BT Lease Holdings Limited

Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2016

Registered number: 4941979

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2016

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of BT Lease Holdings Limited (the "Company"), together with the financial statements and auditor's report for the year ended 31 March 2016. The registered number of the Company is 4941979.

The directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Review of activities and future developments

The Company's principal activity is that of an investment holding company within the BT Group plc group of companies. The directors do not anticipate any change in the foreseeable future.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks to which BT Group plc (the ultimate controlling entity of the Company) is exposed are also the principal matters which would create risk and uncertainty for the Company. These are managed by the directors of BT Group plc at the group level rather than at an individual business unit level. They are discussed on pages 47-56 of the group's 2016 of the annual report, which does not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators ("KPIs")

The directors of BT Group plc manage the group's operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that analysis using key performance indicators for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company.

First-time adoption of FRS 101

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2015, the Company prepared its separate financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP). The Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 are the first that the Company has prepared in accordance with FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" which involves the application of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with a reduced level of disclosure. The standard is effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying subsidiary under FRS 100. Accordingly, in the year ended 31 March 2016 the Company has undergone transition from reporting under previous UK GAAP to FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. As required by FRS 101, these financial statements include comparative FRS101 financial information for the year ended 31

Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

March 2015. FRS 101 incorporates, with limited amendments, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Results and dividends

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation was £7,846,574 (2015: loss of £54,574). The tax credit on the profit on ordinary activities was £30,685 (2015: credit of £11,461) which left a profit for the financial year of £7,877,259 (2015: loss of £43,113).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: £7,500,000).

Directors

The directors of the Company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

M P Genikis A D B Machin

Directors' indemnities

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the Directors have the benefit of a Directors' and Officers' liability insurance, which is a qualifying third-party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. This indemnity, purchased by BT Group plc and applicable to the directors of BT Lease Holdings Limited, was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force. Neither the insurance nor the indemnity provides cover where the person has acted fraudulently or dishonestly.

Statement of directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101).

Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 101 used in the preparation of financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant information that has not been disclosed to the Company's auditors and each of the directors believes that all steps have been taken that ought to have been taken to make them aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors have been made aware of that information.

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements are being made for them to be deemed reappointed as auditors in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

The directors' report on pages 1 to 3 was approved by the Board of directors on 7 September 2016 and was signed by order of the behalf by

By order of the Board

Authorised signatory

for and on behalf of Newgate Street Secretaries Limited

Company Secretary

October 2016

Independent auditors' report to the members of BT Lease Holdings Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, BT Lease Holdings Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Directors' Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the Balance sheet as at 31 March 2016;
- the Profit and loss account for the year then ended;
- the Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of BT Lease Holdings Limited (continued)

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: prepare financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2-3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Independent auditors' report to the members of BT Lease Holdings Limited (continued)

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report. , Julia

Julie Watson (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Aberdeen

Watson

4 October 2016

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Administrative expense		(6,721)	(3,927)
Operating loss	3	(6,721)	(3,927)
Income from fixed asset investments	4	8,000,000	_
Profit /(loss) on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		7,993,279	(3,927)
Interest payable and similar charges Interest receivable and similar income	5 6	(207,026) 60,321	(115,399) 64,752
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		7,846,574	(54,574)
Tax credit on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	9	30,685	11,461
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		7,877,259	(43,113)

All results derive from continuing operations.

There have been no other comprehensive income during either 2016 or 2015 other than as disclosed in the profit and loss account and therefore no separate statement of total comprehensive income has been presented.

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Fixed assets Investments	11	514,583,687	514,583,687
Current assets Debtors	12	2,992,467	, 2,912,923
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(2,941,246)	(10,738,961)
Net current assets / (liabilities)		51,221	(7,826,038)
Total assets less current liabilities		514,634,908	506,757,649
Net assets		514,634,908	506,757,649
Equity			
Called up share capital Share premium account	14	17,000,000 489,000,000	17,000,000 489,000,000
Retained earnings		8,634,908	757,649
Total equity		514,634,908	506,757,649

The financial statements on pages 7 to 17 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 7 September 2016 and were signed on its behalf by Mark Genikis

Mark Genikis

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Director

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
Balance as at 1 April 2014	17,000,000	489,000,000	8,300,762	514,300,762
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the financial year	-	-	(43,113)	(43,113)
Dividend paid			(7,500,000)	(7,500,000)
Balance as at 31 March 2015	17,000,000	489,000,000	757,649	506,757,649
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	7,877,259	7,877,259
Balance as at 31 March 2016	17,000,000	489,000,000	8,634,908	514,634,908

Notes to the financial statements

1 General information

BT Lease Holdings Limited acts as an investment holding company within the BT Group plc group of companies.

