# **Parker Plant Limited**

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 04908756 31 December 2014

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# **Contents**

Company information	1
Directors' report	2
Strategic report	3
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report, the Strategic Report and the	
financial statements	4
Report of the independent auditors to the members of Parker Plant Limited	5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes	. 8

# **Company information**

R D Sciville **Directors:** G B Dalby A K Butler G J Wheeler Secretary: S P Wilkinson Viaduct Works Registered office: Canon Street Leicester LE4 6GH 04908756 (England and Wales) Registered number: Auditor: KPMG LLP 1 Waterloo Way Leicester

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## Directors' report

for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### **Dividends**

During the year the directors declared an interim dividend of £nil (2013: £nil) and no final dividend is proposed.

#### Directors

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2014 to the date of this report.

R D Sciville

G B Dalby

A K Butler

G J Wheeler

The company has arranged insurance in respect of any liabilities of the directors or officers of the company arising from their duties in that role.

#### Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **Auditors**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the board:

S P Wilkinson

Secretary

12 March 2015

# Strategic report

#### Review and principal activities

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of design, manufacture and sale of asphalt plant, concrete plant, crushing and screening plant, bitumen handling and conveyor systems.

Despite the signs of improvement at the beginning of the year the company found certain overseas markets challenging during 2014 and sales decreased compared with the previous year. Despite these challenging conditions the company was able to maintain its gross profit margin.

Overheads for 2014 increased compared with the previous year, primarily due to the investment in new senior sales personnel and the company's attendance at two trade shows.

#### Financial instruments

The company does not actively use financial instruments as part of its risk management. It is only exposed to the usual credit and cash flow risk associated with selling on credit in the UK since all export sales are underpinned either by irrevocable letters of credit or substantial forward deposits and payments prior to despatch. In addition to the usual credit control procedures employed, the company maintains a credit insurance policy covering the majority of the outstanding debt.

#### **Business KPI's**

The directors use a number of performance indicators, both financial and non-financial, to evaluate the company's performance. However, gross margin, operating profit and cash generated are of particular importance in ensuring the successful management of the company.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors consider that the principal risks and uncertainties include the prevailing economic conditions within the construction industry as well as increased competition from low cost manufacturers. These risks are managed by ensuring that the company continues to expand into new markets and develops new products to enhance its offering.

#### Research and development

The company is committed to continued significant investment in research and development and the directors believe that it is this investment which enables the company to continue to generate strong gross margins. It is anticipated that research and development expenditure during 2015 will continue at or above its level during 2014.

## **Future developments**

Although the directors believe that market conditions will remain challenging during 2015 the start of the year has been encouraging. The company's investment in senior sales personnel, together with its commitment to establishing a distribution network, should begin to show results during the coming year.

On behalf of the board:

5. Wilkin

S P Wilkinson Secretary

12 March 2015

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report, the Strategic Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report, the Strategic Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



# Report of the independent auditors to the members of Parker Plant Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Parker Plant Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 on pages 6 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate">www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate</a>.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Ian Borley (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

1 Waterloo Way

Leicester

LE1 6LP

12 March 2015

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2014

·	Note	2014 £000	2013 £000
Turnover	2	14,714	18,501
Cost of sales		(10,746)	(13,538)
Gross profit		3,968	4,963
Administrative expenses		(3,881)	(3,453)
Operating profit	4	87	1,510
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(5)	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		82	1,510
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(37)	(273)
Profit for the financial year	15	45	1,237

In both the current and preceding year, the company made no material acquisitions and had no discontinued operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses in either the current or preceding year other than those disclosed in the profit and loss account, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

# Balance sheet as at 31 December 2014

`	37	2014		2013 £000	
	Note	£000	€000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	7		7,		194
Tangible assets	8		1,249		1,157
	•		1,256		1,351
Current assets			•		
Stocks	9	6,611		5,668	
Debtors	10	3,855		2,446	
Cash at bank and in hand		539		1,231	
		11,005		9,345	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(5,322)		(3,849)	
Net current assets		·	5,683	•	5,496
Total assets less current liabilities			6,939		6,847
Provisions for liabilities	13		(214)		(167)
Net assets	•		6,725		6,680
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		200		200
Profit & loss account	15	•	6,525		6,480
Shareholders' funds	16		6,725		6,680
					<del></del>

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 March 2015 and were signed on its behalf by:

G J Wheeler Director

Company number: 04908756

#### **Notes**

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. Hence, the company continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax and trade discounts. Revenue is recognised at the point of despatch.

#### Intangible fixed assets

Amortisation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Goodwill - 10% on cost Intellectual property - 20% on cost

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 10% - 20% on cost
Motor vehicles - 25% on cost
Computer equipment - 33% on cost

#### Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price, allowing for all further costs of disposal.

