



# Consolidated Financial Statements Barton Petroleum (Holdings)Limited

For the year ended 31 March 2008





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# Company information

**Company registration number** 

5073551

Registered office

Vaux Road

Finedon Road Industrial Estate

WELLINGBOROUGH

North ampton shire

NN8 4TG

**Directors** 

R J Burton

D J Burton

Secretary

L M Burton

**Bankers** 

HSBC Bank plc

15 High Street

MARKET HARBOROUGH

Leicestershire LE1 BB

**Solicitors** 

Howes Percival Oxford House

Cliftonville

NORTHAMPTON

NN1 5PN

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditors
Grant Thornton House
Kettering Parkway
KETTERING
Northants

NN15 6XR

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# Report of the directors

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 March 2008

### Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company. It did not trade during the year

The principal activity of the group is in the distribution of petroleum products and related activities

The directors are satisfied with the operating profits of the group for the financial year despite lower margins arising from high oil prices, and remain cautiously optimistic for the coming year

# Key performance indicators - financial

The directors' main performance indicators used to manage the critical financial aspects of the business are gross margin, volume turnover and debtor days

The gross margin showed an overall slight reduction to 5 7% from last year's 6 7% due to the continued oil price volatility and trend upwards

Debtor days are used to assist the careful management of working capital. On a year end count-back basis this measurement showed that debtors days remained consistent at 28 days

# Key performance indicators - non-financial

The directors' main non-financial performance indicators used to manage the business are greenhouse gas emissions and paper waste

The level of greenhouse gases is carefully monitored. Approximately 7.3 tonnes per annum of heating oils are omitted and 345 tonnes of road fuels are utilised.

Of the paper used within the business, 80% is recycled per annum

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £527,639 (2007 - £464,382) Dividends of £100,000 have been paid during the year

# Financial risk management objectives and policies

The group uses various financial instruments including cash, trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the group's operations. The existence of these financial instruments exposes the group to a number of financial risks which are described in more detail below.

The main risks arising from the group's financial instruments are price risk, liquidity risk and credit risk

#### Price risk

The group's exposure to price risk consists mainly of its exposure to movements in oil prices. This risk is managed by daily monitoring of the oil prices for the group's main supplier.

### Liquidity risk

The group seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably

### Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

### Credit risk

The group's principal financial assets are cash and trade debtors

In order to manage credit risk the directors set limits for customers based on a combination of payment history and third party credit references. Credit limits are reviewed by the credit controller on a regular basis in conjunction with debt ageing and collection history.

Any residual risk is covered by credit insurance

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the group during the year were as follows

R J Burton

D J Burton

### **Land and Buildings**

The directors are of the opinion that in aggregate the market value of the land and buildings is in excess of the book value

## **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom. Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the company and of the profit or loss of the group for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

### **Auditor**

Grant Thornton UK LLP offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

L M Burton
Secretary
25 Juy 2008

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# Report of the independent auditor to the members of Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements (the "financial statements") of Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2008 which comprise the principal accounting policies, consolidated profit and loss account, the balance sheets, consolidated cash flow statement, statement of total recognised gains and losses and notes 1 to 28 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.



# Report of the independent auditor to the members of Barton Petroleum (Holdings) Limited

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### **Opinion**

### In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2008 and of group's profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985,
   and
- the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

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GRANT THORNTON UK LLP REGISTERED AUDITORS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Kettering 31 July 2008

# Principal accounting policies

### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The group financial statements consolidate those of the company and its subsidiary undertaking (see note 10) drawn up to 31 March 2008 Profits or losses on intra-group transactions are eliminated in full

Where advantage can be taken of merger relief rules, shares issued as consideration for acquisitions are accounted for at nominal value

Goodwill arising on consolidation representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is capitalised and is amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated useful economic life of twenty years, as shown in note 8

#### Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the group for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT, trade discounts and intra-group sales

## **Fixed assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property

25 years

Leasehold Property

Period of lease

Plant & Machinery

2 to 16 years

Motor Vehicles

4 to 6 years

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

# Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

### Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

### **Operating lease agreements**

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

# Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company

Pension scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using a projected unit method and are discounted to their present value using an AA corporate bond rate

