### **EQUI REHAB LIMITED**

**REGISTERED NUMBER: 04872341** 

Report of the Directors and

**Unaudited Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 30 June 2016

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## Contents of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Page
Company Information	3
Report of the Directors	4
Statement of Comprehensive Income	5
Statement of Changes in Equity	6
Statement of Financial Position	7
Cash Flow Statement	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9-12

### **EQUI REHAB LIMITED**

# Company Information for the year ended 30 June 2016

Directors:

J Cosgrove M Bilham

**Company Secretary:** 

A Dunkerley

Registered office:

3rd Floor, 21 High Street, Feltham, England, TW13 4AG

Registered number:

04872341

## Report of the Directors for the year ended 30 June 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2016. The comparative period is for the 18 month period ended 30 June 2015. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101") and the Companies Act 2006. In these financial statements, the Company has adopted FRS 101 for the first time.

#### Principal activity

The company had minimal activity during the year.

#### Review of business

The company made a loss before taxation of £2,257 (period ended 30 June 2015: loss of £77).

With effect from 1 October 2016, the company was sold, as part of the sale of a consolidated group of companies, to an investor group. This is detailed further in note 13.

#### **Directors**

The directors who have held office during the year from 1 July 2015 to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated, are as follows:

M Bilham – Appointed 5 December 2016 J Cosgrove – Appointed 16 November 2016 K Fowlie – Resigned 16 November 2016 R Fielding – Resigned 17 September 2015

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
  continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

For the year ended 30 June 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies, and the directors are satisfied that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of that Act.

On behalf of the board:

Date: 24 March 2017

# Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2016 £	Period ended 30 June 2015 £
Administrative expenses		(2,257)	(77)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(2,257)	(77)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	4	•	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year/perior	d	(2,257)	(77)

All results relate to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Called up share capital £	Accumulated losses	Total equity £
At 1 July 2015		(2,618)	(2,617)
Loss for the year	-	(2,257)	(2,257)
At 30 June 2016		(4,875)	(4,874)

For the period ended 30 June 2015

	Called up share capital £	Accumulated losses £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2014	1	(2,541)	(2,540)
Loss for the period	-	(77)	(77)
At 30 June 2015	1	(2,618)	(2,617)

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Financial Position 30 June 2016

		30 June 2016	30 June 2015
	Notes	£	£
Current assets	_	400	04.754
Debtors	5	190	24,751
Current liabilities			
Overdrafts		-	166
Amounts falling due within one year	6	5,064	27,202
		5,064	27,368
Net liabilities		(4,874)	(2,617)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	1	1
Accumulated losses	·	(4,875)	(2,618)
Total equity		(4,874)	(2,617)

For the year ended 30 June 2016, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies, and the directors are satisfied that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of that Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial period and of its profit or loss for the financial period in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements of Equi Rehab Limited, registered number 04872341, on pages 5 to 12 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 March 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

J Cosgrove - Director

# Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 June 2016

÷ :	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2016 £	Period ended 30 June 2015 £
Cash flow from operating activities Cash generated from/(used by) operations	9	166	(697)
Tax paid	Č	-	-
Net cash generated from/(used by) operating activitie	es _	166	(697)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent	s _	166	(697)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year/period		(166)	531
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year/per	iod	•	(166)

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

### 1. Accounting policies

#### Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101") and the Companies Act 2006. This is the first year in respect of which the company has prepared its financial statements under FRS 101. The previous financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2015 were prepared in accordance with the previous UK GAAP. The date of transition to FRS 101 for the company was 1 January 2014. There were no changes in accounting policies or transition adjustments in preparing financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2015. Therefore no reconciliation between UK GAAP as previously reported and FRS 101 has been prepared for both total comprehensive income for the period ended 30 June 2015 and total equity as at 1 January 2014 and 30 June 2015.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed below.

### Impairment of debtors

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade debtors. When assessing impairment of trade debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience.

A summary of the significant accounting policies is set out below.

#### Going concern

The directors consider that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

### **Taxation**

Current tax, including corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities ansing from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 June 2016

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### Taxation (continued)

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

### 2. Staff costs

There were no staff costs for the year ended 30 June 2016, nor for the period ended 30 June 2015.

### 3. Directors' remuneration

During the year, no director received any emoluments (period ended 30 June 2015: £Nil).

### 4. Taxation

### Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year ended 30 June 2016 and for the period ended June 2015.

### 5. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

6.		s ed by group undertakings nounts falling due within one year	<u>-</u>	30 June 2016 £ 190 	30 June 2015 £ 5,509 19,242 24,751
				30 June 2016 £	30 June 2015 £
	Trade credito Other credito		_	5,064 - 5,064	5,064 22,138 27,202
7.	Called up sha	re capital	_		
	Allotted, issu Number: 1	ued and fully paid: Class: Ordinary	Nominal value: £1	30 June 2016 £ 1	30 June 2015 £

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 June 2016

### 8. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent company is Crusader Group Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent is Crusader Assistance Group Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

### 9. Cash generated from/(used by) operations

	Year ended 30 June 2016 £	Period ended 30 June 2015 £
Loss before taxation	(2,257)	(77)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital and provisions	(2,257)	. (77)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables (Decrease)/ increase in net inter-company payables	5,319 (2,896)	(5,509) 4,889
Cash generated from/(used by) operations	166	(697)

### 10. Analysis of changes in net funds

	At 1 July 2015 £	Cash flow £	At 30 June 2016 £
Overdrafts	(166)	166	-
Total	(166)	166	-

### 11. Related party disclosures

### Transactions with related companies

There were no balances with related companies at the year end (period ended 30 June 2015: £nil)

### Compensation of key management personnel

During the year, no director received any emoluments (period ended 30 June 2015: £nil).

### 12. Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise cash and liquid resources and various items such as receivables and payables that arise from its operations. The Company does not use derivatives. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to manage the Company's operations. It is, and has been throughout the period under review, the policy of the Company that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

### Interest risk and sensitivity

The Company has no third party debt and therefore has no exposure to interest risk.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 June 2016

### 12. Financial instruments (continued)

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

30 Jun 2016	Carrying amount £	Contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year £	Between 1-5 years £
Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade creditors	5,064	5,064	5,064	-

#### Credit risk

The Company is not subject to significant concentration of credit risk. The company's maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset is as follows:

		30 June 2016	30 June 2015
		£	£
	Note		
Non-derivative financial assets		,	
Trade debtors	6	190	5,509

All credit risk for trade debtors at the reporting date resides with third parties based in the United Kingdom and is denominated in sterling.

Included in the above is an amount of £nil which represents debtors which are past their due date but not impaired (30 June 2015: £nil). As at 30 June 2016, no debtors were determined to be impaired (30 June 2015: £nil).

The ageing of trade debtors at the reporting date was as follows:

	30 June 2016	30 June 2016	30 June 2016
	£	£	£
	Gross	Provision for impairment	Net
Not past due	190	<u> </u>	190

### 13. Post balance sheet event

With effect from 1 October 2016, the company was sold, as part of the sale of a consolidated group of companies, to a group of private shareholders. They are:

J Cosgrove

M Bower-Dyke

M Bilham

A Dunkerley

D Coles