

A & D FRUITERERS LTD

Company Number : 04985283

Filleted Accounts

31 December 2017

BILLUR & CO
ACCOUNTANT
303C GREEN LANES
PALMERS GREEN
LONDON , N13 4XS

A & D FRUITERS LTD**Registered number:** 04985283**Balance Sheet****as at 31 December 2017**

	Notes	2017	2016
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	1,028	1,370
Current assets			
Stocks		1,184	470
Debtors	3	5,855	5,735
Cash at bank and in hand		5,012	6,609
		<u>12,051</u>	<u>12,814</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(2,712)	(2,385)
Net current assets		<u>9,339</u>	<u>10,429</u>
Net assets		<u>10,367</u>	<u>11,799</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		10,366	11,798
Shareholder's funds		<u>10,367</u>	<u>11,799</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

MR B KIRAN

Director

Approved by the board on 5 September 2018

A & D FRUITERS LTD

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

Investments

Investments in unquoted equity instruments are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 January 2017	1,897	4,000	5,897
At 31 December 2017	1,897	4,000	5,897
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2017	1,793	2,734	4,527
Charge for the year	26	316	342
At 31 December 2017	1,819	3,050	4,869
Net book value			
At 31 December 2017	78	950	1,028
At 31 December 2016	104	1,266	1,370

3 Debtors	2017	2016
	£	£
VAT Accounts	540	316
Rent Prepayment	3,375	3,375
Prepaid expenses	1,940	2,044
	<u>5,855</u>	<u>5,735</u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
	£	£
Corporation tax	1,425	1,046
Other taxes and social security costs	162	239
Other creditors	1,125	1,100
	<u>2,712</u>	<u>2,385</u>

5 Other information

A & D FRUITERERS LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

6 BITTACY HILL
HOLDERS HILL CIRCUS
LONDON
NW7 1LB

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