2012

#### **Land and Buildings**

The directors are of the opinion that in aggregate the market value of the land and buildings is in excess of the book value

#### Provision of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when the Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that

- as far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company and the group's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to be aware of any
  information needed by the company and the group's auditor in connection with preparing its report
  and to establish that the company and the group's auditor is aware of that information

#### **Auditor**

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier

This report was approved by the board on 11 0 cooper 22 and signed on its behalf

R J Burton Director

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## Independent auditor's report to the members of Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the group profit and loss account, the group statement of total recognised gains and losses, the group and company balance sheets, the group consolidated cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm">www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm</a>

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006



## Independent auditor's report to the members of Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Andrew Dixon (Senior Statutory Auditor)

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for and on behalf of

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditor

Kettering Date

11 000Ben 2012

# Consolidated profit and loss account For the year ended 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Turnover	1,2	71,724,778	71,430,748
Cost of sales		(67,654,709)	(66,280,747)
Gross profit		4,070,069	5,150,001
Distribution costs		(1,540,489)	(1,808,708)
Administrative expenses		(1,887,138)	(2,474,438)
Other operating income	3	3,635	3,659
Operating profit before exceptional item	4	646,077	870,514
Exceptional item Other exceptional item	10	416,000	-
Operating profit after exceptional item		1,062,077	870,514
Interest receivable and similar income		8,648	8,962
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(877)	(3,427)
Other finance income/(costs)	9	28,000	(15,000)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,097,848	861,049
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	11	(273,260)	(391,222)
Profit for the financial year	22	824,588	469,827

All amounts relate to continuing operations

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses For the year ended 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Profit for the financial year		824,588	469,827
Actuarial (loss)/gain related to pension scheme	28	(76,000)	613,000
Deferred tax attributable to actuarial gain	28	19,780	159,380
Pension surplus not recognised	28	(578,000)	(674,000)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		190,368	568,207

## Consolidated balance sheet

As at 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2012 £	2011 £	2011 £
E	TTOTE	Σ.	₽.	£	
Fixed assets	10		277 220		200 220
Intangible assets	12 13		277,228		300,330
Tangible assets	13		2,587,672		2,412,786
			2,864,900		2,713,116
Current assets					
Stocks	16	1,129,891		1,022,691	
Debtors	17	8,512,988		8,712,563	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,733,672		4,260,219	
		13,376,551		1,3995,473	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(8,434,763)		(9,062,817)	
within one year		(0,434,703)		(7,002,817)	
Net current assets			4,941,788		4,932,656
Total assets less current liabilities			7,806,688		7,645,772
Creditors. amounts falling due					
after one year	19		(2,636)		-
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	20		(23,703)		(45,011)
			7 700 240		7.600.761
Not assets evaluding pension			7,780,349		7,600,761
Net assets excluding pension scheme assets					
Defined benefit pension scheme asset	28		-		39,220
Net assets including pension asset			7,780,349		7,639,981
Capital and reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	21		50		50
Other reserves	22		50		50
Profit and loss account	22		7,780,249		7,639,881
Shareholders' funds	23		7,780,349		7,639,981
CHAICHUIGCIS TUHUS	دي		1,100,347		7,037,701

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf

R J Burton Director

Date 11 OUDBER 2012

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements.

# Company balance sheet As at 31 March 2012

		2012	2012	2011	2011
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	14		793,780		793,780
			793,780		793,780
Current assets			•		•
Debtors	17	50,000		-	
		50,000		-	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	18	(50,000)		-	
Net current assets			-		-
Total assets less current habilities			793,780		793,780
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after one year	19		(793,730)		(793,730)
			50		50
Capital and reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	21		50		50
Shareholders' funds	23		50		50
					·

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf

R J Burton Director

Yobut

Date

11 OCFOBER 2012

## Consolidated cash flow statement

For the year ended 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	25	333,402	724,953
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	26	7,771	5,535
Taxation		(300,498)	(132,748)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	26	(550,892)	(158,967)
Equity dividends paid			(150,000)
Cash (outflow)/inflow before financing Financing	26	(510,217) (12,042)	288,773 (39,426)
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year		(522,259)	249,347

## Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds For the year ended 31 March 2012

