Abbreviated financial statements

Year ended 30 June 2012

Registered number 4893541

TUESDAY



A20 02/04/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

#119

### Abbreviated financial statements

Contents	Page
Independent auditor's report on the abbreviated accounts	1
Balance sheet	3
Notes forming part of the abbreviated financial statements	4



# KPMG Chartered Accountants 1 Stokes Place St Stephen's Green Dublin 2 Ireland

Independent auditor's report to Alburn (Tradeston) Limited under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 7 together with the financial statements of Alburn (Tradeston) Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006 and our work has been undertaken solely for that purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the directors, as a body, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Register of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared

### Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with that regulations made under that section

### Other information

On 20 March 2013 we reported as auditor to the members of the company on the financial statements prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and our report included the following paragraph



Independent auditor's report to Alburn (Tradeston) Limited under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006 (continued)

### 'Emphasis of matter - going concern and valuation of development properties

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacies of the disclosure made in Note 1 to the financial statements concerning the valuation of the company's development properties and the company's ability to continue as a going concern, which is dependent on support from the company's bankers

A number of the company's current bank facilities are under review and are held on a demand basis Discussions are ongoing with the company's bankers and the directors are not aware of any issues which would prevent the bank renewing the facilities

In addition, the carrying value of the development properties is based on the assumption that adequate project finance will be available so as to develop such properties and realise their value through planned sales or rentals

These issues, which are set out in Note 1, indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern and the valuation of development properties

These financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the going concern basis of preparation being inappropriate.

Tom McEvoy (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG, Statutory Auditor

1 Stokes Place St Stephen's Green Dublin 2 20 March 2013

Balance sheet at 30 June 2012

	Notes	2012 STG£	2011 STG£
Current assets Stocks Debtors	2	1,500,000 49,874	8,050,400 46,516
		1,549,874	8,096,916
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(16,555,502)	(16,006,046)
Net liabilities		(15,005,628)	(7,909,130)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	4	250,000 1,799,982 (17,055,610)	250,000 1,799,982 (9,959,112)
Shareholders' deficit		(15,005,628)	(7,909,130)

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006

The financial statements were approved by the board of prirectors on 20 March 2013 and were signed

on its behalf by

Director

#### Notes

forming part of the abbreviated financial statements

### 1 Significant accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles under the historical cost convention, and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board

#### Development property and going concern

The company's principal bank facilities are under review and are held on a demand basis. As a result these facilities are recorded as current liabilities in the financial statements. Discussions are ongoing with the company's bankers. As at the date of approval of these financial statements, the company's bankers have not demanded repayment of the loans nor have they indicated that it is their intention to do so in the foreseeable future. The directors believe that the negotiations with the company's bankers will result in renewed banking facilities being obtained.

The company's financial statements show development properties, consisting of land and buildings held for redevelopment and development ('the property'). The ability of the company to complete and realise the value of the property post development is uncertain due to a number of factors arising from current market conditions. The company is currently involved in a planning and site assembly process in respect of the property and is continuing to take the necessary steps to maintain and secure the required financing to bring the proposed redevelopments and developments to a successful conclusion. The directors have reviewed the carrying value of the property in the context of current market conditions and believe appropriate impairment provisions have been made against the value of the property

At the balance sheet date, the company has recognised receivables from other group undertakings which have an excess of liabilities over assets. Therefore these group undertakings would not be in a position to discharge the balances due to the company in full at that date. The group undertakings ability to repay such balances is dependent on the continuing financial support from its bankers and loan providers and the recovery in the property market in the UK which would increase the valuation of its property portfolio. The group undertakings have received such financial support from its bankers and loan providers for the foreseeable future. There is however uncertainty regarding the ultimate recoverability and the timing of receipt of such group receivables.

This indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company may therefore be unable to continue realising its assets and discharging its liabilities in the normal course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from a withdrawal of the loan facilities by the Company's bankers.

The directors have reviewed the projected performance of the company for a period of one year from the date of approval of the financial statements. Notwithstanding that the company has net liabilities at year end, the directors are satisfied the company has adequate resources including the renewed banking facilities to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and, for this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Notes (continued)

### 1 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **Turnover**

Turnover, which is stated net of VAT, represents sundry income, recognised on an accruals basis

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In the case of finished goods and work in progress cost is defined as the aggregate cost of raw materials, direct labour and the attributable proportion of direct production overheads. Net realisable value is based on normal selling price, less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Provision is made at the rates expected to apply when the timing differences reverse. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and the results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

### Cash flow statement

The directors have availed of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 1 and, accordingly, no cash flow statement is presented

Notes (continued)

2	Debtors		
		2012	2011
		STG£	STG£
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Trade debtors	17,642	8,138
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	32,232	30,104
	Other debtors	-	1,932
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	6,342
		40.05.4	46.516
		49,874	46,516
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	<i>y •••</i>	2012	2011
		STG£	STG£
	Bank loans	13,141,141	13,141,138
	Bank overdraft	405,604	208,672
	Trade creditors	11,538	95,660
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,691,780	1,662,492
	Other payables	506,916	506,916
	Accruals	798,523	391,168
		16,555,502	16,006,046
4	Colled up ahous soulted		
4	Called up share capital	2012	2011
		STG£	STG£
	Authorised	250,000	250,000
	250,000 ordinary shares of STG£1 each	250,000	250,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	250,000 ordinary shares of STG£1 each	250,000	250,000

Notes (continued)

### 5 Related party transactions

The directors are availing of the exemption available under FRS 8, Related Party Disclosures, not to disclose details of transactions with the other companies in the Jasper Investment Holdings Limited Group

### 6 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company is a 75% subsidiary of Paramatta Limited, a company registered in Jersey The ultimate parent undertaking is Jasper Investment Holdings Limited, a company registered in Hong Kong The remaining 25% interest is owned by John Smyth

### 7 Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant post balance sheet events

### 8 Security

All of the assets and undertakings of the company have been pledged as security in respect of bank loans of the company and the group and in addition the company has provided a cross guarantee in respect of such loans

### 9 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the board on 20 March 2013