

THOROGOOD PUBLISHING LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

THOROGOOD PUBLISHING LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 04853173

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Current assets			
Stocks	4	1,519	3,487
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	188	60
Cash at bank and in hand	6	15,816	20,095
		<u>17,523</u>	<u>23,642</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(87,102)	(97,642)
Net current liabilities		<u>(69,579)</u>	<u>(74,000)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(69,579)</u>	<u>(74,000)</u>
Net liabilities		<u>(69,579)</u>	<u>(74,000)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	264,688	264,688
Share premium account	9	48,100	48,100
Profit and loss account	9	(382,367)	(386,788)
		<u>(69,579)</u>	<u>(74,000)</u>

THOROGOOD PUBLISHING LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 04853173

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

N Rossey
Director

Date: 26 September 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

THOROGOOD PUBLISHING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Thorogood Publishing Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales, United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 10-12 Rivington Street, London, EC2A 3DU.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of book publishing.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The Company's financial statement have been rounded to the nearest pound.

No significant judgements have been made in applying the accounting policies adopted.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 GOING CONCERN

The directors have considered the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements, noting forecasts and plans going forward, and the reliance on the shareholders for continued financial support.

The current plans and forecasts indicate that the company will require the continued support of the shareholders to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, being a period of not less than 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. The directors are confident that the shareholders have the intention and ability to provide the support needed and hence consider it appropriate to continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The financial statements do not contain any adjustments that would be required if the Company was not able to continue as a going concern.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

2.4 TURNOVER

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.5 STOCKS

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.6 DEBTORS

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.8 CREDITORS

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.10 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.11 INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

THOROGOOD PUBLISHING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.12 TAXATION

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2021 - 2).

4. STOCKS

	2022 £	2021 £
Work in progress (goods to be sold)	1,519	3,487
	<u>1,519</u>	<u>3,487</u>

THOROGOOD PUBLISHING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5. DEBTORS

	2022 £	2021 £
Other debtors	188	-
Prepayments and accrued income	-	60
	<u>188</u>	<u>60</u>

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>15,816</u>	<u>20,095</u>

7. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade creditors	6,052	4,142
Amounts owed to group undertakings	72,008	86,252
Other taxation and social security	-	58
Other creditors	3,260	2,690
Accruals and deferred income	5,782	4,500
	<u>87,102</u>	<u>97,642</u>

8. SHARE CAPITAL

	2022 £	2021 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
264,688 (2021 - 264,688) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<u>264,688</u>	<u>264,688</u>

THOROGOOD PUBLISHING LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

9. RESERVES

Share premium account

Share premium account represents the amount above the nominal value received for shares sold, less transactions costs.

Profit and loss account

Includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses less any dividends paid.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from the requirement to disclose transactions with wholly owned group companies.

11. CONTROLLING PARTY

The parent undertaking is Falconbury Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. There is no ultimate controlling party of the Company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.