

Directors' report and consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2006

Registered number 04910171

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Directors' report and consolidated financial statements

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Directors and other information

Directors

Sean Mulryan (Irish) Brian Fagan (Irish) Ray Hardy (Irish)

Secretary

Brian Fagan

Registered office

St Johns House 5 South Parade Summertown Oxford OX2 7JL

Registered number

04910171

Bankers

Allied Irish Bank (GB)

London

Anglo Irish Bank Corp

London

Fortis Bank S A / N V

London

Irish Nationwide Building Society

Belfast

Wurttembergische Hypothenbank

Aktiengesellschaft

London

Royal Bank of Scotland

London

Allied Irish Bank

Dublin

Auditor

KPMG

Chartered Accountants

I Stokes Place St Stephen's Green

Dublin 2

Solicitors

Howard Kennedy Harcourt House

19 Cavendish Square London W1A 2AW

Lovells

65 Holborn Viaduct

London EC4 2DY

Wragge & Co

3 Waterhouse Square 142 High Holbarn

London EC1N 25W



Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2006

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activities of the group throughout the year were that of property development and investment. There has been no significant change in these activities during the year.

Results, review of the business and dividend

A summary of the results of the trading for the year is given on page 11 of the financial statements. The loss for the year was £2,468,000 (2005 profit £11,072,000)

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

Future developments

The directors expect the general level of activity to continue for the foreseeable future

Directors, secretary and their interests

The directors and secretary who held office during the year are listed on page 1

The directors serving at year end, who held beneficial interests in the issued share capital of group companies were as follows

		Ordinary shares	
Name of director		31 March 2006	31 March 2005
		€1 each	€1 each
S Mulryan	Ballymore Properties		
	(incorporated in Ireland)	12,935	12,935

Political and charitable contributions

The group made no political contributions during the year The group made charitable contributions of £468,780 (2005 £193,469) during the year

Fixed assets

In the opinion of the directors, there is no material difference between the market value of the land and buildings of the group included in fixed assets and the book values of these assets at 31 March 2006

Post balance sheet events

No events affecting the group have taken place since the end of the financial year which requires disclosure in the financial statements



Directors' report (continued)

Auditor

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act, 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditor of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By order of the board

Sean Muiryan

Brian Fagan Director 27 June 2006



Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for preparing a directors' report that complies with the Companies Act, 1985

h behalf of the board

Sean Mulryan

Director

Brian Fagar Director



KPMG Chartered Accountants 1 Stokes Place St Stephen's Green Dublin 2

Ireland

Independent auditor's report to the members of Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited and subsidiaries

We have audited the group and company financial statements of Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited and subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2006 which comprise the group profit and loss account, the group and company balance sheet, the group statement of total recognised gains and losses, the group cash flow statement and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act, 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 4, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it



Independent auditor's report to the members of Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited and subsidiaries (continued)

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the group's and company's affairs as at 31 March 2006 and of its results for the year then ended, and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 1985

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 27 July 2006



Statement of accounting policies

for the year ended 31 March 2006

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the group's financial statements

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles under the historical cost convention, as modified to include the revaluation of investment properties, and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board

Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the holding company and all its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 March 2006

The reorganisation of Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited ("BPHL") and its subsidiaries in October 2003 was accounted for using the merger method of accounting (see note 21)

The results of subsidiary undertakings acquired or disposed of in the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal

Upon the acquisition of a business, fair values are attributed to the identifiable net assets acquired Goodwill arising on acquisitions is dealt with as set out below

Joint ventures

Joint venture undertakings are those undertakings over which the group exercises control jointly with another party

Joint ventures are accounted for using the gross equity method. The group's share of the profits less losses of joint ventures are included in the consolidated profit and loss account. The group's interests in their net assets or liabilities are included as fixed asset investments in the consolidated balance sheet at an amount representing the group's share of the fair values of the net assets at acquisition plus the group's share of post acquisition retained profits or losses. Goodwill arising on acquisition of joint ventures is dealt with as stated below.