Pension scheme assets are valued at market value at the balance sheet date

The pension scheme deficit is recognised in full on the balance sheet

The deferred tax relating to a defined benefit liability is offset against the defined benefit liability and not included with other deferred tax assets or liabilities

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, except that deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

# Consolidated profit and loss account

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Turnover	1	78,353,070	63,684,648
Cost of sales		73,913,951	59,407,342
Gross profit		4,439,119	4,277,306
Other operating charges	2	3,873,883	3,655,506
Operating profit	3	565,236	621,800
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	122,028 (23,023)	100,775 (57,431)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		664,241	665,144
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	136,602	200,762
Profit for the financial year	21	527,639	464,382

All of the activities of the group are classed as continuing

The company has taken advantage of section 230 of the Companies Act 1985 not to publish its own Profit and Loss Account The company did not trade during the year

# Consolidated balance sheet

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	8	369,636	392,738
Tangible assets	9	2,704,917	2,766,752
		3,074,553	3,159,490
Current assets	11	886,908	612,158
Stocks Debtors	12	9,543,038	6,936,720
Cash at bank and in hand	12	2,972,831	3,826,370
		13,402,777	11,375,248
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	9,952,356	8,119,345
Net current assets		3,450,421	3,255,903
Total assets less current liabilities		6,524,974	6,415,393
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	116,221	224,659
		6,408,753	6,190,734
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation	16	55,000	123,500
Net assets excluding pension liability		6,353,753	6,067,234
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	17	101,820	76,700
•		6,251,933	5,990,534
Capital and reserves Called-up equity share capital Other reserves Profit and loss account Shareholders' funds	19 20 21 22	50 50 6,251,833 6,251,933	50 50 5,990,434 5,990,534
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These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 25 July 2008 and are signed on their behalf by

R J Burton

D J Burton-

# Company balance sheet

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Fixed assets	10	793,780	793,780
Investments	10	793,760	193,700
Current assets			
Stocks	11	-	-
Debtors due within one year	12	-	-
Debtors due after one year	12	-	-
Cash at bank and in hand			
		-	-
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	-	-
Net current assets	•	-	
Total assets less current liabilities		793,780	793,780
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	793,730	793,730
Provisions for liabilities Deferred taxation	16	_	-
	17	_	_
Pension liability	17		
		50	50
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	19	50	50
Profit and loss account	20	<del>-</del>	-
Shareholders' funds		50	50

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 25 July 2008 and are signed on their behalf by

R J Burton

D J Burton

# Consolidated cash flow statement

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	23	(218,541)	1,528,453
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance leases and hire purchase	<b>.</b>	122,028 (2) (25,021)	100,775 (65) (15,366) 85,344
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of Taxation	t finance	97,005 (207,867)	(254,975)
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of fixed assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure		(121,169) 9,211 (111,958)	(559,602) 35,501 (524,101)
Equity dividends paid		(100,000)	-
Financing Capital element of finance leases and hire purchase Net cash outflow from financing		(312,178) (312,178)	(196,031) (196,031)
(Decrease)/increase in cash	24	(853,539)	638,690

# Other primary statements

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses

	2008	2007
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	527,639	464,382
Actuarial (loss)/gain in respect of defined benefit pension scheme	(227,000)	699,000
Deferred tax in respect of defined benefit pension scheme	60,760	(209,700)
Total recognised gains and losses for the year	361,399	953,682
Total gains and losses recognised since the last financial statements	361,399	953,682

4,725

8,500

# Notes to the financial statements

### 1 Turnover

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The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the principal activity of the group as stated in the Report of the Directors

# 2 Other operating charges

	2008 £	2007 £
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	1,738,498 2,135,385	1,522,076 2,133,430
	3,873,883	3,655,506
Operating profit  Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)		
	2008 £	2007 £
Depreciation of owned fixed assets  Depreciation of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase	288,348	329,045
agreements	145,566	82,165
Amortisation of goodwill Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditor's remuneration	23,102 (5,675)	23,102 (26,067)
Audit fees	20,210	19,700
Other	4,725	8,500
Operating lease costs Other	41,800	41,800
Auditor's remuneration - other fees		
- Taxation services - Accountancy services	3,150 1,575	5,000 3,500
-	<del></del>	

