#### Company Registration No 04956455 (England and Wales)

# SCOUT MOOR WIND FARM LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011



#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors David Muir Miller

Robert de Laszlo Emma Tinker

Steven Underwood A C A

Secretary Neil Lees A C I S

Company number 04956455

Registered office Peel Dome

The Trafford Centre

Manchester M17 8PL

Auditors Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Manchester United Kingdom

Bankers Barclays Bank plc

Valuers JWH Ross & Co Ltd

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is to operate Scout Moor Wind Farm

Electricity income generated by the wind turbines at Scout Moor Wind Farm was £11 56 million (2010 £13 95 million). Profit before tax for the year to 31 March 2011 was £0 50 million, a decrease of £2 03 million compared with the prior year (2010 £2 53 million). Average wind speed for the 12 months to 31 March 2011 was 7 63 m/s (2010 7 18 m/s), however, the year ended 31 March 2011 saw a record low level of wind and this is reflected in the reduction in turnover on the previous year. Future income is dependent upon output of electricity. Management monitor and seek to maximise the key performance indicators of turbine availability and site availability.

#### Going concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the statement of accounting policies in note 1 of the financial statements

#### Risks and uncertainties

The principal aim of the company is to maximise long term results whilst minimising risks. Responsibility for the management of each key risk is clearly identified and delegated by the directors to specific senior staff within the company. The directors consider the following to be the major risks affecting the company.

- economic cycles, including contracts with customers,
- availability of finance,
- interest rates.
- wind resource.
- electricity prices, and
- ability to provide electricity generation services

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6
The financial position at 31 March 2011 is set out on page 8

No dividend has been paid for the year (2010 £nil)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

#### **Directors**

Except where stated, the following directors have held office since 1 April 2010

David Muir Miller Richard Michaelson (Appointed 19 January 2011) (Resigned 30 July 2010)

Stephen Klein

(Resigned 24 December 2010)

Robert de Laszlo

Emma Tınker

Steven Underwood A C A

(Appointed 30 July 2010)

#### **Auditors**

A resolution to re-appoint the auditors, Deloitte LLP, will be submitted to the Annual General Meeting

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- (a) so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

By order of the board

Neil Lees A C I S

Secretary

27 September 2011

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF SCOUT MOOR WIND FARM LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Scout Moor Wind Farm Limited for the year ended 31 March 2011 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the note of historical cost profit and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 17 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF SCOUT MOOR WIND FARM LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Alan Fendall (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Manchester United Kingdom

29 Septem 2011

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

-			
		2011	2010
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Turnover	2	11,556	13,951
Direct costs		(6,430)	(6,675)
Operating profit	3	5,126	7,276
Interest receivable and similar income	4	7	6
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(4,633)	(4,749)
Profit on ordinary activities before			
taxation		500	2,533
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(1,925)	(76)
(Loss)/profit for the year	13	(1,425)	2,457
•			

All of the above results derive from continuing activities

There is no material difference between the results as reported and on a historical cost basis

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

	Note	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(1,425)	2,457
Unrealised surplus/(deficit) on revaluation of properties	7	2,614	(4,364)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		1,189	(1,907)
		<del></del>	<del></del>
Note of historical cost profits and	losses		
		2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	on	500	2,533
Difference between an historical cost depreciation cha	•		
revalued amount		1,761 	1,816
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before t	axation	<u>2,261</u>	4,349
Historical cost profit for the year retained after tax dividends	ation and	336	4,273

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2011

		20	11	20	10
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		108,000		110,000
Current assets					
Debtors	8	3,699		4,689	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,841		7,982	
		13,540		12,671	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	9	(23,068)		(21,721)	
Net current liabilities			(9,528)		(9,050)
Total assets less current liabilities			98,472		100,950
Creditors. amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(42,939)		(48,641)
Provisions for liabilities	11		(3,445)		(1,410)
			52,088		50,899
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		1,400		1,400
Revaluation reserve	13		43,041		44,058
Profit and loss account	13		7,647		5,441
Shareholders' funds	14		52,088		50,899

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 27 September 2011

Steven Underwood A C A

Director

Company Registration No 04956455

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention and basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of operational fixed assets

The directors have received confirmation that Scout Moor Group Limited ("Group"), the group's holding company, will continue to provide the necessary level of support to enable it to continue to operate for the foreseeable future. In considering the ability of Group to provide any necessary support in the context of the uncertainties it faces as a result of the current economic climate, the directors have obtained an understanding of Group's forecasts, the continuing availability of its facilities and its strategic and contingent plans.

