Registration number: 04881587

Langland Technical Services Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

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Company Information

Director Mr Steven Skipper

Company secretary Allison Marie Skipper

Registered office 50 Langland

King's Lynn Norfolk PE30 4TH

Accountants Hayhow & Co

Chartered Certified Accountants & Business Advisers

19 King Street King's Lynn Norfolk PE30 1HB

(Registration number: 04881587) Statement of financial position as at 30 September 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	815	938
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	3,585	4,896
Debtors	<u>6</u>	-	2,250
Cash at bank and in hand		13,804	1,424
		17,389	8,570
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	(7,729)	(9,220)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		9,660	(650)
Total assets less current liabilities		10,475	288
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(10,000)	-
Provisions for liabilities		(201)	(178)
Net assets		274	110
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		174	10
Shareholders' funds		274	110

For the financial year ending 30 September 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Statement of comprehensive income has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 13 January 2021

(Registration number: 04881587) Statement of financial position as at 30 September 2020

Mr Steven Skipper Director	

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 50 Langland King's Lynn Norfolk PE30 4TH

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 13 January 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Furniture and fittings

25% Reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statement of comprehensive income over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2019 - 2).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

4 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 October 2019 Additions	6,321 150	6,321 150
At 30 September 2020	6,471	6,471
Depreciation		
At 1 October 2019 Charge for the year	5,383 273	5,383 273
At 30 September 2020	5,656	5,656
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2020	815	815
At 30 September 2019	938	938
5 Stocks		
5 Stocks	2020	2019
Work in progress	£ 2,585	£ 3,896
Other inventories	1,000	1,000
	3,585	4,896
6 Debtors		
	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	<u>-</u>	2,169
Other debtors		81
	<u>-</u>	2,250

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

	2020	2019
	£	£
Due within one year		
Taxation and social security	129	3,787
Accruals and deferred income	2,042	1,981
Other creditors	687	-
Tax liability	4,871	3,452
	7,729	9,220

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	10,000	_

Note

2020

2020

2019

2010

8 Share capital

Creditors

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

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	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100

Each share is entitled to one vote in any circumstances and each share is also entitled pari passu to dividend payments or any other distribution, including a distribution arising from a winding up of the company.

9 Loans and borrowings

	2020 £	2019 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	10,000	

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.