	2012 £	2011 £
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year	(522,259)	249,347
Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing	7,047	39,426
Movement in net funds in the year	(515,212)	288,773
Net funds at 1 April 2011	4,244,582	3,955,809
Net funds at 31 March 2012	3,729,370	4,244,582

For the year ended 31 March 2012

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The financial statements consolidate the accounts of Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited and all of its subsidiary undertakings ('subsidiaries') Profits or losses on intra-group transactions are eliminated in full

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts

Revenue arising from the sale of goods is recognised when significant risks and benefits of ownership of the product have transferred to the purchaser upon shipment of the goods

#### Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

Amortisation is provided at the following rate

Goodwill

20 years

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is not charged on freehold land. Depreciation on other tangible fixed assets is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of those assets, less their estimated residual value, over their useful economic lives on the following bases.

Freehold Property

25 years

Long-term leasehold Property

Life of the lease

Plant & Machinery

2 to 16 years

Motor Vehicles

4 to 6 years

#### Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are valued at cost less provision for impairment

#### Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The financial element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

For the year ended 31 March 2012

#### **Accounting policies (continued)**

#### **Operating leases**

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

#### **Stocks**

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### **Deferred taxation**

Full provision is made for deferred to assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

#### Pension

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year

The group operates a defined benefit pension scheme and the pension charge is based on a full actuarial valuation dated 6 April 2010 The scheme closed for future accrual of benefits on 30 June 2011

The group has applied the amendment to FRS17 Retirement Benefits which is effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 6 April 2007. The amendment to FRS17 primarily affects disclosures in relation to defined benefit pension schemes. However, for quoted securities the fair value is now taken to be the current bid price rather than the mid-market value. The change has affected disclosure only and has not lead to any prior year adjustment.

Scheme assets are measured at fair values Scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and are discounted at the appropriate high quality corporate bond rates. The net surplus or deficit, adjusted for deferred tax, is presented separately from other net assets on the balance sheet. A net surplus is recognised only to the extent that it is recoverable by the group

The current service cost and costs from settlements and curtailments are charged against operating profit. Past service costs are spread over the period until the benefit increases vest. Interest charged on the scheme liabilities and the expected return on scheme assets are included in other finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses are reported in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

For the year ended 31 March 2012

2	Turnover
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Turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the group as stated in the Report of the Directors

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom

#### 3 Other operating income

	2012 £	2011 £
Other operating income	3,635	3,659
Operating profit		
The operating profit is stated after charging		
	2012 £	2011 £
Amortisation – intangible fixed assets	23,102	23,102
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets - owned by the group - held under finance leases Operating lease rentals	410,740 4,295	370,455 15,840
- other operating leases	50,348	49,642
Auditor's remuneration		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts	5,000	5,050
Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates in respect of  Other services supplied pursuant to such legislation  Other services relating to taxation	17,000 4,450	16,600 4,450

For the year ended 31 March 2012

Staff costs		
Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,997,977	2,282,163
Social security costs Other pension costs (note 28)	211,144 37,836	257,281 510,566
Other pension costs (note 26)	2,246,957	3,050,010
The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during to	the year were as f	ollows
	2012	2011
	No	No
	71	73
Directors' remuneration		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Emoluments receivable	73,653	128,622
		<del></del>
Interest payable		
	2012	2011
	£	£
On finance leases and hire purchase contracts	877	3,427
		<del></del>
Other finance income/(costs)		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Expected return on pension scheme assets	230,000	209,000
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(202,000)	(224,000)
	28,000	(15,000)
Exceptional item		
ZAGOPIIGIIZI ITOIII	2042	
	2012 £	2011 £
		L
Gain on curtailment of the defined benefit pension scheme (note 28)	416,000	-