The amount included in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the post acquisition profits of joint ventures are taken from their latest audited financial statements made up to the balance sheet date

Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of VAT, represents the net value of development and residential sales contracts completed together with construction income, rental income and project management fees on an accruals basis. Turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the group



Statement of accounting policies (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2006

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Investment properties

Investment properties are stated on the basis of open market value as defined by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. Investment properties are valued annually. Surpluses and deficits on valuation are taken directly to the revaluation reserve except for permanent deficits or their reversal which, on an individual property basis, are taken to the profit and loss account.

Profits and losses on the sale of investment properties included in the profit and loss account are calculated as the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying value

No depreciation or amortisation is provided against investment properties which may be a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act concerning depreciation of fixed assets. These properties are not however held for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary, in the directors' opinion, for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Construction in progress

Construction in progress comprises properties currently being developed stated at cost. Cost includes interest which is capitalised from date of commencement of development until the development is complete. Interest is calculated by reference to specific borrowings.

Other tangible fixed assets

Other tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. No depreciation is provided on freehold land

The charge for depreciation is calculated using the straight line method at rates estimated to charge to the profit and loss account the cost of each asset less its residual value over its estimated useful life. The following rates have been applied

Freehold buildings - 2% per annum
Office furniture and equipment - 15% per annum
Motor vehicles - 25% per annum
- 50% per annum

Leased assets

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term



Statement of accounting policies (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2006

Financial fixed assets

Investments in subsidiary and associate undertakings are shown at cost less provisions for impairment in value

Subsidiaries contributed by the parent company in the course of the group reorganisation were stated at the directors' assessment of their open market value less provision for any impairment in value

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary, joint venture, associate or business represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable net assets when they were acquired. Any excess of the aggregate of the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired over the fair value of the acquisition cost is negative goodwill.

Purchased goodwill arising on acquisition is capitalised in the balance sheet and amortised over the estimated economic life of the goodwill

Negative goodwill arising on such acquisitions is also capitalised and shown separately in the balance sheet and credited to the profit and loss account to match the periods in which the acquired non-monetary assets are recovered. Any excess over the non-monetary assets acquired is credited to the profit and loss account in the periods benefited.

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of joint ventures and associates is included in the carrying amount of the investments, while other goodwill is shown separately in the balance sheet

Quoted investments

Investments are stated at the lower of cost and market value

Stocks

Development properties

Development properties are properties acquired for future development and properties on which only initial development has commenced. These are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is defined as the current selling price of the completed developments less all further costs to completion and selling costs as estimated by the directors.

Work in progress

Work in progress, which comprises properties currently being developed is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes interest which is capitalised from date of commencement of development until the development is complete. Interest is calculated by reference to specific borrowings

Work in progress represents costs incurred, net of amounts transferred to cost of sales, less foreseeable losses

Profits on developments are not recognised until properties are structurally complete and legally transferred to the purchaser



Statement of accounting policies (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2006

Stocks (continued)

Properties held for resale

Properties held for resale, on which no further development is required, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is defined as the current selling price less all turther costs to completion and selling costs as estimated by the directors

Taxation

Taxation is provided on taxable profits arising at current rates

Deferred taxation is accounted for, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date except as otherwise required by FRS 19 'Deferred Tax' Provision is made at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is considered more likely than not they will be recovered

Interest payable

Interest payable, which has not been capitalised, is charged to the profit and loss account in the financial year in which it is incurred

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transactions or at a contracted rate. The resulting monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate on the balance sheet date or the contracted rate and any exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.



Consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2006

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
Turnover - continuing operations	1	62,260	136,854
Cost of sales		(39,501)	(96,605)
Gross profit Administrative expenses Other operating income/(expenses)		22,759 (9,801) 254	40,249 (14,928) (63)
Group operating profit Share of operating loss in joint venture	10	13,212 (569)	25,258 (206)
Total operating profit – continuing operations Profit on disposal of subsidiary undertakings		12,643	25,052 558
Profit on ordinary activities before interest Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges Investment income	2 3 4	12,643 1,394 (12,727) 103	25,610 2,290 (11,500) 103
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5 6	1,413 (3,352)	16,503 (5,289)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities after taxation Minority interest	23	(1,939) (529)	11,214 (142)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	19	(2,468)	11,072

On behalf of the board

Director

Brian Fagan Director



Consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2006

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
(Loss)/profit for the financial year Unrealised surplus on revaluation of investment properties	20	(2,468)	11,072 216
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		(2,468)	11,288

Consolidated note of historical cost profits and losses for the year ended 31 March 2006

There is no material difference between the results shown in the consolidated profit and loss account and the results calculated on an unmodified historical cost basis



Consolidated balance sheet

as at 31 March 2006

Note	31 March 2006	31 March 2005
9 10	216,395 5,500	£'000 150,612 6,068
	221,895	156,680
11 12 13	204,236 66,648 532	88,261 85,038 334
14	306,265	8,668
	162,584	38,574
	384,479	195,254
15	(293,157)	(101,926)
17	(1,310)	(1,477)
	90,012	91,851
18 19 20 21	100 53,184 32,931 100	55,652 32,931 100
22 23	86,315 3,697	88,683 3,168
	90,012	91,851
	9 10 11 12 13 14	2006 £'000 216,395 5,500 221,895 221,895 204,236 66,648 13 532 34,849

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 27 June 2006 and were signed on its

Sean Mulyan

Brian Fagan Director



Consolidated cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 2006

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	24	(48,482)	61,322
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	25	(17,942)	(13,647)
Taxation - corporation tax paid		(651)	(3,155)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	25	(63,793)	(10,241)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow before use of liquid resource and financing	es	(130,868)	34,279
Financing	25	157,049	(52,655)
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		26,181	(18,376)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement	in net de	ebt	
	Note	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		26,181	(18,376)
Cash outflow from change in debt financing	26	(156,949)	52,655
Change in net debt	26	(130,768)	34,279
Net debt at beginning of year	26	(163,296)	(197,575)
Net debt at end of year	26	(294,064)	(163,296)



Company balance sheet

as at 31 March 2006

	Note	31 March 2006 £'000	31 March 2005 £'000
Fixed assets			
Financial assets	10	154,600	154,500
Current assets			
Debtors	12	-	5
Bank and cash		100	-
Total current assets		100	5
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	14	(100)	(2)
amounts taining due within one year	14	(100)	(5)
Net current assets		•	-
Total assets less current liabilities		154,600	154,500
Net assets		154,600	154,500
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	18	100	-
Profit and loss account	19	-	-
Capital reserve – capital contribution	21	154,500	154,500
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	22	154,600	154,500

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 27 June 2006 and were signed on its behalf by

Sean Mulryan

Director

Brian Fagan Director



Notes

forming part of the financial statements

ι 1	Turnover
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	Turnover is analysed as follows -	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Sale of properties and construction income Rental income and management fees	50,187 12,073	126,908 9,946
		62,260	136,854
	All turnover is generated in the United Kingdom		
2	Interest receivable and similar income	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Bank deposit interest	372	693
	Interest on intercompany loans	1,022	1,597
		1,394	2,290
3	Interest payable and similar charges	2006	2005
	On loans wholly repayable other than by instalments	€'000	£'000
	within five years Less Capitalised interest included in	20,000	15,154
	cost of sales/work in progress/fixed assets under construction	(7,273)	(3,654)
		12,727	11,500
4	Investment income	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Income from financial assets	103	103
5	Statutory and other information	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting)		
	Depreciation	195	159
	Directors' remuneration Exchange losses/(gains)	225	(1,744)
			
	Auditor's remuneration - audit fees	65	60
	- non audit fees	270	249
			



Notes (continued)

Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Corporation tax at 30% (2005 30%) Adjustment in respect of prior years	2,631 888	5,289
	3,519	5,289
Deferred taxation (note 17)		
Origination/reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous years	670 (837)	-
	(167)	
	3,352	5,289
The current tax charge for the year is higher than the s differences are explained below	standard rate of corporation ta	x The
•	2006	2005
Cumunt tan maan ala tan	£'000	£'000
Current tax reconciliation Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,413	16,503
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard		
Corporate tax rate in the UK of 30%	424	4,951
Effects of		
Expenses not deductible	(70)	250
Capital allowances	(67)	(101)
Other timing differences	2,344	-
Other items Tax and losses carried forward	-	(888)
Adjustment in respect of prior year	- 888	1,077
-		
Total current tax charge	3,519	5,289



Notes (continued)

7 Staff numbers and costs

The average weekly number of employees employed within the group including executive directors, during the year was 101 (2005 104)

	Administration	2006 47	2005 44
	Construction	54	60
		101	104
	The aggregate payroll costs of employees were		
		2006	2005
		£'000	£,000
	Wages and salaries	5,822	5,347
	Social security costs	682	588
		6,504	5,935
8	Directors' remuneration and transactions		
		2006	2005
	Directors' remuneration	£'000	£'000
	Total emoluments	-	-
	Emoluments of the highest paid director	-	-
			

Material interests of directors in contracts with the group

Persons connected with Mr Sean Mulryan completed on apartments at the New Providence Wharf development for a consideration of £2,047,000

Mr Brian Fagan completed on apartments at the New Providence Wharf development for a consideration of £2,887,000

These transactions will be put before the members of the company at the next annual general meeting for ratification



Notes (continued)

9 Tangible fixed assets

Group Cost or valuation	Freehold investment properties £'000	Construction in progress £'000	Freehold buildings £'000	Office furniture, equipment, and motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
At beginning of year Additions Disposals	143,511 44,203	4,874 21,640	2,261	934 135 (16)	151,580 65,978 (16)
At end of year	187,714	26,514	2,261	1,053	217,542
Cost Valuation	187,714	26,514	2,261	1,053	29,828 187,714
At end of year	187,714	26,514	2,261	1,053	217,542
Deprectation At beginning of year Charge Disposals	-	-	264 46	704 149 (16)	968 195 (16)
At end of year	-	-	310	837	1,147
<i>Net book value</i> At 31 March 2006	187,714	26,514	1,951	216	216,395
At 31 March 2005	143,511	4,874	1,997	230	150,612

An investment property is held by Vitely Limited, a 75% subsidiary. The minority shareholder in Vitely Limited is entitled to a finders fee in the event of a sale of the investment property. The property is stated at its market value less the estimated amount of the finders fee. The property was valued by Mr Ray Hardy, BSc MRICS, a director of the company, on an open market value basis on 31 March 2006 at £26,000,000.

The group's other investment properties were valued by Mr Ray Hardy, BSc MRICS, a director of the company, on an open market value basis on 31 March 2006 at £166,980,667

The directors are satisfied that there is no material difference between the value at which the investment properties are included in the financial statements and their open market values at 31 March 2006

The historical cost of the investment properties was £152,149,000 (2005 £107,947,000)

No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value. The maximum amount which could become payable in these circumstances is £11,112,676 (2005 £11,602,572). At present it is not envisaged that any tax will become payable in the foreseeable future.

The amount at which construction in progress is stated includes capitalised interest of £2,324,674 (2005 £386,454)



Notes (continued)

10	Financial fixed assets	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Group		
	Investment in joint ventures (i) Other investments (ii)	1,361 4,139	1,930 4,138
		5,500	6,068
(i)	Investment in joint ventures	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Bishopsgate Goodsyard Limited (a) Central Regeneration Limited Partnership (b)	1,361	1,930
		1,361	1,930
			

⁽a) The group owns 1 ordinary share of £1 in Bishopsgate Goodsyard Limited, a property development company, which represents 50% of the issued shared capital at 31 March 2006

The investment in the joint ventures comprises.

