# AARON FLOORING SERVICES LTD

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2017

## **AARON FLOORING SERVICES LTD**

Registered number: 04856916

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 March 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		2,709		3,386
Current assets					
Stocks		4,500		4,250	
Debtors	3	1,732		1,380	
Cash at bank and in hand		13,051		1,117	
		19,283		6,747	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(10,482)		(2,788)	
Net current assets			8,801		3,959
Net assets		-	11,510	-	7,345
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			11,410		7,245
Shareholders' funds		•	11,510	-	7,345

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Thomas Hudd

Director

Approved by the board on 1 August 2017

#### AARON FLOORING SERVICES LTD

#### **Notes to the Accounts**

## for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 20% Reducing Balance
Motor vehicles 20% Reducing Balance

### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing

differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

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## 2 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery	Motor	
		etc	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2016	4,243	16,270	20,513
	At 31 March 2017	4,243	16,270	20,513
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2016	2,433	14,694	17,127
	Charge for the year	362	315	677
	At 31 March 2017	2,795	15,009	17,804
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2017	1,448	1,261	2,709
	At 31 March 2016	1,810	1,576	3,386
3	Debtors		2017	2016
			£	£
	Trade debtors		1,732	1,054
	CIS Recievable		-	326
		•	1,732	1,380

£	£
4,245	1,020
920	924
1,951	803
3,366	41
10,482	2,788
	4,245 920 1,951 3,366

# 5 Related party transactions

2 0 1 7						2	0	1	6
£									£
Thomas							Ηı	u d	d
Director									
During the year the	following	dividends	were	paid	to	the	0	2,4	00
director	o f		the			СО	m p	a n	у.
Lauren							Ηι	n q	d
Company						Sec	rе	t a	rу
During the year the following	, dividends we	re paid to the	0 1,600						

# 6 Controlling party

For the whole year the company was under the control of Thomas Hudd, a major shareholder and director of the company.

# 7 Other information

AARON FLOORING SERVICES LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

18 Frinton Road

Thorpe-Le-Soken

Essex

CO16 0HP

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