Cost includes all direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

#### Deferred tax

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group and where consolidated accounts are publically available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

#### 2 Turnover

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Home sales Export sales	4,394 10,320	5,504 12,997
	14,714	18,501
3 Staff costs		
•	2014 £000	2013 £000
Wages and salaries	2,789	2,443
Social security costs Other pension costs	259 79	225 65
	3,127	2,733
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:	<del></del>	
	2014 Number	2013 Number
Production	84	79
Management and administration Sales	13 · 18	11 15
	115	105

# 4 Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	2014 £000	2013 £000
Depreciation - owned assets	230	163
Goodwill amortisation	107	70
Intellectual property amortisation Auditors' remuneration	187 19	203 16
Foreign exchange differences	1	22
Hire of plant and machinery Operating lease - property rent	32 600	43 600
Rent receivable	(300)	(300)
5 Interest payable and similar charges		
	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Corporation tax interest	5	-
6 Taxation	•	
Analysis of the tax charge		
The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:		
	2014	2013
Current tax:	000£	£000
ÚK corporation tax	-	273
Corporation tax prior year	2	(36)
Total current tax	2	237
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	35	43
Effect of change in deferred tax rate		(7)
Total deferred tax	35	36
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	37	273

#### 6 Taxation (continued)

### Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2013: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.5% (2013: 23.25%). The differences are explained below:

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	82	1,510
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.5% (2013: 23.25%)	18	351
Effects of: Expenses not allowable for tax Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other timing differences Research and development credit Group relief surrendered Prior year adjustment to corporation tax	2 (40) 2 (21) 39 2	(52) 2 (29) - (36)
Current tax charge	2 	237

#### Factors affecting future tax charge

Reductions the UK Corporation Tax rate to 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly. The deferred tax balances at 31 December 2014 have been calculated based on the rate of 20% substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

### 7 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £000	Intellectual property £000	Totals £000
Cost:			
At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014	925	1,016	1,941
		·	
Accumulated amortisation:			
At 1 January 2014	925	822	1,747
	923	187	187
Amortisation for year	-	187	167
At 31 December 2014	925	1,009	1,934
Net book value:			
At 31 December 2014	•	7	7
		·	
	<del></del>		101
At 31 December 2013	-	194	194
	<del> </del>		

# 8 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £000	Motor vehicles £000	Computer equipment £000	Totals £000
Cost:	1.006	. 80	382	2 260
At 1 January 2014 Additions	1,906 263	31	28	2,368 322
Disposals	(11)	<u> </u>	(9)	(20)
At 31 December 2014	2,158	111	401	2,670
Accumulated depreciation:		<del></del>		
At 1 January 2014	836	33 .	342	1,211
Charge for year	185	22	. 23	230
Eliminated on disposal	(11)	-	(9)	(20)
At 31 December 2014	1,010	55	356	1,421
Net book value:		•		
At 31 December 2014	1,148	56	45	1,249
At 31 December 2013	1,070	47	40	1,157
9 Stocks			2014	2013
	·		£000	£000
Raw materials and consumables			1,717	1,274
Work-in-progress			4,068	3,603
Finished goods			826	791
			6,611	5,668
•				
10 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year				
			2014	2013
•			£000	£000
Trade debtors			3,220	1,362
Amounts owed to associate undertakings			66	-
Other debtors			305	643
VAT			-	284
Prepayments			264	157
			3,855	2,446
•				

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Trade creditors	1,400	1,432 700
Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to associate undertakings	1,700 249	533
Corporation tax	- 82	237 62
Social security and other tax Other creditors	251	235
Accruals and deferred income	1,640	650
	5,322	3,849

# 12 Operating lease commitments

The following operating lease payments are committed to be paid within one year:

		Land and buildings leases		Other operating leases		
	2014 £000	2013 £000	2014 £000	2013 £000		
Expiring:	£000	1000	rooo	1000		
Between two and five years	600	600	29	32		
	·					
13 Provisions for liabilities	·					
			2014	2013		
			£000	£000		
Deferred tax:			144	. 106		
Accelerated capital allowances Other timing differences			(18)	(15)		
•			126	91		
Other provisions:			120	71		
Warranty provision			88	76		
		,				
Aggregate amounts			214	167		
				•		
			Deferred	Warranty		
			tax	provision		
	·	•	€000	£000		
Balance at 1 January 2014			91	76		
Current year charge	•		35	12		
	•					
Balance at 31 December 2014			126	88		
	•					

14	Called	up	share	capital

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 200,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	200	200
15 Reserves		
		Profit and loss account £000
At 1 January 2014 Profit for the year		6,480 45
At 31 December 2014		6,525
16 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	2014 £000	2013 £000
Profit for the financial year	45	1,237
Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	45 6,680	1,237 5,443
Closing shareholders' funds	6,725	6,680

#### 17 Ultimate parent company

The immediate and ultimate parent company is Phoenix Parker Holdings Limited. Copies of the group accounts can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Viaduct Works, Canon Street, Leicester, LE4 6GH.

#### 18 Related party disclosures

During the year the company purchased goods amounting to £1,949,123 (2013: £3,133,460) from 3D Steelwork Ltd, an associated company. The balance outstanding at the year end was £491,291 (2013: £532,784).

During the year, the company sold goods amounting to £56,429 (2013: £nil) to 3D Steelwork Limited, an associated company. The balance outstanding at the year end was £65,734 (2013: £nil).

During the year, the company sold goods amounting to £358,607 (2013: £nil) to CMI Roadbuilding Limited, a company controlled by Mr GB Dalby. These amounts were settled in full during the year.

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Phoenix Parker Holdings Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS8 to not disclose transactions with other members of the group.

# 19 Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Mrs P L Dalby by virtue of her interest in the holding company.