	Shares of net assets £'000	Fair value adjustment £'000	Total £'000
At beginning of year Share of loss for year	(452) (569)	2,382	1,930 (569)
			
At end of year	(1,021)	2,382	1,361
			

⁽b) The group holds a 50% participation in Central Regeneration Limited Partnership, a property development entity, stated at a cost of £2



Notes (continued)

10	Financial fixed assets (continued)	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	The investment in net assets of the joint ventures comprises		
	Share of gross assets		
	Share of fixed assets Share of current assets	50 279	50 54
	Share of Current as sets		
		329	104
	Share of gross liabilities		
	Liabilities due within one year	(1,350)	(556)
	Liabilities due after one year	•	
		(1,350)	(556)
		(1,021)	(452)

The group and its joint venture partners have agreed that the partner will carry out pre development work on properties. The partners will share costs equally.

The group has given guarantees and undertakings in the normal course of business to joint venture partners regarding the performance and obligations of subsidiary undertakings

(11)	Other investments – unquoted investments	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	At beginning and end of year	4,139	4,138

Unquoted investments includes 490 ordinary shares, equivalent to 49% of Clearstorm Limited, a property development company incorporated in the United Kingdom having its registered office at St Johns House, 5 South Parade, Summertown, Oxford OX2 7JL On the basis of the agreement with the majority shareholder and Clearstorm the investment has been accounted for as a joint arrangement

Clearstorm Limited is in the process of developing a number of property sites and has incurred losses, pending the generation of revenues



Notes (continued)

10 Financial fixed assets (continued)

The group's attributable share of the gross assets and liabilities of Clearstorm Limited is

	£'000'£
Gross assets	50,000
Gross liabilities	(59,500)
N. C. L.	
Net liabilities	(9,500)

The group has provided against its share of the net liabilities as defined by the agreements between the group, Clearstorm Limited and its parent company

Unquoted investments includes 4,137,298 Cumulative Redeemable Preferences Shares of £1 each in Donwell Investment Limited, a property development company whose registered office is Ballymount House, Ballymount Road, Kingswood, Dublin 24

In April 2005, British Waterways Board appointed the group, together with Canary Wharf Group plc as its partner, for the development of Wood Wharf The Wood Wharf Limited Partnership ("WWLP") has been established to oversee the development of an approximately 6.5 million sq ft (gross) mixed use scheme in which the group has a 25.0% effective interest. The group has subscribed £1,000 (50%) of equity share capital in Canary Wharf Partnership Limited, the partner in WWLP, which in turn has invested £500 (50%) in WWLP. The group has provided interest free long-term loans to fund the working capital requirements of the partnership, which are repayable out of development profits



Notes (continued)

10 Financial fixed assets (continued)

Company	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Investments in subsidiary undertakings At beginning of year Additions in year	154,500 100	154,500
		
At end of year	154,600	154,500
		

C 1 . 11	
Subsidiary	undertaking

Subsidiary undertaking	Proportion hold by	
Name	Proportion held by company	Activity
Ballymore Properties Limited	100%	Property development and investment company
Ballymore Commercial Limited	100%	Property investment company
Ballymore Projects Limited	100%	Property development company
Ballymore Properties (Plumbers Row Limited	⁽⁾ 100%	Property development company
Domaine Developments Limited	100%	Property development and investment company
Landor (Dundee Wharf) Limited	90%	Property development and investment company
Landor Residential Limited	90%	Property development company
Ballymore Ontario Limited	90%	Property development and investment company
RT Group Developments (Snow Hill Limited) 100%	Property development company
SCI Boldcount	100%	Property investment company
St John's Square Co Limited	100%	Property investment company
Monomind Limited	100%	Property investment company
Kilopoint Limited	100%	Property investment company
Vitely Limited	75%	Property investment company
Headaid Limited	100%	Property investment company
Ballymore Properties (Lanark Square) Limited	100%	Property investment company
Bristol Exeter House Limited	100%	Property development and investment company
Osborne Trading Limited	100%	Investment holding company



Notes (continued)