The company is a private company and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of its registered office is 81 Newgate Street, London EC1A 7AJ.

2 Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (FRS 101), which involves the application of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with a reduced level of disclosure. For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2015, the Company prepared its separate financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act, 2006. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. There are no areas involving a higher degree of complexity, or areas where assumption and estimates are significant to the financial statements.

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying subsidiary under FRS 100. Accordingly, in the year ended 31 March 2016 the Company has undergone transition from reporting under previous UK GAAP to FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. As required by FRS 101, these financial statements include comparative FRS 101 financial information for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Exemptions

As permitted by FRS 101, the company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard. The following exemptions have been taken:

- The requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46 to 52 of IFRS 2 Share-based Payments.
- The requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.
- The requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.
- The requirements of paragraphs 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures.

- The requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member.
- The requirements of paragraphs 6 and 21 of IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards' to present an opening statement of financial position at the date of transition.
- The requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - (i) paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements';
 - (ii) paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment'.
 - (iii) paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 'Intangible Assets'.
- The following paragraphs of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements':
 - -10(d) (statement of cash flows);
 - -10(f) (third statement of financial position);
 - 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS);
 - 38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements including cash flow statements);
 - 38B-D (additional comparative information);
 - 40A-D (third statement of financial position);
 - 111 (cash flow statement information); and
 - 134 to 136 (capital management disclosures).

The Company intends to continue to take advantage of these exemptions in future years.

Where required, equivalent disclosures have been given in the consolidated financial statements of BT Group plc.

Transition to FRS 101

The accounting policies set out on page 12 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016, the comparative information for the year ended 31 March 2015.

The transition from UK GAAP to FRS 101 required no adjustments to amounts previously reported in the financial statements and no reconciliation of equity has been presented.

New and amended accounting standards that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following standards have been issued but are not yet effective. The impact of these on the financial statements are being considered by the Company.

IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'
IFRS 9 'Financial instruments'
IFRS 16 'Leases'
Presentation of specific items

Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Investments

Investments are carried at cost less provision for impairment. Investments are tested for impairment by the directors when an event that might affect asset values has occurred. An impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the carrying amount cannot be recovered either by selling the asset or by the discounted future cash flows from the investment.

Going concern

The directors have satisfied themselves that the Company will continue to have financial support provided by British Telecommunications plc in order to meet its requirements for at least the next year, and therefore believe that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate.

Dividend distribution

Dividend distributions are recognised as a liability in the year in which the dividends are approved by the company's shareholders. Interim dividends are recognised when they are paid and final when authorised in general meetings by shareholders.

Income from fixed asset investments

Income from fixed asset investments represents dividend income from group companies. This is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Current and deferred income tax

Current income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of the company's assets and liabilities and their tax base. A deferred tax asset is recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as probable that there will be suitable taxable profits, within the same jurisdiction, in the foreseeable future against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates that are expected to apply in periods in which the asset is realised or liability settled, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Debtors

Total debtors are stated in the balance sheet at estimated net realisable value. Net realisable value is the invoiced amount less provision for doubtful debts.

Accounting policies

Provisions are made specifically where there is objective evidence of a dispute or an inability to pay. An additional provision is made based on an analysis of balances by age, previous losses experienced and general economic conditions.

Creditors

Financial liabilities within creditors are initially recognised at fair value, which is usually the original invoiced amount and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest Income

Interest income from inter-company receivables is based on the carrying amount and effective rate of interest for the instrument.

Interest Expense

Interest expense from inter-company payables is based on the carrying amount and effective rate of interest for the instrument.

