Flagships Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2018



Contents

•	Page
Directors report	3
Statement of comprehensive income	6
Balance sheet	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes forming part of the financial statements	9

Directors

Alan Bekhor

Registered Office

Millbank Tower 21-24 Millbank London SW1P 4QP

Directors' report

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018. The report has been prepared in accordance with the provision applicable to companies entitled to the small companies' exemptions, including the exemption to produce a strategic report.

Principal activities and business model

The Company was dormant during the year. Following the disposal of its owned vessel, the Company ceased trading on 21 December 2016. Accordingly, these financial statements are not prepared on a going concern basis.

Financial review

The Company's key financial and other performance indicators during the period were as follows:

	31 Dec 2018 \$'000	31 Dec 2017 \$'000
Turnover	-	-
Total operating profit / (loss)	(227)	158

The Company made a loss for the year, after taxation, of \$227 (31 December 2017 profit of: \$158,593).

Directors of the company

Alan Bekhor served as a director throughout the year.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The Company has put in place qualifying third party indemnity provisions for all the directors of the Company which was in force at the date the date of approval of this report.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (31 December 2017: \$nil).

Going Concern

As explained in note 1, the company ceased trading on 21 December 2016. The financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern which includes, where appropriate, writing down the company's net assets to net realisable value.

As of 21 December 2016 the company became dormant.

Directors' report

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" ("FRS 101") and applicable law. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approval

This directors' report was approved by order of the Board on 7 September 2019.

A Bekhor Director

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	31 Dec <u>2018</u> \$	31 Dec <u>2017</u> \$
Administrative expenses	3	(227)	157,593
Profit / (loss) before taxation		(227)	157,593
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities			
Profit / (loss) after taxation		(227)	157,593
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	
Total comprehensive profit / (loss)		(227)	157,593

The total comprehensive loss for both years was wholly attributable to owners of the company.

The notes on pages 8 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2018

	Note	31 Dec <u>2018</u> \$	31 Dec 2017 \$
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand Debtors due within one year	4 -	- - 	223
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5 _	(4)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net current (liabilities) / assets	-	(4)	223
Net (liabilities) / assets	-	(4)	223
Capital and reserves	•		
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	7 8 _	2 (6)	2 221
Shareholders' (deficit) / funds	=	(4)	223

For the year ending 31 December 2018, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies' subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on J September 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Share <u>capital</u> \$	Retained <u>earnings</u> \$	<u>Total</u> \$
Balance at 1 January 2018	2	221	223
Profit for the financial year	-	(227)	(227)
Balance at 31 December 2018	2	(6)	(4)
Balance at 1 January 2017	2	(157,372)	(157,370)
Profit for the financial year	-	157,593	157,593
Balance at 31 December 2017	2	221	223

There was no other comprehensive income during the period.

Notes to financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2018

1. Accounting policies

The Company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England. The address of its registered office is disclosed on page 2.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 100 Application of Financial Reporting Requirements and Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework. The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. The policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The financial statements are stated in U.S. Dollars, being the functional and presentational currency of the Company.

Disclosure exemptions adopted

In preparing these financial statements the Company has taken advantage of all disclosure exemptions conferred by FRS 101. Therefore these financial statements do not include:

- certain comparative information as otherwise required by EU endorsed IFRS;
- certain disclosures regarding the Company's capital;
- a statement of cash flows;
- the effect of future accounting standards not yet adopted;
- the disclosure of the remuneration of key management personnel; and
- disclosure of related party transactions with other companies under common ownership and control.

Judgements and key areas of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Company's directors to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas where significant judgments and estimates have been made in preparing the financial statements and their effect are disclosed in note 2.

Going concern

The company has ceased trading during the year. The financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern.

(b) Taxation

The Company is resident in the United Kingdom and is subject to UK corporation tax.

2. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Company makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under

Notes to financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2018

the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Judgements

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the management is of the opinion that there are no critical judgments involved that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

3. Expenses by nature

		31 Dec <u>2018</u> \$	31 Dec <u>2017</u> \$
	Other costs	227	(157,593)
4.	Cash at bank and in hand		
		31 Dec <u>2018</u> \$	31 Dec <u>2017</u> \$
	Cash at bank		223
		-	223
5.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		31 Dec <u>2018</u> \$	31 Dec <u>2017</u> \$
	Bank overdraft	4	
		4	-
6.	Share capital		
		31 Dec <u>2018</u> \$	31 Dec <u>2017</u> \$
	Authorised 1 ordinary share of £1 each	2	2
	Allotted, called-up and fully paid 1 ordinary share of £1 each	. 2	2

Notes to financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2018

7. Reserves

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within equity:

Reserve	Description and purpose
Share capital	Nominal value of share capital subscribed for.
Retained earnings	All other net gains and losses and transactions with owners (e.g. dividends) not recognised elsewhere.

8. Ultimate parent company and control

The company is controlled by Mr Alan Bekhor.