For the year ended 31 March 2012

11

Taxation		
Analysis of charge in the year	2042	
	2012	2
Current tax (see note below)	£	
,		
UK Corporation tax charge on profit for the year	89,309	248
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(3,741)	
Total current tax	85,568	248
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(21,559)	(7
Effect of decreased tax rate on opening liability	(2,241)	`
Capital allowances	-	
Under/(over) provision in prior year	2,492	
FRS 17 deferred tax movement	209,000	149
Total deferred tax	187,692	142
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	273,260	391
Factors affecting current tax charge	<del></del>	<del></del>
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the second control of the sec	standard rate of corporat	
Factors affecting current tax charge		ion tax
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the second control of the sec	standard rate of corporate  2012 £	ion tax
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the UK of 26% (2011 - 28%) The differences are explained below	2012 £	ion tax
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the second control of the sec	2012	ion tax
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the EUK of 26% (2011 - 28%) The differences are explained below  Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2012 £	
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the EUK of 26% (2011 - 28%) The differences are explained below  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of	2012 £	861
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the sulk of 26% (2011 - 28%). The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%).	2012 £ 1,097,848	ion tax
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the EUK of 26% (2011 - 28%). The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%).  Effects of:	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440	861 241
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the SUK of 26% (2011 - 28%) The differences are explained below  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%)  Effects of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440 7,380	861 241
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the EUK of 26% (2011 - 28%) The differences are explained below  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%)  Effects of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440 7,380 18,451	861 241
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the sulk of 26% (2011 - 28%). The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%).  Effects of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation. Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods.	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440 7,380 18,451 (3,741)	861 241
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the sulk of 26% (2011 - 28%). The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%).  Effects of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation. Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods. Adjustment to tax rate.	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440 7,380 18,451 (3,741) (6,386)	861 241
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the sulk of 26% (2011 - 28%). The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%).  Effects of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation. Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods. Adjustment to tax rate. Marginal relief.	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440 7,380 18,451 (3,741)	861 241
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the sulk of 26% (2011 - 28%) The differences are explained below  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%)  Effects of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Adjustment to tax rate Marginal relief Tax credits	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440 7,380 18,451 (3,741) (6,386) (6,577) 1	861 241 14
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the SUK of 26% (2011 - 28%) The differences are explained below  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%)  Effects of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Adjustment to tax rate Marginal relief Tax credits Defined benefit scheme not taxable	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440 7,380 18,451 (3,741) (6,386)	861 241 14
Factors affecting current tax charge  The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 – higher than) the sulk of 26% (2011 - 28%) The differences are explained below  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2011 – 28%)  Effects of:  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Adjustment to tax rate Marginal relief Tax credits	2012 £ 1,097,848 285,440 7,380 18,451 (3,741) (6,386) (6,577) 1	861 241 14
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For the year ended 31 March 2012

Intangible fixed asset	<b>:5</b>				
Group					Goodwi
Cost At 1 April 2011 and at 31	March 2012				462,04
Amortisation					- 111
At 1 April 2011 Provided in the year					161,71 23,10
At 31 March 2012					184,81
Net book value At 31 March 2012					277,22
At 31 March 2011					300,33
Tangible fixed assets					
Group	Freehold property	L/term leasehold property	Plant & machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
Cost	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2011	1,543,584	114,622	985,335	2,705,629	5,349,170
Additions	-	281,607	44,472	266,033	592,112
Disposals	<del>-</del>			(228,033)	(228,033
At 31 March 2012	1,543,584	396,229	1,029,807	2,743,629	5,713,249
Depreciation	240.727	00.264	744 007	4 004 467	0.027.204
At 1 April 2011 Charge for the year	219,626 25,939	90,364 6,600	731,927 59,460	1,894,467 323,036	2,936,384 415,035
On disposals	23,737	-	(4)	(225,838)	(225,842
At 31 March 2012	245,565	96,964	791,383	1,991,665	3,125,577
Net book value					
At 31 March 2012	1,298,019	299,265	238,424	751,964	2,587,672
At 31 March 2011	1,323,958	24,258	253,408	811,162	2,412,786
The net book value of asset	ets held under finan	ce leases or hir	e purchase cont	racts, included	above, are as
follows				2012	2011
Group				£	£
Motor vehicles				4,995	55,832

For the year ended 31 March 2012

#### **Tangible fixed assets (continued)**

Included in freehold property is freehold land at cost of £609,754 (2011- £ 609,754) which is not depreciated

#### 14 Fixed asset investments

Company	Investments in subsidiary undertakings £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2011 and at 31 March 2012	793,780
Net book value At 31 March 2012	793,780
At 31 March 2011	793,780