Taking all these factors into account the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and therefore they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts

As permitted by Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised) "Cash Flow Statements", the company has not prepared a cash flow statement as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Scout Moor Group Limited Scout Moor Group Limited is a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales which produces group financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, which include a consolidated group cash flow statement

#### 1 2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Law and Accounting Standards, which have been applied consistently throughout the year and preceeding year

#### 13 Turnover

The turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom. Turnover is recognised on supply of electricity generated by the wind farm

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

#### 1 Accounting policies

(continued)

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets include investment properties which are included in the balance sheet at their open market value and, in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19, are not depreciated or amortised unless they relate to properties with an unexpired life of 20 years or less. This departure from the Statutory Accounting Rules is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Surpluses or deficits arising from revaluation are transferred to the unrealised revaluation reserve, except that a deficit which is expected to be permanent and which is in excess of any previously recognised surplus over cost relating to the same property, or the reversal of such a deficit, is charged (or credited) to the profit and loss account. Realised revaluation surpluses representing the difference between historical cost and the asset's carrying value are reclassified by way of a transfer to profit and loss account reserve in the year in which the property disposal occurs

Properties in the course of development or practically completed but not substantially let are included in the balance sheet at cost subject to provisions if the directors consider it prudent having regard to the prevailing market conditions. Cost includes interest and directly attributable overheads whilst the property is in the course of development.

Reclassifications between investment properties, other fixed assets and stocks are made at the lower of net book value and net realisable value

Land, buildings and wind turbines held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, are stated in the balance sheet at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent depreciation and impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is credited to the unrealised revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously charged to the profit and loss account, in which case the increase is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is charged to the profit and loss account to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset

Depreciation on revalued wind turbines is charged to the profit and loss account over 25 years. The excess of depreciation charged to the profit and loss account over the historical cost depreciation charge is transferred from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve on an annual basis. On the subsequent disposal of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the revaluation reserve is transferred to the profit and loss reserve.

#### 15 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

#### 1 Accounting policies

(continued)

#### 16 Taxation

Corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to anse on sale has been recognised in the financial statements

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

#### 17 Derivative financial instruments

The company uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to interest rate movements. The company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. The interest is accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### 1.8 Interest

Interest is calculated on a simple interest basis without allowing for any tax relief thereon. Interest is charged to profit during the period to which it relates

#### 1.9 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" and has not disclosed details of transactions with fellow wholly owned undertakings within the Scout Moor Group Limited group of companies

#### 2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

3	Operating profit	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	4,614	4,670
	Operating lease rentals	322	389
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	annual accounts		10
	No remuneration was paid in respect of non-audit services in the year or the pr	ior year	
4	Interest receivable and sımılar ıncome	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Bank interest	7	6
		7	6
5	Interest payable and similar charges	2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
	On amounts payable to group companies	1,383	1,001
	On loans repayable after five years	3,250	3,733
	Other interest	-	15
		4,633	4,749

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

Taxation	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Domestic current year tax		
Adjustment for prior years	25	(66)
Receipt in respect of group relief	(135)	(27)
Total current tax credit	(110)	(93)
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	782	169
Deferred tax adjustments arising in previous periods	1,253	-
	2,035	169
	1,925	76
Factors affecting the tax credit for the year		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	500	2,533
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of		
UK corporation tax of 28 00% (2010 - 28 00%)	140	709
Effects of		
Non-deductible expenses/(non-taxable income)	772	(107)
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(1,304)	(915)
Adjustments to previous periods	25	(66)
Tax losses carried forward	257	286 
	(250)	(802)
Current tax credit for the year	(110)	(93)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

Tangible fixed assets	
	Wind farm
	£'000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2010 & at 31 March 2011	115,418
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2010	5,418
Revaluation	(2,614)
Charge for the year	4,614
At 31 March 2011	7,418
Net book value	
At 31 March 2011	108,000
At 31 March 2010	110,000

