DOLPHIN MOTORHOMES LTD

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT,

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Hopper Williams & Bell Limited
Statutory Auditor
Highland House
Mayflower Close
Chandler's Ford
Eastleigh
Hampshire
SO53 4AR

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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

DIRECTORS:

J M Willis

D H Willis T M Willis

REGISTERED OFFICE:

478 Bursledon Road

Southampton Hampshire SO19 8NH

REGISTERED NUMBER:

04837196 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Hopper Williams & Bell Limited Statutory Auditor Highland House

Highland House Mayflower Close Chandler's Ford Eastleigh Hampshire SO53 4AR

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

Dolphin Motorhomes Ltd is a family run dealer specialising in the retail sale and service of motorhomes, with over 40 years industry experience.

The results for the Group show a pre-tax profit of £1.7m (2020: £786k) for the year and a turnover of £20.9m (2020: £10.4m). The Group has net assets of £9.3m (2020: £8.3m).

On 13 November 2020, Dolphin Motorhomes Limited acquired 100% of the share capital of Skidz Leisure Limited, trading as Dolphin Dorset, to commence the process of handing over the business from father to sons and consolidate business interests. On 31 December 2020, the trade and assets of this subsidiary were transferred to its parent company.

The Group has maintained strong revenue again this year and good profit retention.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The main risks to the future of the business are the level and quality of our completion and the general economic outlook. The demand for motorhomes has been high but this has led to a huge shortage of new and used stock available.

FUTURE PLANS

The company is currently looking a new opportunities with a view to potentially expanding in the near future.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Josh	willis		
Josh Willis	Jul 7, 2022 18:06 GMT+1)	
JM W	illis - Director		
Date:	07/07/202	2	

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the group in the year under review was that of the sale of motorhomes.

DIVIDENDS

Dividends to be distributed for the year end 31 December 2021 total £215,800 (2020: £402,034).

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Skidz Leisure Limited voted through a dividend of £4.2m after the year end and paid across to its parent company, Dolphin Motorhomes Limited.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2021 to the date of this report.

J M Willis

D H Willis

T M Willis

TRADING ADDRESSES

The group trade from the following addresses:

Dolphin Hampshire 478 Bursledon Road Bursledon Southampton Hampshire SO19 8NH

Dolphin Dorset Iford Bridge Barrack Road Christchurch Dorset BH23 2QA

DISCLOSURE IN THE STRATEGIC REPORT

The following information has been included in the Strategic Report:

- A review of the business, including future developments; and
- Principal risks and uncertainties.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Hopper Williams & Bell Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

	<i>Willis</i> (Jul 7, 2022 18:06 GMT+1)	
JM W	illis - Director	•••••
Date:	07/07/2022	

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Dolphin Motorhomes Ltd (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists: Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities even though the audit has been properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK). The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company, and the industry in which it operates. These include but are not limited to compliance with the Companies Act 2006, UK Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and the relevant tax compliance regulations for the company.
- We obtained an understanding of how the company is complying with these frameworks through discussions with management.
- We enquired with management whether there were any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations or whether they had knowledge of actual or suspected fraud. These enquiries are corroborated through follow-up audit procedures including but not limited to a review of legal and professional costs and correspondence.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including the risk of fraud and management override of controls. We designed our audit procedures to respond to this assessment, including the identification and testing of any related party transactions and the testing of journal transactions that arise from management estimates, that are determined to be of significant value or unusual in their nature.
- We assessed the appropriateness of the collective competence and capabilities of the engagement team, including consideration of the engagement team's knowledge and understanding of the industry in which the company operates in, and their practical experience through training and participation with audit engagements of a similar nature.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Michaela Johns
Michaela Johns (Jul 14, 2022 06:53 GMT+1)

Michaela Johns FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Hopper Williams & Bell Limited
Statutory Auditor
Highland House
Mayflower Close
Chandler's Ford
Eastleigh
Hampshire
SO53 4AR