#### 15 Principal subsidiaries

Company name	Country	Percentage shareholding	Nature of business
Barton Petroleum Limited	England and Wales	100	Distribution of petroleum products
FW Abbott Limited	England and Wales	100	Maintenance and repair of commercial vehicles

#### 16 Stocks

		The group	The	e company
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£	£	£	£
Raw materials	17,557	23,742	-	-
Work in progress	16,875	28,878	-	-
Goods for resale	1,095,459	970,071	-	-
	1,129,891	1,022,691		

For the year ended 31 March 2012

17	7	Dο	h	tors
		ue		

		The group	The	e company
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	7,946,298	8,066,538	-	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	50,000	-
Prepayments and accrued income	566,690	646,025	-	-
	8,512,988	8,712,563	50,000	-

#### 18 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		The group	The	company
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	4,288	-	-
Trade creditors	8,216,440	8,362,022	-	-
Corporation tax	33,308	248,238	-	-
Social security and other taxation	100,194	103,390	-	-
Net obligations under finance leases and			-	-
hire purchase contracts	1,666	11,349	_	_
Accruals and deferred income	83,155	333,530	50,000	-
	8,434,763	9,062,817	50,000	

#### 19 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	The group		The company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	£	£	£	£
Net obligations under finance leases and				
hire purchase contracts	2,636	-	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	793,730	793,730
	2,636	-	793,730	793,730

Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, included above, are payable as follows

	The group		T	The company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	£	£	£	£	
Between one and five years	2,636	<del>-</del>		-	

For the year ended 31 March 2012

2012			The group		he com
At 1 April 2011 Released during the year  At 31 March 2012  23,703  45,011  -  At 31 March 2012  The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows  The group  The group  2012 2011 2012 2011 2012 2012 2011 2012 2012 2013 Accelerated capital allowances  Share capital  Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 50 Ordinary shares of £1 each  Reserves  Group  Capital  redemption reserve  £  At 1 April 2011 Profit for the year Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement At 31 March 2012  Company  At 1 April 2011  Company					
Released during the year         (21,308)         (6,937)         -           At 31 March 2012         23,703         45,011         -           The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows           The group 2012 2011 2012 £         2012 £           £         £         £           Accelerated capital allowances         23,703         45,011         -           Share capital           Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid         50           Capital redemption reserves           Capital redemption reserve           £         At 1 April 2011         50           Profit for the year Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement         -         -           At 31 March 2012         50           Company         50		£	£	£	
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows  The group 2012 2011 2012 £ £ £ £  Accelerated capital allowances 23,703 45,011 -  Share capital  Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 50 Ordinary shares of £1 each 50  Reserves  Group Capital redemption reserve £  At 1 April 2011 50  Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement		-		-	
The group 2012   2011   2012	At 31 March 2012	23,703	45,011	-	
2012	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as	follows			
Accelerated capital allowances 23,703 45,011 -  Share capital  Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 50 Ordinary shares of £1 each 50  Reserves  Group Capital redemption reserve £  At 1 April 2011 50  Profit for the year - Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement - At 31 March 2012 50  Company  At 1 April 2011 50  Company					he con
Share capital  Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 50 Ordinary shares of £1 each  Reserves  Group  Capital redemption reserve £  At 1 April 2011  Profit for the year Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement  At 31 March 2012  Company  At 1 April 2011					
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 50 Ordinary shares of £1 each  Reserves  Group  Capital redemption reserve £  At 1 April 2011  Profit for the year Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement  At 31 March 2012  Company  At 1 April 2011	Accelerated capital allowances	23,703	45,011	-	
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 50 Ordinary shares of £1 each  Reserves  Group  Capital redemption reserve £  At 1 April 2011  Profit for the year  Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement  At 31 March 2012  Company  At 1 April 2011	Share capital				
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 50 Ordinary shares of £1 each 50  Reserves  Group Capital redemption reserve £  At 1 April 2011 50  Profit for the year -Dividends Equity capital -Pension reserve movement -At 31 March 2012 50  Company  At 1 April 2011					
Reserves  Group  Capital redemption reserve £  At 1 April 2011  Profit for the year  Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement  At 31 March 2012  Company  At 1 April 2011				£	
Group Capital redemption reserve & £  At 1 April 2011 50 Profit for the year - Dividends Equity capital - Pension reserve movement - At 31 March 2012 50  Company  At 1 April 2011	50 Ordinary shares of £1 each			50	
At 1 April 2011 50 Profit for the year - Dividends Equity capital - Pension reserve movement - At 31 March 2012 50  Company  At 1 April 2011	Reserves				
At 1 April 2011 50 Profit for the year - Dividends Equity capital - Pension reserve movement - At 31 March 2012 50  Company  At 1 April 2011	Group				
At 1 April 2011 50 Profit for the year - Dividends Equity capital - Pension reserve movement - At 31 March 2012 50  Company  At 1 April 2011				<del>-</del>	an ac
Profit for the year  Dividends Equity capital  Pension reserve movement  At 31 March 2012  Company  At 1 April 2011				£	
Dividends Equity capital Pension reserve movement  At 31 March 2012  Company  At 1 April 2011	At 1 April 2011			50	7,6
Pension reserve movement  At 31 March 2012  Company  At 1 April 2011	•			-	8:
At 31 March 2012 50  Company  At 1 April 2011				- -	(5) (6)
Company  At 1 April 2011				50	7,78
At 1 April 2011				<u> </u>	
	Company				
					an ac
Durafit for the way					
Profit for the year  Dividends Equity capital					(.
	At 31 March 2012				