10 Financial fixed assets (continued)

Subsidiary undertaking				
Name	Proportion held by company	Activity		
Zelah Limited	100%	Investment holding company		
Ballymore Limited	100%	Investment holding company		
Metromaze Limited	100%	Investment holding company		
Boldcount Limited	100%	Investment holding company		
Ballymore (Express Wharf) Limited	100%	Non-trading company		
Ballymore (Arrowhead) Limited	100%	Non-trading company		
Ballymore Cornwall Street Limited	100%	Property investment company		
Ballymore Developments Limited	100%	Investment holding company		
Glossover Limited	100%	Non-trading company		
Landor 2 Limited	90%	Non-trading company		
Domaine Projects Limited	100%	Non-trading company		
Domaine Properties Limited	100%	Non-trading company		
Ballymore (Battersea Park Road) Limited	100%	Property investment company		
Ballymore (Cuba Street) Limited	100%	Property development company		
Cuba Street Limited	100%	Property development company		
Ballymore Millharbour Limited	100%	Property development company		
Ballymore Wood Wharf Holdings Limited	100%	Investment holding company		
Ballymore (Wood Wharf) Limited	100%	Investment holding company		
Ballymore Investments Limited	100%	Investment holding company		

All companies other than as set out below are incorporated in the United Kingdom having their registered offices at St Johns House, 5 South Parade, Summertown, Oxford and operate in the United Kingdom

Osborne Trading Limited and Zelah Limited are incorporated in the Isle of Man Their registered offices are at One Circular Road, Douglas, Isle of Man

The registered office of SCI Boldcount is 2 Avenue de Provence, 06002 Eze, France



Notes (continued)

10 Financial fixed assets (continued)

Other undertakings

Proportions held by					
Name company subsidiary Activity					
Bishopsgate Goodsyard Limited	-	50%	Property development company		
Clearstorm Limited	-	49%	Property development company		
Canary Wharf Partnership Limited	-	50%	Property development company		

All shareholdings in subsidiary and other undertakings consist of ordinary shares. In the opinion of the directors the investments are worth at least the amount stated in the balance sheet.

11	Stocks	2006	2005
		£'000	£,000
	Group		
	Development properties	58,470	40,340
	Work in progress	144,567	46,722
	Properties held for resale	1,199	1,199
			
		204,236	88,261

The amount at which work in progress is stated includes capitalised interest of £6,016,502 (2005 £2,196,413)

There are no material differences between the replacement cost of stock and the balance sheet amount



Notes (continued)

12	Debtors	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Group		
	Due within one year Trade debtors Other debtors Amounts due by parent and fellow subsidiaries Amounts due by related parties Prepayments and accrued income	3,373 2,685 46,141 13,467 982	1,664 733 80,406 2,080 155
		66,648	85,038
	Company		
	Due within one year Other debtors	-	5
	Group	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Amounts due by related parties		
	Clearstorm Limited Donwell Investments Limited Bishopsgate Goodsyard Regeneration Limited Canary Wharf Partnership Limited	1,587 310 945 10,625	1,416 207 457
		13,467	2,080
13	Investments (held as current assets)	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Group		
	Listed investments	532	334

At 31 March 2006 the market value of the listed investments was £532,302 (2005 £334,000)



Notes (continued)

14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2006 £'000	• -
	Group		
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 16) Trade creditors Accruals and deferred income Amounts due to group companies Other creditors Taxation and social welfare	36,073 1,525 48,020 50,238	2,213 50,235
		143,681	143,727
	Company		
	Amounts due to group companies	100	5
15	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2006 £'000	
	Group		
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 16) Amounts due to group companies	292,840 317	101,611 315
		293,157	101,926
16	Bank borrowings Within one year £'000	one and two a two years	setween and five years Total £'000
	Group Repayable other than by instalments Bank loans and overdrafts 36,073	- 2	292,840 328,913

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of group undertakings and cross guarantees by certain group undertakings



Notes (continued)

