Company No: 4888875

# ATLAS REMOVAL SERVICES LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008



17/03/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

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# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

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#### ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF ATLAS REMOVAL SERVICES LIMITED

#### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

In accordance with our terms of engagement, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 1985, we have compiled the accounts of the company set out on pages 2 to 6 from the accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us.

This report is made to the Company's Directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the accounts that we have been engaged to compile, report to the Company's Directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with technical guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of accounts.

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet as at 31 October 2008 your duty to ensure that the company has kept proper accounting records and to prepare accounts that give a true and fair view under the Companies Act 1985. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the accounts.

For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the accounts.

Moore and Inalley (1)
Moore and Smalley LLP

Chartered Accountants

Priory Close St Mary's Gate

Lancaster

Lancashire

LA1 1XB

16 March 2009

# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

# 31 OCTOBER 2008

		2008		2007	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets	2				
Intangible assets			17,490		20,905
Tangible assets			42,817		58,546
			60,307		79,451
Current assets					
Stocks		1,525		1,895	
Debtors		23,111		30,032	
Cash at bank and in hand		12		9,026	
		24,648		40,953	
Creditors: amounts falling due with	iin one				
year		52,060		49,817	
Net current liabilities			(27,412)		(8,864)
Total assets less current liabilities			32,895		70,587
Creditors: amounts falling due afte	r more				
than one year			27,505		39,827
Provisions for liabilities			2,660		3,717
			2,730	•	27,043
Capital and reserves			***		100
Called-up equity share capital	4		100		100
Profit and loss account			2,630		26,943
Shareholders' funds			2,730		27,043
			<del>- ,'                                   </del>		

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### **31 OCTOBER 2008**

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the accounts for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 09,03,09...., and are signed on their behalf by:

Ms & P J Michiels

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

## 1 Accounting policies

## **Basis of accounting**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts, to the extent that the company has a right to consideration arising from the performance of its contractual arrangements.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

10 years straight line

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

25% reducing balance

Computer equipment

33% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Deferred** taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

## 2 Fixed assets

	Intangible _		
		gible Assets	Total
	£	£	£
Cost		00.0=4	
At 1 November 2007	34,150	98,856	133,006
Disposals	_	(4,172)	(4,172)
At 31 October 2008	34,150	94,684	128,834
Depreciation			
At 1 November 2007	13,245	40,310	53,555
Charge for year	3,415	14,409	17,824
On disposals	<u> </u>	(2,852)	(2,852)
At 31 October 2008	16,660	51,867	68,527
Net book value			
At 31 October 2008	17,490	42,817	60,307
At 31 October 2007	20,905	58,546	79,451

## 3 Transactions with the directors

During the year the company paid to the directors, Mr A W Whitehead and Ms S P J Michiels, rent of £3,000 for the use of the business premises.

In the year 31 October 2008 dividends of £14,100 were paid to both Mr A W Whitehead and Ms S P J Michiels.

# 4 Share capital

# Authorised share capital:

		2008 £		2007 £
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	***	1,000	_	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2008		2007	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100