For the year ended 31 March 2012

#### 23 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

Group	2012 £	2011 £
Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the year Dividends (note 24)	7,639,981 824,588 (50,000)	7,221,774 469,827 (150,000)
Other recognised gains and losses during the year	(634,220)	98,380
Closing shareholders' funds	7,780,349	7,639,981
Company	2012 £	2011 £
Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the year Dividends (note 24)	50 50,000 (50,000)	50 150,000 (150,000)
Closing shareholders' funds	50	50

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained within section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to present its own profit and loss account

The profit for the year dealt with in the accounts of the company was £50,000 (2011 - £150,000)

#### 24 Dividends

		2012 £	2011 £
Divide	ends on equity capital	50,000	150,000
25 Net c	ash flow from operating activities		
		2012	2011
		£	£
Opera	ting profit	646,077	870,514
-	on curtailment of pension scheme	416,000	· -
	isation of intangible fixed assets	23,102	23,102
	ciation of tangible fixed assets	415,035	386,295
_	on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(34,034)	(26,480)
	se in stocks	(107,200)	(233,108)
Decre	ase/(increase) in debtors	`199,575 <sup>°</sup>	(756,078)
	ease)/increase in creditors	(449,153)	506,708
•	ase in net pension assets/liabilities	(776,000)	(46,000)
Net ca	ash inflow from operating activities	333,402	724,953

For the year ended 31 March 2012

#### Analysis of cash flows for headings netted in cash flow statement 26

	2012 £	2011 £
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid	8,648	8,962
Interest element of finance leases and hire purchase	(877)	(3,427)
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	7,771	5,535
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of fixed assets	(587,117) 36,225	(187,019) 28,052
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	(550,892)	(158,967)
Financing Repayment of finance leases  Analysis of changes in net funds	(12,042)	(39,426)
contract of outsides in not raises	Other	

#### 27

	At 1 Apr 2011 £	Cash flow	Other non-cash changes	At 31 Mar 2012 £
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts	4,260,219 (4,288)	(526,547) 4,288	-	3,733,672
	4,255,931	(522,259)		3,733,672
<b>Debt.</b> Finance leases	(11,349)	12,042	(4,995)	(4,302)
Net funds	4,244,582	(510,217)1	(4,995)	3,729,370

#### 28 **Pension commitments**

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund

The group operates a defined benefit pension scheme

Pension contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit method. A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 6 April 2010 and updated at 31 March 2011