17	Provision for liabilities and charges	2006 €'000	2005 £'000
	Deferred taxation		
	Group		
	At beginning of year Origination/reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous years	1,477 670 (837)	1,477
		1,310	1,477
	The deferred taxation provision arises in respect of accelerated of	capital allowances	
	Provision has been made in respect of all deferred taxation liabil future other than the following	lities expected to	crystallise in the
		2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	On revaluation of investment properties (note 9)	11,113	11,603
18	Called up share capital	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Group and company Authorised		
	100,000 (2005 1,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	100	1
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100,000 (2005 1) ordinary share of £1 each	100	<u>-</u>



Notes (continued)

19	Reconciliation of consolidated profit and loss account	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Group		
	Profit and loss account at beginning of year	55,652	44,580
	(Loss)/profit for the year retained by		
	Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited	•	-
	Subsidiaries	(2,468)	11,072
	Profit and loss account at end of year	53,184	55,652

Company

A separate profit and loss account for Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited (the company) has not been presented because the conditions laid down in the Companies Act 1985 have been complied with. The company made neither a profit nor a loss in the financial year.

20	Revaluation reserve		Group	Con	npany
		2006	2005	2006	2005
	Group and company	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	At beginning of year	32,931	32,715	•	_
	Revaluation surplus	-	216	-	-
					
	At end of year	32,931	32,931	•	-
					



Notes (continued)

21	Other capital reserves	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Capital contribution Merger reserve - excess of value attributed to shares	154,500	154,500
	contributed over their nominal value Other capital reserves	(154,500) 100	(154,500) 100
		100	100
			

Group reorganisation

Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited ("BPHL") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ballymore Holdings and Investments Limited, a company incorporated in Jersey That company's parent is Ballymore Properties ("BP"), a company incorporated in Ireland

On 20 October 2003, BP contributed the entire share capital of its wholly owned subsidiaries Osborne Trading Limited and Zelah Limited, two companies incorporated in the Isle of Man, to BPHL The contribution was treated as a capital contribution at a valuation of £154 5m, based on the directors' assessment of the value of the principal asset of Osborne Trading Limited and Zelah Limited, which was their ownership of the entire share capital of Ballymore Properties Limited ("BPLUK"), a company incorporated in England and Wales

On 20 October 2003, Ballymore Limited (formerly Craftview Limited), a wholly owned subsidiary of BPHL and a company incorporated in England and Wales, which had not previously traded, acquired the entire issued share capital of BPLUK from Osborne Trading Limited and Zelah Limited for a total consideration of £1545m

The reorganisation was accounted for as a merger as set out in Financial Reporting Standard No 6-Acquisitions and Mergers Consequently, the consolidated financial statements of BPHL have been prepared on the basis of the merger method of accounting

Merger Accounting:

- the assets and liabilities of BPLUK, Osborne Trading Limited, Zelah Limited and Ballymore Limited (which are effectively the assets and liabilities of BPHL and its subsidiaries) were incorporated in the consolidated financial statements as if the entities have always been one combined entity
- the merger reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares in Osborne Trading Limited and Zelah Limited and the value attributed to the capital contribution



Notes (continued)

21 Other capital reserves (continued)

Notwithstanding the expectation of FRS 6 and Schedule 4A of the Companies Act, 1985 that a merger should involve an issue of shares, the reorganisation, which was effected by the capital contribution of shares held by a parent to a newly formed subsidiary, was accounted for using merger accounting, as the directors consider that this treatment results in a true and fair view. In arriving at this decision the directors took into account that the capital contribution by BP of the shares of its subsidiaries to BPHL

- did not result in any change to the relative shareholdings in the company or its subsidiaries,
- did not result in any cash leaving the group, or
- did not impact on any minority shareholding

Had acquisition accounting been utilised

- the assets and habilities of the companies acquired, which are materially those of BPLUK would have been restated at their fair values, estimated to be £154 5m, and
- the merger reserve, as stated above at £154 4m, would not have ansen

22	Reconciliation of shareholders' funds	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Group		
	Shareholders' funds at beginning of year	88,683	77,395
	Total recognised gains and losses		
	for the year	(2,468)	11,288
	Share issue	100	-
	Shareholders' funds at end of year - equity	86,315	88,683
			