Date: 14/07/2022

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
TURNOVER		20,902,429	10,428,030
Cost of sales		(18,240,040)	(9,147,364)
GROSS PROFIT		2,662,389	1,280,666
Administrative expenses		(1,267,923)	(666,468)
		1,394,466	614,198
Other operating income		288,040	140,208
OPERATING PROFIT	5	1,682,506	754,406
Income from fixed asset investments Interest receivable and similar income		1,732 (1,699)	1,494 445
Amounts written off investments	6	1,682,539 	756,345 29,399
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1,682,539	785,744
Tax on profit	7	(425,318)	(155,528)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA	AR	1,257,221	630,216
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME		29,399	(113,405)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOMFOR THE YEAR	IE	1,286,620	516,811
Total comprehensive income attributable Owners of the parent	to:	1,286,620	516,811

DOLPHIN MOTORHOMES LTD (REGISTERED NUMBER: 04837196)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021	2020
EIVED ACCESS	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	10	(170 124)	(100.216)
Intangible assets Tangible assets	10 11	(179,124) 2,090,624	(199,316) 2,199,045
Investments	12	128,453	116,453
Investment property	13	2,868,563	3,741,395
investment property	13	2,000,000	3,741,373
•		4,908,516	5,857,577
OVERDENIT A COPTO			
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks	14	2 111 642	2 201 700
Debtors	15	3,111,642 206,305	2,381,700 141,630
Cash at bank and in hand	1.5	3,729,272	3,206,001
Cash at bank and in hand	•	3,127,212	3,200,001
		7,047,219	5,729,331
CREDITORS		.,,	-,,
Amounts falling due within one year	16	<u>(2,442,581</u>)	(3,177,486)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		4,604,638	2,551,845
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		9,513,154	8,409,422
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	18	(188,679)	(126,368)
NET ASSETS		9,324,475	8,283,054
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	19	463,855	463,855
Share premium	20	2,886,639	2,886,639
Revaluation reserve	20	#j000j027	29,399
Capital redemption reserve	20	236,595	236,595
Retained earnings	20	5,737,386	4,666,566
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		9,324,475	8,283,054
	,	7,027,7	

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on and were signed on its behalf by:

07/07/2022

Tosh Willis	
osh Willis (Jul 7, 2022 18:06 GMT+1)	

J M Willis - Director

DOLPHIN MOTORHOMES LTD (REGISTERED NUMBER: 04837196)

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2021

		·
	2021	2020
Notes	£	£
10	-	-
•		1,851,655
12	6,213,839	6,213,839
13	1,832,000	1,832,000
	9,796,858	9,897,494
14	3,111,642	2,381,700
15	201,420	141,629
	2,973,640	3,206,001
	6,286,702	5,729,330
16	<u>(6,710,915)</u>	<u>(7;373,914)</u>
	(424,213)	(1,644,584)
	9,372,645	8,252,910
18	(23,452)	(18,513)
	9,349,193	8,234,397
19	463 855	463,855
		2,886,639
		236,595
		4,647,308
20	2,702,201	
	9,349,193	8,234,397
	1,330,596	581,559
	10 11 12 13	Notes 10 11 11 1,751,019 12 6,213,839 13 1,832,000 9,796,858 14 15 201,420 2,973,640 6,286,702 16 (6,710,915) (424,213) 9,372,645 18 (23,452) 9,349,193 19 463,855 20 2,886,639 20 236,595 20 236,595 20 5,762,104

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on and were signed on its behalf by:

07/07/2022

Josh Willis (Jul 7, 2022 18:06 GMT+1)

J M Willis - Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £
Balance at 1 January 2020	350,000	4,467,783	-
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2020	113,855 - - - 463,855	(402,034) 600,817 4,666,566	2,886,639
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(215,800) 1,286,620	- -
Balance at 31 December 2021	463,855	5,737,386	2,886,639
	Revaluation reserve £	Capital redemption reserve	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2020	reserve	redemption reserve	equity
Balance at 1 January 2020 Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2020	reserve	redemption reserve £	equity £
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income	reserve £ - - 29,399	redemption reserve £ 350,000	equity £ 5,167,783 3,000,494 (402,034) 516,811