# 4 Directors and employees

The average number of persons employed by the group during the financial year, including the directors, was as follows

	2008	2007
Administration	34	34
Distribution and workshop	42	39
	76	73
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were	2008	2007
	£	£
Wages and salaries	2,174,476	2,087,910
Social security costs	231,663	224,952
Other pension costs	255,735	256,131
	2,661,874	2,568,993

Other pension costs are amounts charged to operating profit and do not include amounts charged to finance costs (see note 6) and amounts recognised in the statement of recognised gains and losses

### 5 Directors

Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows

	2008	2007
	£	£
Emoluments receivable	79,045	76,949
Pension scheme contributions	13,320	13,320
	92,365	90,269
Emoluments of highest paid director		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Total emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	79,045	76,949
The number of directors who accrued benefits under group pension schemes v	vas as follows	
	2008	2007
	No	No
Defined benefit schemes	1	1

#### Interest payable and similar charges 6

	2008	2007
	£	£
Interest payable on bank borrowing	2	65
Finance charges	25,021	15,366
Pension scheme finance costs	(2,000)	42,000
	23,023	57,431
Taxation on ordinary activities		
(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Current tax		
In respect of the year		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 30% (2007 - 30%)	160,355	218,000
Over provision in prior year	(10,133)	(4,938)
Total current tax	150,222	213,062
Deferred tax		
Reduction in tax rate	(8,200)	-
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(5,420)	(12,300)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	136,602	200,762
(b) Factors affecting current tax charge		

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2007 - 30%)

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	664,241	665,144
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the rate of tax	199,272	199,543
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	9,627	12,484
Depreciation charge for the period compared to capital allowances	18,902	(1,989)
Marginal relief	(8,646)	(15,768)
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(10,133)	(4,938)
Defined benefit scheme operating charges adjustment for tax purposes	(58,800)	16,800
Other timing differences	-	6,930
Total current tax (note 7(a))	150,222	213,062

# Intangible fixed assets

The	Group
-----	-------

	Goodwill on consolidation
Cost At 1 April 2007 and at 31 March 2008	462,044
Amortisation	69,306
At 1 April 2007 Provided in the year	23,102
At 31 March 2008	92,408
Net book value At 31 March 2008	369,636
At 31 March 2007	392,738

There were no intangible fixed assets recognised by the company at 31 March 2008 and 31 March 2007

#### 9 **Tangible fixed assets**

The	Group

The Group	Freehold Property £	Leasehold Property £	Plant & Machinery £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
Cost	1 517 220	114 600	702 450	2,544,764	4,960,066
At 1 April 2007	1,517,228	114,622	783,452	, ,	
Additions	14,654	-	111,000	249,961	375,615
Disposals		<u> </u>	(12,422)	(163,445)	(175,867)
At 31 March 2008	1,531,882	114,622	882,030	2,631,280	5,159,814
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2007	113,790	80,999	533,222	1,465,303	2,193,314
Charge for the year	25,675	3,553	52,867	351,819	433,914
On disposals	-	-	(9,885)	(162,446)	(172,331)
At 31 March 2008	139,465	84,552	576,204	1,654,676	2,454,897
Net book value					
At 31 March 2008	1,392,417	30,070	305,826	976,604	2,704,917
At 31 March 2007	1,403,438	33,623	250,230	1,079,461	2,766,752

Included within the net book value of £2,704,917 is £689,017 (2007 - £580,137) relating to assets held under finance leases and hire purchase agreements. The depreciation charged to the financial statements in the year in respect of such assets amounted to £145,566 (2007 - £82,165)

The company had no fixed assets at 31 March 2008 or 31 March 2007

# 10 Investments

Shares in	Company
group	
undertakings	
£	

Net book value at 31 March 2007 and 31 March 2008

793,780

At 31 March 2008 the company held more than 20% of a class of the allotted equity share capital of the following