	Company		
	Shareholders' funds at beginning of year	154,500	154,500
	Total recognised gains and losses for the year	•	-
	Share issue	100	-
	Shareholders' funds at end of year - equity	154,600	154,500
			



Notes (continued)

23	Minority interest - in relation to Vitely Limited	2006 £'000	2005 €'000
	At start of year	3,168	3,026
	Share of profit	529	142
	At end of year	3,697	3,168
24	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from	operating activities	S
		2006	2005
		£'000	£,000
	Group operating profit	13,212	25,258
	Depreciation charge	195	159
	(Write back)/write down of investments	(198)	82
	Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(5)	-
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks net of transfer to		
	investment properties	(110,640)	63,499
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	18,341	(14,915)
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors	30,613	(12,761)
	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(48,482)	61,322



Notes (continued)

25 Analysis of cashflows for headings netted in the cash flow statement

	2006	2005
	£'000	£'000
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest and similar income received	1,443	2,290
Interest and similar charges paid	(19,488)	(16,040)
Income from financial assets	103	103
Net cash outflow from returns on investment and		
servicing of finance	(17,942)	(13,647)
Capital avpanditure and financial investment		
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(63,797)	(10.241)
Disposal of tangible fixed assets	(03,797)	(10,241)
Purchase of financial assets	(1)	-
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure		
and financial investment	(63,793)	(10.241)
and manetal investment	(03,793)	(10,241)
Financing		
Decrease in funds from related parties	•	(134)
Increase/(decrease) in borrowings	156,949	(52,521)
Increase in share capital	100	(= - ,= - ·)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing	157,049	(52,655)
	·	



Notes (continued)

26	Analysis of net debt	As at 31 March 2005 £'000	Cashflow £'000	As at 31 March 2006 £'000
	Bank deposits	8,668	26,181	34,849
				·
	Net funds	8,668	26,181	34,849
	Bank loans due within one year	(70,353)	34,280	(36,073)
	Bank loans due after one year	(101,611)	(191,229)	(292,840)
	Debt	(171,964)	(156,949)	(328,913)
	Net debt	(163,296)	(130,768)	(294,064)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

27 Commitments and contingencies

There are ongoing commitments under operating leases for the hire of plant and equipment. Such commitments rarely exceed one month

Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited has issued performance undertakings in the normal course of business in respect of the activities of its subsidiaries.

The company, together with its subsidiaries has guaranteed the indebtedness of group companies to certain financial institutions. The indebtedness is secured by charges on the assets of the various group companies. The amounts outstanding in respect of guarantee facilities at 31 March 2006 was £305m (2005 £172m)



Notes (continued)

28 Related parties and control

The company's parent company is Ballymore Properties Holdings and Investments Limited, a company incorporated in Jersey That company's parent is Ballymore Properties, a company incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The company was controlled by Mr S Mulryan throughout the period. The largest group in which the results of the company and its subsidiary undertakings are consolidated is that headed by Ballymore Properties.

Vitely Limited, a 75% subsidiary of the company, holds 4,137,298 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of £1 each in Donwell Investments Limited, a company which is under the control of Mr Paddy Kelly, a director of Vitely Limited Dividend income during the year in respect of this investment amounted to £103,432 (2005 £103,432) There is dividend income receivable from Donwell Investments Limited of £310,297 (2005 £206,875) at year end

The company has availed of the exemption available in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 Related Party Disclosures, from disclosing transactions with its subsidiary companies

Significant transactions with other group companies are as follows

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Goods and services supplied to other group companies on normal trading terms Goods and services purchased from other group companies on	9,269	4,790
normal trading terms	67,099	-

The company provided services to Clearstorm Limited for a consideration of £7,828,000 (2005 £1,586,000)

Details of other related party transactions are disclosed throughout the financial statements as they arise

29 Post balance sheet events

There are no significant post balance sheet events which would materially affect the financial statements

30 Approval of financial statements

The directors approved the financial statements on 27 June 2006