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Capital redemption reserve	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2020	350,000	4,467,783	-	350,000	5,167,783
Changes in equity Profit for the year Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Dividends Issue of share capital Balance at 31 December 2020	113,855	581,559 581,559 (402,034) 	2,886,639 2,886,639	(113,405) (113,405) 	581,559 (113,405) 468,154 (402,034) 3,000,494 8,234,397
Changes in equity Profit for the year Total comprehensive income Dividends		1,330,596 1,330,596 (215,800)	_	<u> </u>	1,330,596 1,330,596 (215,800)
Balance at 31 December 2021	463,855	5,762,104	2,886,639	236,595	9,349,193

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Cash generated from operations Tax paid	1	1,264,404 (251,098)	825,490 (296,015)
Net cash from operating activities		1,013,306	529,475
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets Sale of investment property Net cash to acquire subsidiary Interest received Dividends received		(32,392) (103,039) 872,832 - (1,699) 	(84,646) 2,792 - 1,665,405 445 1,494
Net cash from investing activities		737,434	1,585,490
Cash flows from financing activities Amount introduced by directors Amount withdrawn by directors Share issue Government grant income Equity dividends paid Net cash from financing activities		1,078 (1,109,498) - 95,985 (215,034) (1,227,469)	(1,108,102) 450 79,869 (430,834) (1,458,617)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	523,271	656,348
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	3,729,272	3,206,001

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1.	RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO	O CASH GENER	ATED FROM	
	OPERATIONS		2021	2020
	Profit before taxation		£ 1,682,539	£ 785,744
	Depreciation charges		120,620	67,361
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets		103,039	(2,792)
	Gain on revaluation of fixed assets		103,037	(29,399)
	Provisions		_	(5,536)
	Non-cash movement in investments		_	(5,630)
	Government grants		(95,986)	(79,869)
	Finance income		(33)	(1,939)
			1,810,179	727,940
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks		(729,942)	281,025
	(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors		(65,749)	139,975
	Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors		249,916	(323,450)
	Cash generated from operations		1,264,404	825,490
2.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of Balance Sheet amounts:	of cash and cash e	quivalents are in	respect of these
	Year ended 31 December 2021		31.12.21	1,1,21
	Cash and cash equivalents		£ 3,729,272	£ 3,206,001
	Year ended 31 December 2020			
			31.12.20	1.1.20
	Cash and cash equivalents		3,206,001	£ 2,549,653
3.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS			
٥.	ANALISIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS			
		At 1.1.21	Cash flow	At 31.12.21
	NI day N	£	£	£
	Net cash Cash at bank and in hand	3,206,001	523,271	3,729,272
		 		_
	·	3,206,001	523,271	3,729,272
	Total	3,206,001	<u>523,271</u>	3,729,272
		*		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Dolphin Motorhomes Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Dolphin Motorhomes Limited and Skidz Leisure Limited (acquired on 13 November 2020) (i.e. entities that the group controls through its power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain economic benefits). Subsidiaries acquired during the year are consolidated using the purchase method. Their results are incorporated from the date that control passes. The comparative period therefore shows results for the parent company, Dolphin Motorhomes Limited, only.

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

Basis of consolidation

In the group company financial statements, the cost of a business combination is the fair value at the acquisition date of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed, plus costs directly attributable to the business combination. The excess of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill. The cost of the combination includes the estimated amount of contingent consideration that is probable and can be measured reliably, and adjusted for changes in contingent consideration after the acquisition date. Provisional fair values recognised for business combinations in previous periods are adjusted retrospectively for final fair values determined in the 12 months following the acquisition date.

In the parent company's financial statements, investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less impairment.

continued...

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factor that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows:

Valuation of investment property

Included within the financial statements are investment properties. Investment properties have been valued by the Directors using the market rate of similar properties in the area.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services, and is shown net of VAT.