	Country of	Class of share	Proportion	Nature of	Capital and	Profit for the financial
	registration	capital held	held	busmess	reserves £	year £
Barton Petroleum Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Distribution of petroleum products	5,786,111	441,879
FW Abbott Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Maintenance and repair of commercial vehicles	889,916	108,862

# 11 Stocks

	The group		The company	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	£	£	£	£
Goods for resale	886,908 ———	612,158		<u>-</u>

# 12 Debtors

		The group	The	company
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	8,878,615	6,516,750	-	-
Other debtors	-	432	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	664,423	419,538	<u>-</u>	
	9,543,038	6,936,720		<del>-</del>

# 13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		The group	The	e company
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	£	£	£	£
Trade creditors	9,159,463	7,083,276	-	_
Corporation tax	160,355	218,000	-	-
Other taxation and social security	109,797	125,756	-	-
Amounts due under finance leases and hire				
purchase agreements	273,241	222,535	-	-
Other creditors	13,130	251,153	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	236,370	218,625	-	-
	9,952,356	8,119,345		_

# 14 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		The group	7	The company
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	£	£	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts due under finance leases and hire	-	-	793,730	793,730
purchase agreements	116,221	224,659		

# 15 Commitments under finance leases and hire purchase agreements

Future commitments under finance leases and hire purchase agreements are as follows

	The group		The company	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	£	£	£	£
Amounts payable within 1 year	273,241	222,527	-	-
Amounts payable between 1 and 2 years	108,483	187,714	-	-
Amounts payable between 3 and 5 years	7,738	36,953		
	389,462	447,194	-	

# 16 Deferred taxation

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was

The Group	2008	2007
<b>-</b>	£	£
Provision brought forward	123,500	119,000
Profit and loss account movement arising during the year	(68,500)	4,500
Provision carried forward	55,000	123,500

2007

2006

### **Deferred taxation (continued)**

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

	2008 £.	2007 £.
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets Reduction in tax rate	63,200 (8,200)	123,500
	55,000	123,500

### 17 Pension commitments

### **Defined Contribution Pension Scheme**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for the benefit of the employees. The assets of the scheme are administered by trustees in funds independent from those of the company

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Scheme**

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are administered by trustees in a fund independent from the assets of the company.

Pension contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit credit method. A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 6 April 2004 and updated at 31 March 2008. The main assumptions used by the actuary were

	2008	2007	2000
	%	%	%
Rate of increase in salaries	4 6	43	4 5
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	3 6	3 3	3 4
Discount rate	6 2	5 3	49
Inflation assumption	3 6	3 3	30

The fair value of the scheme assets and the expected rate of return, the present value of the scheme liabilities and the resulting deficit are

		2008		2007		2006
	Long- term rate of return expected	Value	Long- term rate of return expected	Value	Long- term rate of return expected	Value
	%	£	%	£	%	£
Equities Bonds Cash	6.2 4.6 5.0	1,654,000 968,000 200,000	6 2 4 5 4 5	1,678,000 914,000	5 0 4 7 4 0	888,000 1,241,000 268,000
Total market value of assets Present value of scheme lial		2,822,000 (2,962,000)		2,592,000 (2,701,000)		2,397,000 (3,149,000)
Deficit in the scheme Related deferred tax asset		(140,000) 38,180		(109,000) 32,300		(752,000) 225,200
Net pension liability		(101,820)		(76,700)		(526,800)

# 17 Pension commitments (continued)

An analysis of the movements in deficit during the year are shown below

	2008 £	2007 £
At 1 April 2007 Total operating charge	(109,000) (227,000)	(752,000) (220,000)
Total other finance costs Actuarial (loss)/gain recognised in the statement of total	2,000	(42,000)
recognised gains and losses Contributions	(227,000) 421,000	699,000 206,000
At 31 March 2008	(140,000)	(109,000)
An analysis of the defined benefit cost follows		
Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit		
	2008	2007
Current service cost	(227,000)	(220,000)
Total operating charge	(227,000)	(220,000)
Analysis of the amount charged to finance costs		
	2008 £	2007 £
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	151,000 (149,000)	112,000 (154,000)
Total finance costs	2,000	(42,000)
Analysis of the amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and	d losses	
	2008 £	2007 £
Actual return less expected and actual return on pension scheme assets	(342,000)	105,000
Experience (losses)/gains arising from scheme liabilities Gain arising from changes in assumptions underlying the	(148,000)	195,000
present value of scheme liabilities	263,000	399,000
Actuarial (loss)/gain	(227,000)	699,000

