(Limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Registered in England and Wales number 04851000

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Annual Report and Financial Statements

Contents	
	Page
Company Information	
Directors' Report	1
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	2 - 3
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Statement of Comprehensive Income	5 - 8
Balance Sheet	9
Statement of Changes in Equity	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11
and a monotal Statements	12 - 15

Company Information

Directors

The Hon Robert Anthony Rayne Nicholas Robert Friedlos

Secretary

IQ EQ Corporate Services (UK) Limited 4th Floor, 3 More London Riverside Landon SE1 2AQ

Auditor

BDO LLP

55 Baker Street

London W1U 7EU

Registered office

3 Bromley Place

London W1T 6DB

Registered number

04851000

Directors' Report

The Directors present their Annual Report and the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

The Company is an investment holding company, limited by guarantee. The Directors foresee no material change in the nature of the Company's activities.

The investment policy and objective of the Company is predominantly focused on private equity investment.

Small Companies' Exemption

In preparing the Directors' Report advantage has been taken of the small companies' exemption provided by S414B of the Companies Act 2006 and of the exemption of preparing a strategic report.

Going concern

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in note 1 of these financial statements.

Business review

The Company does not have any employees, nor does it trade on its own account. Any income received, or expenses incurred, results from the actions taken by its ultimate parent company, LMS Capital plc, and which, for financial reporting purposes, are accounted for in the Company's financial records

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company are integrated with those of its ultimate parent company and are not managed separately. The principal risks and uncertainties faced by LMS Capital plc are set out in its annual report and accounts which does not form part of this report.

The Directors of the Company believe that an analysis of the Company's operations using key performance indicators is neither necessary nor appropriate as the operations of the Company are managed by LMS Capital plc on a consolidated investment management business basis.

Copies of LMS Capital plc's report and accounts can be found in the Investor Relations section on its website, www.lmscapital.com or a paper copy can be requested from its registered office, 3 Bromley Place, London, United Kingdom, W1T 6DB.

Directors' Report (continued)

Financial review and dividends

The results for the year are set out in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 9. No

political or charitable donations were made during the year (2021; £nil).

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2021: £nil).

Directors

The Directors who held office during the year and as at the date of approving the Directors' Report

and Financial Statements were as follows

The Hon Robert Anthony Rayne Nicholas Robert Friedlos

Disclosure of information to auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information as defined by the Companies Act 2006, of which the Company's auditor is unaware; each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to

establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

In accordance with S487 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution for the re-appointment of BDO LLP as auditor of the Company was proposed at the Annual General Meeting of the Ultimate Parent Company LMS Capital plc, which was held on 17 May 2023. In this AGM, it was resolved that BDO LLP be re-appointed as auditor to the Company to hold office until the conclusion at the next Annual

General Meeting.

On behalf of the board

Nicholas Robert Friedlos

Director

3 Bromley Place

London, United Kingdom

W1T 6DB

12 June 2023

3

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law, the Directors have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law, the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period

In preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TIGER INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Opinion on the financial statements

in our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of
 its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of Tiger Investments Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise Statement of Comprehensive Income. Balance Sheet. Statement of Changes in Equity and the Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TIGER INVESTMENTS LIMITED (continued)

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard

Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit

- the information given in the Directors report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TIGER INVESTMENTS LIMITED (continued)

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the entity.
 We determined that the most significant regulations which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements are those related to the reporting framework (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).
- We enquired of management to identify how the entity is complying with those legal and regulatory frameworks and whether there were any known instances of non-compliance, or any actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We corroborated our enquiries through review of the LMS Capital Group's board minutes and professional fee expenses
- We assessed the risk of susceptibility of the entity's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur and determined the principle risks related to incomplete expenditure

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TIGER INVESTMENTS LIMITED (continued)

- We challenged assumptions made by management in their significant accounting estimates and judgements.
- We considered the entity's control environment that has been established to prevent, detect and deter fraud.
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the
 appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments in the general ledger and evaluated
 the business rationale of any significant transactions that were unusual or outside the normal
 course of business.
- We communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all
 engagement team members and discussed how and where these might occur and remained
 alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the
 audit.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

— Docusigned by:

Orla Ruilly

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Orla Reilly (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor
London, UK

13 June 2023

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	<u>Notes</u>	Year ended 31-Dec-22 £	Year ended 31-Dec-21 £
Fair value movement of investment in subsidiary	4	(3,321)	(3,732)
Administrative expenses	2	(6,435)	(4,500)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	-	(9,756)	(8,232)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3		
Loss for the year		(9,756)	(8.232)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(9,756)	(8.232)

All results are derived from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 12 to 15 form part of the Financial Statements.

Company Registration Number: 04851000

Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	<u>31-Dec-22</u> £	31-Dec-21 £
Non-current assets			
Investment in subsidiary undertaking	4	1,173,148	1,176,469
Debtors	5 _	7,564	12,064
Total non-current assets		1,180,712	1.188,533
Creditors	6	(6,435)	(4,500)
Net assets	_	1,174,277	1,184,033
Capital and reserves Retained earnings		1,174,277	1,184,033
Equity shareholders' funds		1,174,277	1.184.033

The notes on pages 12 to 15 form part of the Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 June 2023 and were signed on its behalf by

Nicholas Robert Friedlos

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2021	-	-	1,192,265	1.192,265
Loss for the year	-	-	(8.232)	(8.232)
Balance at 31 December 2021	-	-	1,184,033	1,184,033
Loss for the year	-	-	(9,756)	(9,756)
Balance at 31 December 2022			1,174,277	1,174,277

The notes on pages 12 to 15 form part of the Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Principal accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently for material items in the Financial Statements.

Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101) in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), and under the historic cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investments in group undertakings that are stated at fair value rather than cost less provision for diminution in value.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of another UK undertaking and has dispensed with the requirement to prepare group accounts as permitted by \$400 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Company, on a standalone basis, is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS 101). In preparing these Financial Statements, the Company has taken advantage of all disclosure exemptions granted by FRS 101. Therefore, these Financial Statements do not include:

- certain comparative information as required by IFRS;
- certain disclosures regarding the Company's capital;
- · a Statement of Cash flows.
- the effect of future accounting standards not yet adopted; and
- disclosure of the related party transactions with other wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group

Moreover, in accordance with FRS 101, further disclosure exemptions have been adopted because the equivalent disclosures are included in the group accounts of LMS Capital Group Limited. These Financial Statements do not include certain disclosures in respect of:

- financial instruments and
- fair value measurement

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

The Directors have carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks and concluded that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company will continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over a three-year period from the date of this report. This assessment included reviewing the liquidity forecasts of the Company and wider Group that include the flexibility in the dividend policy and lack of any external debt, the significant Group cash balances on hand at 31 December 2022, the expected future expenditures and commitments and the latest report on the investment portfolio. In preparing this liquidity forecast, consideration has been given to the expected ongoing impact of the war in Ukraine on the Company and the wider Group as well as the potential impact on the underlying investee companies. The Directors have considered these factors for a period not less than 12 months from the date of this report. The Directors have, therefore, adopted the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements.

The Company has no cash balances. Liabilities are settled by the ultimate parent company, LMS Capital plc, when they fall due. Confirmation has been received from LMS Capital plc that it intends to provide support to the company for the foreseeable future.

Investments in subsidiary undertaking

The Company's investment in subsidiary undertaking is stated at the Directors' valuation on a basis which takes account of the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary undertaking at 31 December 2022. Fair value movements arising from the Directors' valuation are taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Taxation

Corporation tax payable both in the UK and overseas is provided on taxable profits at the current rate. Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition in a tax computation that are not expected to be recovered in the short term. Deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed, at the balance sheet date that may give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the near future. No deferred tax asset is recognised as at 31 December 2022.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Creditors

The Company's creditors include amounts payable to the ultimate parent company. These are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are recognised on an accruals basis

Capital and reserves

Capital and reserves for the Company represents the Profit and loss reserve.

Retained earnings – the cumulative net profit or loss of the Company and the changes in fair value of the investment in subsidiary undertaking.

2 Administrative expenses

2 Administrative expenses		
	31- <u>Dec</u> -22	31-Dec-21
	£	£
Audit fees	6,435	4,500
3 Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
	Year ended	Year ended
	31-Dec-2022	31-Dec-2021
Analysis of tax charge for the year	£	£
Current tax charge	-	_
Surress tax charge		
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
Current tax reconciliation		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(9,756)	(8,232)
Current tax at 19% (2021: 19%)	(1,854)	(1,564)
Outlieft tax at 1570 (2021: 1570)	(1,004)	(1,004)
Effects of:		
Impairment charges not deductible	631	709
Transfer pricing adjustments	(862)	(1,215)
Deferred tax asset not recognised	2,085	2,070
•		
Tax charge for the year		

The Company has tax losses available for offset against future chargeable gains of £75.944 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: £67.503). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of these losses because the amount and timing of their utilisation is uncertain.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4 Investment in subsidiary undertaking

	<u>31-Dec-22</u>	<u>31-Dec-21</u>
Valuation	£	£
As at 1 January	1,176,469	1,180,201
Fair value movement	(3,321)	(3,732)
As at 31 December	1,173,148	1,176,469

The investment in subsidiary undertaking is as follows:

Nar	ne	Country of registration	%	Activity
LMS	S Tiger Investments (II) Limited	England and Wales	30	Holding Company
The registered address of the above Company is 3 Bromley Place, London, United Kingdom, W1T 6DB				
5	Debtors	<u>3</u>	1-Dec-22 £	31-Dec-21 £
Amo	ounts owed by the ultimate parent		7,564	12,064
6	Creditors	<u>3</u>	<u>1-Dec-22</u> £	31-Dec-21 £

7 Related party transactions

Accruals

The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions available in FRS 101 for IAS24 'Related Party Disclosures' from disclosing details of transactions with other wholly owned group companies

6,435

4,500

8 Immediate and ultimate parent company

The Company is controlled by LMS Capital Holdings Limited, the Company's immediate parent company. The ultimate controlling party at the balance sheet date is LMS Capital plc, the Company's ultimate parent company, which is incorporated in England and Wales. As a consequence of the adoption of an amendment to IFRS 10, the ultimate parent company LMS Capital plc no longer prepares consolidated accounts. LMS Capital Group Limited, a 100% owned subsidiary of LMS Capital plc, now prepares consolidated Financial Statements. The Financial Statements of LMS Capital Group Limited include the results of the Company. The consolidated Financial Statements of LMS Capital Group Limited may be obtained at the following address 3 Bromley Place, London, United Kingdom, W1T 6DB

9 Subsequent events

There are no subsequent events that would materially affect the interpretation of these Financial Statements.