SCOUT MOOR WIND FARM LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Stephen Klein

Robert de Laszlo Emma Tinker

Steven Underwood A C A

Secretary Neil Lees A C I S

Company number 4956455

Registered office Peel Dome

The Trafford Centre

Manchester M17 8PL

Auditors Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Manchester United Kingdom

Bankers Barclays Bank plc

Valuers JWH Ross & Co Ltd

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is to operate Scout Moor Wind Farm

On 29 January 2010, as part of a group restructuring, 50% of the share capital of Peel Holdings (Wind Power) Limited, of which the company is a wholly owned subsidiary, was sold to Scout Moor Acquisitions Limited, a company owned by HgCapital On 11 February 2010, by special resolution duly passed, Peel Holdings (Wind Power) Limited changed its name to Scout Moor Group Limited

Electricity income generated by the wind turbines at Scout Moor Wind Farm was £13 95 million (2009 £7 05 million) Profit before tax for the year to 31 March 2010 was £2 53 million, a decrease of £2 09 million compared with the prior year (2009 £4 62 million) Average wind speed for the 12 months to 31 March 2010 was 7 18 m/s (3 months to 31 March 2009 when the wind farm was operational 8 4 m/s) Future income is dependent upon output of electricity Management monitor and seek to maximise the key performance indicators of turbine availability and site availability

The directors believe that the financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that current and future sources of funding or support will be more than adequate for the company's needs. In the event that additional funds are needed to support the company, subject to the project being commercial on a long term basis, the directors would seek to procure and are confident that they would be able to secure any necessary funding from the parent companies. The directors have considered a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements considering all reasonable fluctuations in the forecast assumptions and currently forecast that the company is commercial on a long term basis.

Risks and uncertainties

The principal aim of the company is to maximise long term results whilst minimising risks. Responsibility for the management of each key risk is clearly identified and delegated by the directors to specific senior staff within the company. The directors consider the following to be the major risks affecting the company.

- economic cycles, including contracts with customers,
- availability of finance,
- interest rates,
- wind resource,
- electricity prices, and
- ability to provide electricity generation services

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6

No dividend has been paid for the year (2009 £nil)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

Directors

Except where stated, the following directors have held office since 1 April 2009

John Whittaker (Resigned 29 January 2010) Andrew Simpson (Resigned 9 October 2009) Paul Wainscott A C I S (Resigned 29 January 2010) Steven Underwood A C A (Resigned 29 January 2010) Neil Lees A C I S (Resigned 29 January 2010) Richard Michaelson (Resigned 30 July 2010) Stephen Klein (Appointed 29 January 2010) Robert de Laszlo (Appointed 29 January 2010) Emma Tinker (Appointed 29 January 2010) Steven Underwood A C A (Appointed 30 July 2010)

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint the auditors, Deloitte LLP, will be submitted to the Annual General Meeting

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- (a) so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

On behalf of the board

Steven Underwood A C A

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Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SCOUT MOOR WIND FARM LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Scout Moor Wind Farm Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 17 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF SCOUT MOOR WIND FARM LIMITED

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Alan Fendall (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

30 September 2010

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Manchester United Kingdom

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

13,951 (6,675) 7,276	7,046 (1,854) ————————————————————————————————————
7,276	5,192
6	206
(4,749)	(776)
2,533	4,622
(76)	(1,307)
2,457	3,315
	(76)

All of the above results derive from continuing activities

There is no material difference between the results as reported and on a historical cost basis

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

	Notes	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Profit for the financial year		2,457	3,315
Unrealised (deficit)/surplus on revaluation of operational assets	7	(4,364)	10,000
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		(1,907)	13,315
Note of historical cost profits an	d losses	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Reported profit on ordinary activities before tax	ation	2,533	4,622
Difference between an historical cost depreciation of the actual depreciation charge of the year calculate	_		
revalued amount		1,816	(267)
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before	re taxation	<u>4,349</u>	4,355
Historical cost profit for the year retained after textraordinary items and dividends	axation,	4,273	3,048