3 Operating loss

Operating loss is stated after charging:		
	2016	2015
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration for statutory audit	6,721	3,927
4 Income from fixed asset investments		
	2016	2015
	£	£
Income from shares in group undertakings	8,000,000	_
5 Interest payable and similar charges		
	2016	2015
	.	£
Interest payable to group undertakings	(207,026)	(115,399)
6 Interest receivable and similar income		
	2016	2015
	£	£
Interest receivable from group undertakings	60,321	64,752

7 Directors' emoluments

The directors are employed and remunerated by British Telecommunications plc or other group companies in respect of their services to the BT Group Plc as a whole. No emoluments were paid to the directors in respect of their services to the Company in the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: £nil).

8 Employee information

The average monthly number of persons employed by the Company during the year was nil (2015: nil).

9 Tax on profit/ (loss) on ordinary activities

	2016 £	2015 £
Current tax: UK Corporation tax at 20% (2015: 21 %)	(30,685)	(11,461)
Tax credit on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	(30,685)	(11,461)

9 Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities (continued)

The tax assessed for the year is less than (2015: equal to) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 21%), as shown below:

	2016 £	2015 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	7,846,574	(54,574)
Profit/ (loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax at 20% (2015: 21%) Effects of:	1,569,315	(11,461)
Dividend income not taxable	(1,600,000)	
Total tax credit for the year	(30,685)	(11,461)

Factors affecting current and future tax charges

The rate of UK corporation tax will change from 20% to 19% on 1 April 2017 and to 18% on 1 April 2020. As deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods of the reversal, deferred tax balances at 31 March 2016 have been calculated at the rate at which the relevant balance is expected to be recovered or settled.

The UK Finance Bill 2016 includes a reduction of the UK corporation tax rate to 17% on 1 April 2020. This will replace the 18% UK corporation tax rate that is currently legislated to take effect. This will have an effect on future tax charges of the company. Relevant deferred tax balances will be re-measured to 17% once the UK Finance Bill 2016 is substantively enacted.

10 Dividend	2016	2015
Equity – ordinary Interim dividend of per share (2015: £0.4412 per share)		7,500,000
11 Investments		Total £
Cost and net book value at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015		514,583,687

In the opinion of the directors, the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

Brief details of the operating subsidiary were as follows:

Name .	Activity .	Percentage of capital owned	Country of registration or incorporation (and operations)
BT Leasing Limited	Leasing company	100%	England & Wales
12 Debtors		2016 £	2015 £
Amounts falling due within	one year:		
Amounts owed by group und	ertakings	2,961,782	2,901,462
Group relief receivable		30,685	11,461
		2,992,467	2,912,923

Included in amounts owed by group undertakings is a loan to BT Leasing Limited £2,923,755 (2015: £2,861,008) including accrued interest which is repayable on demand. Interest is charged at 6 month GBP LIBOR plus 42.5 basis points.

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2016	2015
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,934,525	10,735,034
Accruals	6,721	3,927
	2,941,246	10,738,961

Included in amounts owed to group undertakings is a loan from British Telecommunications plc of £2,778,673 (2015: £10,615,043) which is repayable on demand. The loan attracted interest at 12 month GBP LIBOR plus 102.5 basis points.

Included in amounts owed to group undertakings is a loan from BT Leasing Limited of £31,541 (2015: £31,541) which is repayable on demand. The loan attracted interest at 12 month GBP LIBOR plus 102.5 basis points.

14 Called up share capital

	2016	2015
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
17,000,000 (2015: 17,000,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	17,000,000	17,000,000

15 Contingent liabilities

As at 31 March 2016 there were no contingent liabilities or guarantees other than those arising in the ordinary course of the Company's business and on these no material losses are anticipated.

16 Controlling entity

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BT Holdings Limited, which is the immediate controlling entity. The ultimate controlling entity is BT Group plc.

The parent undertaking of the largest group of companies into which the results of the Company are consolidated is BT Group plc, a company incorporated in England & Wales. Consequently the Company is exempt under the terms of IAS 24 from disclosing details of transactions and balances with BT Group plc, fellow group subsidiaries and associated Undertakings and those deemed under BT Group control during the year ended 31 March 2016. Copies of the financial statements of BT Group plc may be obtained from The Secretary, BT Group plc, 81 Newgate Street, London EC1A 7AJ.

The parent undertaking of the smallest group of companies into which the results of the Company are consolidated is British Telecommunications plc, a company incorporated in England & Wales. Copies of the financial statements of British Telecommunications plc are available from The Secretary, British Telecommunications plc, 81 Newgate Street, London EC1A 7AJ.