Revenue from the sale of motor homes is recognised on delivery or collection, which is when ownership of the goods is transferred. Revenue from parts, servicing and repairs is recognised at the point of sale.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the Group's share of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Negative goodwill arose on the business combination in the year ended 31 December 2020 and it will be released on a straight line basis to the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account over its useful economic life of 10 years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property
Short leasehold
Plant and machinery
Fixtures and fittings
Motor vehicles
Computer equipment

- 2% Straight Line
- 20% Straight Line
- 33% Straight Line
- 20% Straight Line
- 20% Straight Line

Government grants

The following government grants have been received during the year:

- BCP financial support grant: the accrual model has been used to recognise the grant on a systematic basis over the periods in which the related costs are incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Investment property

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost which includes the purchase costs and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial assets

The group has elected to apply the provision of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets are recognised in the group's statement of financial position when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised in the group's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Equity instruments

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If the financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the profit and loss.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are liabilities are offset against and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

EMI DO I DES MAD DIALECTORIS	2021	2020
Wages and salaries	£ 729,305	£ 390,799
Social security costs	67,276	35,744
Other pension costs	14,533	7,689
	811,114	434,232
The average number of employees during the year was as follow	vs: 2021	2020
Directors	2	2
Sales	6	8
Service	. 13	9
Admin	5	3
;	<u>26</u>	22

The average number of employees by undertakings that were proportionately consolidated during the year was 26 (2020 - 11).

The average number of employees in the parent company during the year was 26 (2020: 11).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

4.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Directors' remuneration	29,424	29,443
	The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution scheme director amounted to £Nil (2020: £Nil).	in respect of	he highest paid
5.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Hire of plant and machinery Depreciation - owned assets Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets Goodwill amortisation Auditors' remuneration Foreign exchange differences	140,813 103,039 (20,192) 14,000 11,466	73 69,961 (2,792) (2,600) 8,886 367
6.	AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF INVESTMENTS	2021	2020
	Fair value movement on investment property	£	£ (29,399)
7.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:		•••
		2021 £	2020 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax	363,008	156,549
	Deferred tax	62,310	(1,021)
	Tax on profit	425,318	155,528

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

7. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

,	2021	2020
Profit before tax	1,682,539	£
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	319,682	149,291
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3,743	1,047
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	23,841	7,487
Expenses allowable for tax purposes	19,577	(530)
Deferred tax	62,311	(1,021)
Other timing differences leading to an increase/(decrease) in tax	(3,836)	(746)
Total tax charge	425,318	155,528

8. INDIVIDUAL STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

The profit before taxation attributable to the parent company in the year is £1,676,110 (2020: £723,142).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

9.	DIVIDENDS		
		2021 £	2020 £
	B shares of 1 each	x.	ı.
	Interim C shares of 1 each	140,400	280,400
	Interim	_61,000	121,634
		201,400	402,034
10.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
	Group		Goodwill
	COST		£
	At 1 January 2021		
	and 31 December 2021		<u>(201,916)</u>
	AMORTISATION		
	At 1 January 2021		(2,600)
	Amortisation for year		(20,192)
	At 31 December 2021		(22,792)
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2021		<u>(179,124)</u>
	At 31 December 2020		<u>(199,316)</u>