For the year ended 31 March 2012

#### **Pension commitments (continued)**

Benefits are payable based on final pensionable pay The assets of the scheme are administered by trustees in a fund independent from the assets of the company

and the company		
The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows		
· ·	2012	2011
	£	£
	~	~
Present value of funded obligations	(3,629,000)	(3,668,000)
Fair value of plan assets	5,084,000	4,395,000
•	<del></del>	
Surplus in scheme	1,455,000	727,000
Surplus not recognised	(1,455,000)	(674,000)
1	(-,,,	
Surplus included in balance sheet	_	53,000
Related deferred tax asset	_	(13,780)
Net asset	_	39,220
1101 20001		37,220
The amounts recognised in profit or loss are as follows		
The amounts recognised in profit of loss are as follows	2012	2011
	£	_
	20	£
Current service cost	(59,000)	(250,000)
Interest on obligation	(202,000)	(224,000)
Expected return on scheme assets	230,000	209,000
Gain on curtailment	416,000	-
Total	385,000	(265,000)
		(203,000)
Actual return on scheme assets	420 000	(143,000)
Actual return on scheme assets	439,000	(143,000)
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows		
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows	2012	2011
	_	_
	£	£
Opening defined benefit obligation	3,668,000	3,895,000
Current service cost	59,000	250,000
Interest cost	202,000	224,000
Actuarial losses/(gains)	285,000	(679,000)
Gain on curtailment	(416,000)	(0.7,000)
Benefits paid	(169,000)	(22,000)
	(207,000)	(22,000)
Closing defined benefit obligation	3,629,000	3,668,000
Cioonig definied beliefff Ooligadoli	5,027,000	

For the year ended 31 March 2012

Pension commitments (continued)		
Changes in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Opening fair value of scheme assets 4,39.	5,000	3,978,000
Expected return 23	0,000	209,000
Actuarial gains and (losses) 20	9,000	(66,000)
Contributions by employer 41	9,000	296,000
	9,000)	(22,000)
Closing fair value of plan assets at 31 March 5,08	4,000	4,395,000

The cumulative amount of actuarial gains and losses recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses was f(822,860) (2011 - f(19,920))

The group expects to contribute £150,000 to its defined benefit pension scheme in 2013

The major categories of scheme asset, as a percentage of the total plan assets, are as follows

	2012	2011
	%	%
E-man and a second	46.00	47 00
Equities and property	52.00	47 00
Bonds Cash	2.00	6 00
Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date (expressed as weight	ed averages)	
	2012	2011
	%	%
Discount rate at 31 March	5.20	5 60
Expected return on scheme assets at 31 March	4.10	5 10
Future salary increases	-	4 50
Future pension increases	3.00	3 00
Inflation assumption	3.20	3 50
Consumer price inflation	2.50	2 80

The post-retirement mortality assumptions used to value the benefit obligation at 31 March 2012 and 31 March 2011 are based on the S1PMA and S1PFA YOB table with a current year of use. Under this table the future life expectancies are 22 2 years for a male at age 65 and 24 4 years for a female at age 65 at this time.

For the year ended 31 March 2012

#### **Pension commitments (continued)**

Amounts for the current and previous four periods are as follows

Defined benefit pension schemes

Defined benefit pension senting	uçs				
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
	£	£	£	£	£
Defined benefit obligations	(3,629,000)	(3,668,000)	(3,895,000)	(2,469,000)	(2,962,000)
Scheme assets	5,084,000	4,395,000	3,978,000	2,864,000	2,822,000
Surplus/(deficit)	1,455,000	727,000	83,000	395,000	(140,000)
Experience adjustments					
on scheme liabilities	(107,000)	337,000	9,000	80,000	(148,000)
Experience adjustments					
on scheme assets	209,000	(66,000)	704,000	(671,000)	(342,000)
on scheme assets	===,	(= 5,5 5 5)			

The Barton Petroleum Limited Retirement Benefits Scheme was closed to future accrual of benefits from 30 June 2011

#### 29 Operating lease commitments

30

At 31 March 2012 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

Group	Land and buildings		
•	2012	2011	
	£	£	
Expiry date:			
After more than 5 years	46,480	41,480	
		··	
Capital commitments			
At 31 March 2012 the company had capital commitments as follows			
	2012	2011	
	£.	f.	

114,000

842,500

#### 31 Ultimate controlling related party

Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements

The directors are considered the controlling and ultimate controlling related party by virtue of their shareholding