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2010

		20	10	20	09
	Notes	£,000	£.000	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		110,000		117,000
Current assets					
Debtors	8	4,689		6,011	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,982		2,585	
		12,671		8,596	
Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	9	(21,721)		(22,760)	
Net current liabilities			(9,050)		(14,164)
Total assets less current liabilities			100,950		102,836
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(48,641)		(48,789)
Provisions for liabilities	11		(1,410)		(1,241)
Net assets			50,899		52,806
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		1,400		1,400
Revaluation reserve	13		44,058		48,422
Profit and loss account	13		5,441		2,984
Shareholders' funds	14		50,899		52,806

The financial statements of Scout Moor Wind Farm Limited, registered number 4956455, were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2010

Steven Underwood A C A

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention and basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of operational fixed assets

The directors believe that the financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that current and future sources of funding or support will be more than adequate for the company's needs. In the event that additional funds are needed to support the company, subject to the project being commercial on a long term basis, the directors would seek to procure and are confident that they would be able to secure any necessary funding from the parent companies. The directors have considered a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements considering all reasonable fluctuations in the forecast assumptions and currently forecast that the company is commercial on a long term basis.

As permitted by Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised) "Cash Flow Statements", the company has not prepared a cash flow statement as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Scout Moor Group Limited Scout Moor Group Limited is a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales which produces group financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, which include a consolidated group cash flow statement

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Law and Accounting Standards, which have been applied consistently throughout the year and preceeding year

1.3 Turnover

The turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom Turnover is recognised on supply of electricity generated by the wind farm

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

Accounting policies

(continued)

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Land, buildings and wind turbines held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, are stated in the balance sheet at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent depreciation and impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is credited to the unrealised revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously charged to the profit and loss account, in which case the increase is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is charged to the profit and loss account to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset

Depreciation on revalued wind turbines is charged to the profit and loss account over 25 years. This is a change in accounting policy compared with the prior year where depreciation was charged over 16 years. The resulting adjustment to the valuation of fixed assets has been accounted for as a revaluation. On the subsequent disposal of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the revaluation reserve is transferred to the profit and loss reserve. No depreciation is charged on assets under the course of construction.

1.5 Taxation

Corporation tax payable is provided on taxable profits at the current rate

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

1.6 Derivative financial instruments

The company uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to interest rate movements. The company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. The interest is accounted for on an accruals basis.

17 Interest

Interest directly attributable to assets in the course of development and other fixed assets is included in the cost thereof. Interest is calculated on a simple interest basis without allowing for any tax relief thereon.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

1 Accounting policies

(continued)

1.8 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" and has not disclosed details of transactions with fellow wholly owned undertakings within the Scout Moor Group Limited group of companies

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom

3	Operating profit	2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	4,670	748
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	annual accounts	10	-

The auditors' remuneration of £1,000 for audit work was borne by another group company for the prior year. No remuneration was paid in respect of non-audit services in the year or the prior year.

4	Interest receivable and similar income	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Amounts from group undertakings	-	97
	Bank interest	6	15
	Other interest	-	94
		6	206
5	Interest payable and similar charges	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	On amounts payable to group companies	1,001	-
	On loans repayable after five years	3,733	3,289
	Other interest	15	-
		4,749	3,289
	Less interest capitalised	•	(2,513)
		4,749	776

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

Taxation		2010	2009
	Note	£'000	£'000
UK corporation tax		/==\	
Adjustment for prior years		(66)	-
Group relief received		(27)	
Current tax (credit)/charge		(93)	66
Deferred tax			
Origination and reversal of timing differences		169	-
Deferred tax adjustments arising in previous periods	11	-	1,241
		169	1,241
Tax charge for the year		76	1,307
Factors affecting the current tax (credit)/charge for the Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	e year	2,533	4,622
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by str UK corporation tax of 28 00% (2009-28 00%)	andard rate of	709	1,294
011 001 policilo (1010 1010 (2000 20 0076)			
Effects of			
(Non-taxable income)/non-deductible expenses		(107)	108
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation		(915)	(131)
Adjustments to previous periods		(66)	(704)
Movement in short term timing differences Tax losses carried forward		- 286	(704) (501)
		(802)	(1,228)
Current tax (credit)/charge		(93)	66