# 17 Pension commitments (continued)

A history of experience gains and losses is shown below

	2008	2007	2006	2005
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets - amount (f) - % of scheme assets	(342,000) (12)	105,000 4	145,000 6	(15,000) (1)
Experience (losses)/gains on scheme liabilities				
<ul><li>amount (£)</li><li>% of the present value of scheme</li></ul>	(148,000)	195,000	(89,000)	108,000
habilities 1	(5)	7	(3)	4
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses - amount (£)	(227,000)	699,000	(264,000)	47,000
<ul> <li>% of the present value of scheme liabilities</li> </ul>	(8)	26	(8)	2

# 18 Leasing commitments

At 31 March 2008 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

2008	2007
Land &	Land &
Buildings	Buildings
£	£
41,480	41,480
41,480	41,480
	Land & Buildings £

The company did not have any annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as at 31 March 2008 and 31 March 2007

19	Share capital				
(3					
	Authorised share capital			2008	2007
				£	£ 50
	50 Ordinary shares of £1 each			50	50
	Allotted, called up and fully paid				
		2008		200	7
		No	£	No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	50	50	_50	50
	Equity shares				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>	50	50
20	Other reserves				
	The Group				
				2008 £	2007 £
	Capital redemption reserve			50	~ 50
	•				
	The company had no other reserves at 31 March 20	008 or 31 March	2007		
21	Profit and loss account				
	The Group			2008	2007
				£	£
	Balance brought forward Profit for the financial year			5,990,434 527,639	5,036,752 464,382
	Defined pension benefit scheme			(166,240)	489,300
	Equity dividends			(100,000)	
	Balance carried forward			6,251,833	5,990,434
	The Company				
				2008	2007
	Balance brought forward			£	£
	Profit for the financial year			100,000	-
	Equity dividends			(100,000)	<u> </u>
	Balance carried forward			_	-

# 22 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

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Profit for the financial year Defined benefit pension scheme Equity dividends paid	2008 £ 527,639 (166,240) (100,000)	464,38 489,30
Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	261,399 5,990,534	953,68 5,036,85
Closing shareholders' funds	6,251,933	5,990,53
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
	2008	200
0	£ 565,236	621,80
Operating profit Depreciation	433,914	411,2
Amortisation	23,102	23,1
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(5,675)	(26,0
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(274,750)	154,6
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(2,606,318)	710,4
Încrease/(decrease)ın creditors	1,839,950	(380,6
Provision for service cost of defined benefit pension scheme	227,000	220,0
Defined benefit pension scheme contributions paid	(421,000)	(206,0
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(218,541)	1,528,4
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds		
	2008	20
	£	
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period	(853,539)	638,6
Cash outflow in respect of finance leases and hire purchase	312,178	196,0
Change in net funds resulting from cash flows	(541,361)	834,7
New finance leases	(254,446)	(472,6
Movement in net funds in the period	( <del>795,807</del> )	362,1
Net funds at 1 April 2007	3,379,176	3,017,0

# 25 Analysis of changes in net funds

	At 1 Apr 2007 £	Cash flows	Other changes	At 31 Mar 2008 £
Net cash Cash in hand and at bank	3,826,370	(853,539)	-	(2,972,831)
Debt Finance leases and hire purchase agreements	(447,194)	57,732	-	(389,462)
Net funds	3,379,176	(795,807)		2,583,369

# 26 Capital commitments

Amounts contracted for but not provided in the financial statements amounted to £ 320,000 (2007 - £220,000)

# 27 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 March 2008 or 31 March 2007

# 28 Ultimate parent company

The directors were the group and company's controlling related party at 31 March 2008 by virtue of their shareholdings