For further information on the negative goodwill, please see note 11.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Freehold Short Plant a machin £ £	ery £
COST At 1 January 2021 Additions 1,861,522 447,625 40,0 24,978 - 2,0	446
Disposais	_
At 31 December 2021 1,886,500 447,625 42,4	525
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 January 2021 124,116 61,359 32,5	931 180
At 31 December 2021 217,721 72,941 37,	<u>111</u>
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2021 1,668,779 374,684 5,6	<u>414</u>
At 31 December 2020 <u>1,737,406</u> <u>386,266</u> <u>7,5</u>	515
Fixtures	
and Motor Computer fittings vehicles equipment Tot	tals
£ £ £	£
At 1 January 2021 35,692 106,798 57,948 2,550,4 Additions 1,078 - 4,257 32,3	
Disposals - (19,625) - (19,625)	<u>625</u>)
At 31 December 2021 <u>36,770</u> <u>87,173</u> <u>62,205</u> <u>2,562,7</u>	<u>798</u>
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2021 26,657 68,805 37,118 350,9 Charge for year 2,396 21,391 7,659 140,8 Eliminated on disposal - (19,625) - (19,625)	813
At 31 December 2021 29,053 70,571 44,777 472,1	
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2021 7,717 16,602 17,428 2,090,6	<u>624</u>
At 31 December 2020 9,035 37,993 20,830 2,199,0	<u>045</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Company				
		Freehold	Short	Plant and
		property	leasehold	machinery
COST		£	£	£
COST At 1 January 2021		1,861,522	76,880	40,446
Additions		24,978	70,000	2,079
Disposals		24,270	-	2,075
Disposais				
At 31 December 2021		1,886,500	76,880	42,525
	N.			
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2021		124,116	38,004	32,931
Charge for year		93,605	3,797	4,180
Eliminated on disposal				
At 31 December 2021		217,721	41,801	37,111
NET BOOK VALUE		4 660 880	25.050	
At 31 December 2021		1,668,779	35,079	5,414
		. === 10.5	20.054	=
At 31 December 2020		1,737,406	38,876	7,515
	T:			
	Fixtures and	Motor	Computer	
	fittings	vehicles	equipment	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST		-	~	-
At 1 January 2021	35,692	106,798	57,948	2,179,286
Additions	1,078	-	4,257	32,392
Disposals		(19,625)	-	(19,625)
				
At 31 December 2021	<u> 36,770</u>	87,173	62,205	2,192,053
DEPRECIATION	P			
At 1 January 2021	26,657	68,805	37,118	327,631
Charge for year	2,396	21,391	7,659	133,028
Eliminated on disposal		<u>(19,625)</u>		<u>(19,625)</u>
A. 21 December 2021	20.052	70 F71	44 255	441.024
At 31 December 2021	29,053	<u>70,571</u>	44,777	441,034
NET DOOK VALUE				
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2021	7 717	16 602	17 429	1 751 010
At 31 December 2021	7,717	16,602	<u>17,428</u>	<u>1,751,019</u>
A+ 21 December 2020	0.025	27.002	20.020	1 051 655
At 31 December 2020	9,035	37,993	20,830	1,851,655

Freehold property is held at cost minus any accumulated depreciation.

FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

12.

COST

At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021

NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2021

At 31 December 2020

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Group	Listed
	investments
	£
COST OR VALUATION	*
At 1 January 2021	116,453
Additions	12,000
Revaluations	1,732
Exchange differences	(1,732
At 31 December 2021	128,453
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2021	128,453
At 31 December 2020	116,453
Cost or valuation at 31 December 2021 is represented by:	
	Listed
	investments
•	£
Cost	128,453
Company	
	Shares in
	group
	undertakings
	£

6,213,839

6,213,839

6,213,839

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

The group or the company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Subsidiary

Skidz Leisure Limited

Registered office: England and Wales Nature of business: Motorhome sales

Class of shares: holding Ordinary 100.00

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Group

Group	Total £
FAIR VALUE At 1 January 2021 Disposals	3,741,395 (872,832)
At 31 December 2021	2,868,563
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2021	2,868,563
At 31 December 2020	3,741,395
Fair value at 31 December 2021 is represented by:	£
Valuation in 2020 Cost	793,240 2,075,323
Cost	2,868,563

Investment property has been valued by the Directors using a market value rate which has been based on valuations of similar properties in the local area.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTY - continued

Company

Total £

FAIR VALUE

At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021

1,832,000

NET BOOK VALUE

At 31 December 2021

1,832,000

At 31 December 2020

1,832,000

14. STOCKS

	Group		C	Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	£	£	£	£	
Stocks	3,111,642	2,381,700	3,111,642	2,381,700	

15. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	. £	£	£	£
Trade debtors	19,006	18,144	14,867	18,144
Other debtors	28,091	31,724	28,091	31,723
Directors' current accounts	1	1,078	1	1,078
Prepayments and accrued income	159,207	90,684	158,461	90,684
	206,305	141,630	201,420	141,629

