Registered Number 04812637

ABM LABELS & PRINT LIMITED

**Abbreviated Accounts** 

31 August 2011

## ABM LABELS & PRINT LIMITED

## Registered Number 04812637

# Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2011

	Notes	2011		2010	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible	2		5,332		7,999
Tangible	3		22,101		24,071
Total fixed assets			27,433		32,070
Current assets					
Stocks	4	20,933		12,813	
Debtors	5	28,285		20,175	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,396		2,088	
Total current assets		54,614		35,076	
Total carrent assets		04,014		00,070	
Conditions on the falling day with in an array	6	(22.070)		(00,000)	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(33,978)		(26,639)	
Net comment consts			00.000		0.407
Net current assets			20,636		8,437
Total assets less current liabilities			48,069		40,507
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	7		(96,300)		(92,778)
Total net Assets (liabilities)			(48,231)		(52,271)
Capital and reserves	_				
Called up share capital	8		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account			(49,231)		(53,271)
Shareholders funds			(48,231)		(52,271)

- a. For the year ending 31 August 2011 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477(2) of the Companies Act 2006.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for:
  - i. ensuring the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386; and
  - ii. preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year, and of its profit or loss for the financial year, in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act relating to accounts, so far as is applicable to the company.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 09 February 2012

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr Gareth Bowden, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Notes to the abbreviated accounts

For the year ending 31 August 2011

## 1 Accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) Going Concern The accounts show net liabilities. The directors still consider it appropriate that the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis as the directors continue to support the business financially.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

### Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant and Machinery	25.00% Reducing Balance
Fixtures and Fittings	25.00% Reducing Balance
Computer Equipment	25.00% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles	25.00% Reducing Balance

### 2 Intangible fixed assets

Cost Or Valuation	£
At 31 August 2010	20,000
At 31 August 2011	20,000
Depreciation	
At 31 August 2010	12,001
Charge for year	2,667
At 31 August 2011	14,668
Net Book Value	
At 31 August 2010	7,999
At 31 August 2011	5,332

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2003, has previously been written off evenly over its estimated useful life of twenty years. The useful economic life of the goodwill was reviewed in the 2009 accounts and it was decided that the remaining goodwill is to be written off evenly over its remaining useful economic life of 6 years. Therefore goodwill now has a remaining economic life of 2 years.

Changes in the current customer base and future market has led to this decision. Goodwill is being written off in equal annual installments over its estimated economic life of 6 years.

## Tangible fixed assets

Cost	£
At 31 August 2010	84,735
additions	6,887
disposals	(9,523)
revaluations	
transfers	
At 31 August 2011	82,099
Depreciation	
At 31 August 2010	60,664
Charge for year	7,367
on disposals	(8,033)
At 31 August 2011	59,998
Net Book Value	
At 31 August 2010	24,071
At 31 August 2011	22,101
Stocks	

### ⊿ Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

## 5 Debtors

	2011	2010
	£	£
Trade debtors	26,103	19,187
Other debtors	2,182_	988
	28,285	20,175
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		

### 6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2011	2010
	£	£
Bank loans	1,923	3,394
Trade creditors	15,575	6,551
Other creditors	12,045	13,902
Taxation and Social Security	4,435_	_2,792

33.978	26,639

#### Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2011	2010
	£	£
Other creditors	96,300	92,778
	96,300	92,778

The family loan is a loan from Mr Cyril Bowden who is the father of both directors and is a 33.3% Shareholder. The loan is a long term loan without any terms and conditions.

#### Share capital

	2011	2010
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
1000 Ordinary of £1.00 each	1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully		
paid:		
1000 Ordinary of £1.00 each	1,000	1,000

#### Transactions with

## 9 directors

During the year both directors used a current account with the company to record amounts due to them and amounts drawn by them. The accounts shows an amount owing back to Gareth Bowden as a director as at 31st August 2011 of £192.92 (2010: £2027.68) and the account shows an amount owing back to Gavin Bowden as a director as at 31st August 2011 of £10,852.41 (2010: £10,924.29)

### 10 Related party disclosures

None noted

### Ultimate controlling party

Mr Gareth Bowden, Mr Gavin Bowden and Mr Cyril Bowden each hold 33.3% of the share capital of the company. As Mr Gareth Bowden works full time in the business and controls the daily running of the company, he is actually the company's ultimate controlling party.

#### Government Grants

Government Grants are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account so as to match the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute. To the extent that the grant is made as a contribution to a fixed asset, the directors policy is to net the grant income off the cost of the assets to which it relates. The directors in using this approach have not adopted the FRSSE which states that grant

income be treated as deferred income.