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

jible fixed assets	Wind farm
	-
	£,000
or valuation	
April 2009	117,748
tions	2,034
aluation	(4,364)
March 2010	115,418
reciation	
April 2009	748
ge for the year	4,670
l M arch 2010	5,418
book value	
March 2010	110,000
March 2009	117,000
	or valuation April 2009 tions fluation March 2010 reciation April 2009 ge for the year March 2010 pook value March 2010

A professional valuation was carried out at 31 March 2010 by JWH Ross & Co Ltd, Property Consultants and Surveyors, on the basis of open market value on the operational fixed asset which the directors believe is equivalent to the current replacement cost

The historical cost of the asset at 31 March 2010 is £71 36 million (2009 £69 33 million) No deferred tax has been provided on the revaluation of the wind farm

Capitalised interest of £4 25 million (2009 £4 25 million) is included in the net book value

8	Debtors	2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors	•	1,141
	Amounts owed by parent and fellow associated undertakings	28	1,096
	Other debtors	65	65
	Prepaid development costs	-	3
	Prepayments and accrued income	4,596	3,706
		4,689	6,011
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts	8,021	8,348
	Trade creditors	16	405
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow associated undertakings	11,533	5,814
	Other creditors	2	-
	Accruals and deferred income	2,149	8,193
		21,721	22,760
10	Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Bank loans	48,641	48,789
			
	Analysis of loans		
	Not wholly repayable within five years by instalments	-	23,729
	Wholly repayable within five years	48,641	25,060
		48,641 ————	48,789
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than one year but not more than two years	5,702	8,039
	In more than two years but not more than five years	42,939	17,021
	In more than five years	-	23,729

The bank loans are secured by a legal charge on Scout Moor Wind Farm and bear interest at LIBOR plus an applicable margin

The company has an interest rate swap contract of £64.4 million at the rate of 5.13%, the agreement matures 31 December 2022. The fair value of the company's interest rate swap at 31 March 2010 was a liability of £5.52 million (2009. \pm 5.88 million)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

11	Provisions for liabilities		
			Deferred tax
			liability £'000
			£ 000
	Balance at 1 April 2009		1,241
	Profit and loss account		169
	Balance at 31 March 2010		1,410
	The deferred tax liability is made up as follows:		
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	1,035	1,241
	Trading losses	(734)	-
	Capitalised interest	1,109	-
		1,410	1,241
			
12	Share capital	2010	2009
12	Share capital	£'000	£'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	2000	2000
	1,400,002 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,400	1,400
	, ,		
13	Statement of movements on reserves		
		Revaluation	Profit and
		reserve	ioss
			account
		£'000	£'000
	Balance at 1 April 2009	48,422	2,984
	Profit for the year	-	2,457
	Revaluation during the year	(4,364)	-
	Balance at 31 March 2010	44,058	5,441
	Dalatice at 31 Watch 2010	44,008	J,44 I

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

14	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Profit for the financial year	2,457	3,315
	Other recognised gains and losses	(4,364)	10,000
	Prior year adjustment	-	25
	Net (depletion in)/addition to shareholders' funds	(1,907)	13,339
	Opening shareholders' funds	52,806	39,466
	Closing shareholders' funds	50,899	52,806

15 Employees

There were no employees during the year or the prior year apart from the directors

No director received any remuneration for their services to the company (2009 £nil)

16 Control

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Scout Moor Group Limited, whose share capital is owned equally under a join venture agreement between Peel Holdings Wind Power (IOM) Limited and Scout Moor Acquisitions Limited Scout Moor Acquisitions Limited is 100% owned by HgCapital

The largest and smallest group of companies, of which the company is a member, that produces consolidated accounts is Scout Moor Group Limited, a company incorporated in England. Its group accounts are available from the Company Secretary, Peel Dome, The Trafford Centre, Manchester, M17 8PL

17 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" and has not disclosed details of transactions with fellow wholly owned undertakings within the Scout Moor Group Limited group of companies

During the year, management fees totalling £75,000 were charged to the company by Peel Holdings Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Tokenhouse Holdings Limited group of companies. At the year end, £75,000 was payable to Peel Holdings Limited. There were no transactions during the year with related parties in the HgCapital group of companies.