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£	£	£	£
Trade creditors	394,934	114,972	395,005	114,972
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	4,452,409	4,196,429
Tax	363,008	251,098	340,360	251,098
Social security and other taxes	22,895	15,347	22,895	15,347
VAT	35,125	60,534	30,606	60,534
Other creditors	552,426	844,706	552,426	844,705
Directors' current accounts	582,635	1,692,132	582,635	1,692,132
Accruals and deferred income	491,558	198,697	334,579	198,697
	2,442,581	3,177,486	6,710,915	7,373,914

Other creditors include £545,245 (2020: £840,930) of stocking loans in relation to Black Horse and PSA that are secured on the assets they relate to.

17. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

Group

Group		
		Non-cancellable
		operating leases
	2021	2020
	£	£

Within one year	93,714	93,714
Between one and five years	171,836	265,550
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	265,550	359,264
Company		
]	Non-cancellable
		operating leases
	2021	2020
	£	£
TT7'-1 '		
Within one year	93,714	92,500
Between one and five years	171,836	264,275
	265,550	356,775

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

18. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	G	Froup	Co	mpany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Deferred tax	£ _178,679	£ 116,368	13,452	£ 8,513
Other provisions	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Aggregate amounts	188,679	126,368	23,452	18,513
Group				Deferred tax
Balance at 1 January 2021 Provided during year				£ 116,368 62,311
Balance at 31 December 2021				178,679
Company				Deferred tax
Balance at 1 January 2021 Provided during year				8,513 4,939
Balance at 31 December 2021				13,452

Other provisions relate to a warranty provision in place which is provided to customers who purchased a motorhome.

19. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2021	2020
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
Ordinary A Shares of £1 each	101,205	101,205
Ordinary B Shares of £1 each	262,500	262,500
Ordinary C shares of £1 each	87,500	87,500
Ordinary D shares of £1 each	12,650	12,650
	463,855	463,855

Shares rank equally for voting purposes, dividends declared and any distribution made on a winding up of the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

20. RESERVES

_				
1 -	-	^	11	m
v		u	ш	u

G. (4.1)	Retained earnings	Share premium £	Revaluation reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Totals £
At 1 January 2021 Profit for the year Dividends Transfer of revaluation	4,666,566 1,257,221 (215,800)	2,886,639	29,399	236,595	7,819,199 1,257,221 (215,800)
reserve	29,399		(29,399)		
At 31 December 2021	5,737,386	2,886,639	-	236,595	8,860,620
Company					
		Retained	Share	Capital redemption	
		earnings	premium	reserve	Totals
		£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2021		4,647,308	2,886,639	236,595	7,770,542
Profit for the year Dividends		1,330,596			1,330,596
Dividellas		(215,800)			(215,800)
At 31 December 2021		5,762,104	2,886,639	236,595	8,885,338

21. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The contributions payable during the year totalled £14,533 (2020: £7,688). Contributions held in the balance sheet at year end for the group totalled £6,554 (2020: £3,149).

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Transactions between group entities which have been eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed within the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES - continued

During the year, repayments totalling £1,109,610 (2020: £1,661,724) were made to Directors. Advances in the year totalled £1,190 (2020: £3,397,817). As at 31 December 2021 £582,634 (2020: £1,691,054) was owed to the Directors. No interest has been charged.

Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel in the year is deemed to be the Directors. Total remuneration for KMP for the year ended 31 December 2021 totalled £29,424 (2020: £29,443).

Skidz Leisure Limited (1990) Retirement Benefit Scheme

A property is leased to the company by Skidz leisure Limited (1990) Retirement Benefit Scheme. The rent charged during the year was £62,500 (2020: £62,500). An amount of £nil (2020: £nil) was due to Skidz leisure Limited (1990) Retirement Benefit Scheme at the year end.

23. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Skidz Leisure Limited voted through a dividend of £4.2m after the year end to its parent company, Dolphin Motorhomes Limited.

24. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is J M Willis.