A professional valuation was carried out at 31 March 2011 by JWH Ross & Co Ltd, Property Consultants and Surveyors, on the basis of open market value on the operational fixed asset which the directors believe is equivalent to the current replacement cost

The historical cost of the asset at 31 March 2011 is £71 36 million (2010 £71 36 million) The company's wind farm has been revalued in accordance with FRS 15. It is the company's intention to retain the property for the foreseeable future. No deferred tax has been provided on the gains arising from the revaluation as such tax would only become payable if the property were sold without rollover relief being obtained. The tax which would be payable in such circumstances is estimated to be £7,664,895.

Capitalised interest of £4 25 million (2010 £4 25 million) is included in the net book value

8	Debtors	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Trade debtors	394	_
	Amounts owed by parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	199	28
	Other debtors	65	65
	Prepayments and accrued income	3,041	4,596
		3,699	4,689

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

9	Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	2011	2010
		£,000	£'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts	5,683	8,021
	Trade creditors	48	16
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	15,299	11,533
	Other creditors	-	2
	Accruals and deferred income	2,038	2,149
		23,068	21,721
10	Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Bank loans	42,939	48,641
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than one year but not more than two years	5,663	5,702
	In more than two years but not more than five years	13,397	15,447
	In more than five years	23,879	27,492

More analysis has been provided on the loan maturity for 2010 on the basis that the revised maturity reflects more accurately the timing of settlement

The bank loans are secured by a legal charge on Scout Moor Wind Farm and bear interest at LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 0 95% per annum

The company has an interest rate swap contract of £64.4 million at the fixed rate of 5.13%, the agreement matures 31 December 2022. The fair value of the company's interest rate swap at 31 March 2011 was a liability of £4.59 million (2010 £5.52 million).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

11	Provisions for liabilities		Deferred tax liability £'000
	Balance at 1 April 2010 Profit and loss account		1,410 2,035
	Balance at 31 March 2011		3,445
	The deferred tax liability is made up as follows		
		2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Accelerated capital allowances	2,940	1,035
	Tax losses available	(556)	(734)
	Other timing differences	1,061	1,109
		3,445	1,410
12	Share capital	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,400,002 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,400	1,400

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

#### 13 Statement of movements on reserves

	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account
	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April 2010 Loss for the year	44,058 -	5,441 (1,425)
Transfer from revaluation reserve to profit and loss account Revaluation during the year	(3,631) 2,614	3,631
Balance at 31 March 2011	43,041	7,647

The transfer of £3,631,405 relates to the cumulative value of depreciation charged to profit and loss in excess of historical cost charge. Included within the total of £3,631,405 is £1,870,461 in respect of prior periods.

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	(1,425)	2,457
Other recognised gains and losses	2,614	(4,364)
Net addition to/(depletion in) shareholders' funds	1,189	(1,907)
Opening shareholders' funds	50,899	52,806
Closing shareholders' funds	52,088	50,899
	(Loss)/Profit for the financial year Other recognised gains and losses  Net addition to/(depletion in) shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(Loss)/Profit for the financial year (1,425) Other recognised gains and losses 2,614  Net addition to/(depletion in) shareholders' funds 1,189 Opening shareholders' funds 50,899

#### 15 Financial commitments

The company has financial commitments under non-cancellable operating leases for land rentals. The land rentals payable are variable and linked to the level of electricity generation. The average rate in the year to 31 March 2011 was a land rental cost of 2.8% of electricity income, (2010, 2.8%).

#### 16 Employees

There were no employees during the year or the prior year apart from the directors

No director received any remuneration for their services to the company (2010 £nil)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2011

#### 17 Control

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Scout Moor Group Limited, whose share capital is owned equally under a joint venture agreement between Peel Holdings Wind Power (IOM) Limited and Scout Moor Acquisitions Limited is 100% owned by HgCapital

The largest and smallest group of companies, of which the company is a member, that produces consolidated accounts is Scout Moor Group Limited, a company incorporated in England. Its group accounts are available from the Company Secretary, Peel Dome, The Trafford Centre, Manchester, M17 8PL