# UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 FOR MACRANET LIMITED

# CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

#### **MACRANET LIMITED**

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

**DIRECTORS:** L M Chaddock M E W Jackson L M Chaddock SECRETARY: **REGISTERED OFFICE:** T/A Sentiment Regus, Fowler Avenue Farnborough Business Park Farnborough Hampshire GU14 7JF **REGISTERED NUMBER:** 04848068 (England and Wales) **ACCOUNTANTS:** Hartley Fowler LLP Chartered Accountants

Wimbledon London

4th Floor Tuition House 27-37 St George's Road

#### BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2020

		202	2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible assets	4		2,020		3,063	
Investments	5		4		205	
			2,024		3,268	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors	6	237,172		260,278		
Cash at bank		35,963		8,396		
		273,135		268,674		
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due within one year	7	182,950		148,124		
NET CURRENT ASSETS			90,185		120,550	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT						
LIABILITIES			92,209		123,818	
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due after more than one						
year	8		41,471		126,000	
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			50,738		(2,182)	
·						
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital			2,293		2,293	
Share premium			2,751,933		2,751,933	
Retained earnings			(2,703,488)		(2,756,408)	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			50,738		(2,182)	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

# BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 DECEMBER 2020

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 26 February 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

L M Chaddock - Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Macranet Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Going concern

The company has put in place agreements which give rise to future contracted revenue and has built a pipeline of future opportunities. The company's principal investors have in the past supported the company with investment funding as required.

Based on the achievement of management's forecasts for the business, the directors are of the opinion that the company has adequate working capital to cover its foreseeable requirements and is a going concern. Accordingly these financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Macranet Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

#### Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods and services, excluding value added tax, except in respect of service contracts where turnover is recognised when the company obtains the right to consideration.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for products and/or services delivered in the normal course of business. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances whenever applicable based on historical data and expectations of future sales.

## Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost

Computer equipment - 33% on reducing balance

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised when the entity has reasonable assurance that conditions attached to the grant will be complied with and that the grant will be received.

Revenue grants are recognised using the accrual model and are therefore recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Revenue grants are measured at fair value, being the amount of cash receivable.

For loans received under the Bounce Back Loan Scheme, the amount of interest payable to the lender by the government on behalf of the company is recognised as both grant income and as an interest charge in profit and loss.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less any provisions for impairment in value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Financial instruments

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivables or payables within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price, which includes any transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

## Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

## Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2019 - 2).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Fixtures		
		and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	COST	_	~	~
	At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	5,841	86,118	91,959
	DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2020	5,693	83,203	88,896
	Charge for year	81	962	1,043
	At 31 December 2020	5,774	<u>84,165</u>	<u>89,939</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2020	67	1,953	2,020
	At 31 December 2019	148	2,915	3,063
5.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			
٠.				Shares in
				group undertakings £
	COST			Z.
	At 1 January 2020			205
	Disposals			<u>(201</u> )
	At 31 December 2020 NET BOOK VALUE			4
	At 31 December 2020			4
	At 31 December 2019			205
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2020	2019
	Trade debtors		£ 12,000	£ 38,030
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		38,362	47,229
	Other debtors		186,810	175,019
			237,172	260,278
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2020	2019
	Bank loans and overdrafts		£ 3,779	£
	Trade creditors		8,470	8,470
	Taxation and social security		8,849	3,199
	Other creditors		<u>161,852</u> 182,950	<u>136,455</u> 148,124
			102,900	140,124

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans	36,221	-
	Other creditors	5,250	126,000
		41,471	126,000
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	4,229	

On 21 January 2019 the company issued unsecured fixed rate convertible loan notes of £126,000. The loan notes bear interest at 18%. At the balance sheet date the total balance outstanding is £84,000 (2019 - £126,000) and is included within other creditors.

## 9. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019:

	2020	2019
	£	£
L M Chaddock		
Balance outstanding at start of year	2,155	549
Amounts advanced	2,250	4,606
Amounts repaid	(4,405)	(3,000)
Amounts written off	<u>-</u>	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	<del></del>	<u>2,155</u>

The balance is not secured, has no repayment terms and bears no interest.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.