

**DMR ELECTRICAL (NORFOLK & SUFFOLK) LIMITED  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

**DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 December 2022**

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**DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**As at 31 December 2022**

**Registered number:** 04804968

		<b>2022</b>		<b>2021</b>	
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Intangible Assets	<b>3</b>		500		1,500
Tangible Assets	<b>4</b>		49,322		47,623
			49,822		49,123
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Stocks	<b>5</b>	950		900	
Debtors	<b>6</b>	31,370		37,753	
Cash at bank and in hand		15,897		12,117	
		48,217		50,770	
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>	<b>7</b>	(44,954 )		(43,261 )	
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>			3,263		7,509
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			53,085		56,632
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year</b>	<b>8</b>	(43,275 )		(46,817 )	
<b>PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES</b>					
Deferred Taxation		(9,369 )		(9,048 )	
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			441		767
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital	<b>10</b>	102		100	
Profit and Loss Account		339		667	
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			441		767

**DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited**  
**Balance Sheet (continued)**  
**As at 31 December 2022**

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For the year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mr David Robinson

Director

**08/03/2023**

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

**DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 December 2022**

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**1. Accounting Policies**

**1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006

**1.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

**1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill**

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 20 years.

**1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	15% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing Balance
Computer Equipment	15% Reducing Balance

**DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 December 2022**

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**1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts**

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

**1.6. Stocks and Work in Progress**

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

**1.7. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**2. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 7 (2021: 7)

**DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 December 2022**

**3. Intangible Assets**

	<b>Goodwill</b>
	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
As at 1 January 2022	20,000
As at 31 December 2022	<u>20,000</u>
<b>Amortisation</b>	
As at 1 January 2022	18,500
Provided during the period	<u>1,000</u>
As at 31 December 2022	<u>19,500</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>	
As at 31 December 2022	<u>500</u>
As at 1 January 2022	<u>1,500</u>

**4. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Plant &amp; Machinery</b>	<b>Motor Vehicles</b>	<b>Computer Equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>				
As at 1 January 2022	15,442	66,077	13,952	95,471
Additions	-	18,550	1,325	19,875
Disposals	-	(11,000 )	-	(11,000 )
As at 31 December 2022	<u>15,442</u>	<u>73,627</u>	<u>15,277</u>	<u>104,346</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
As at 1 January 2022	8,498	31,283	8,067	47,848
Provided during the period	1,042	7,237	897	9,176
Disposals	-	(2,000 )	-	(2,000 )
As at 31 December 2022	<u>9,540</u>	<u>36,520</u>	<u>8,964</u>	<u>55,024</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>				
As at 31 December 2022	<u>5,902</u>	<u>37,107</u>	<u>6,313</u>	<u>49,322</u>
As at 1 January 2022	<u>6,944</u>	<u>34,794</u>	<u>5,885</u>	<u>47,623</u>

**5. Stocks**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Stock - materials and work in progress	950	900
	<u>950</u>	<u>900</u>

**DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 December 2022**

**6. Debtors**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	5,017	14,645
Other debtors	3,895	-
VAT	10,310	6,371
Directors' loan accounts	12,148	16,737
	<u>31,370</u>	<u>37,753</u>

**7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	7,822	8,383
Trade creditors	9,348	3,204
Bank loans and overdrafts	10,000	10,000
Corporation tax	1,007	2,780
Accruals and deferred income	16,777	18,894
	<u>44,954</u>	<u>43,261</u>

**8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	19,108	12,650
Bank loans	24,167	34,167
	<u>43,275</u>	<u>46,817</u>

**9. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Within one year	7,822	8,383
Between one and five years	19,108	12,650
	<u>26,930</u>	<u>21,033</u>
	<u>26,930</u>	<u>21,033</u>



**DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 December 2022**

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**10. Share Capital**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	102	100

**11. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees**

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	<b>As at 1 January 2022</b>	<b>Amounts advanced</b>	<b>Amounts repaid</b>	<b>Amounts written off</b>	<b>As at 31 December 2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Mr David Robinson	8,368	6,074	8,368	-	6,074
Mrs Dawn Robinson	8,368	6,074	8,368	-	6,074

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

**12. General Information**

DMR Electrical (Norfolk & Suffolk) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 04804968 . The registered office is Georgian House, 34 Thoroughfare, Halesworth, Suffolk, IP19 8AP.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.