ABL Doors & Windows Limited Unaudited abbreviated accounts For the year ended 31 January 2015

Company Registration Number 04767088

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31

Abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 January 2015

Contents	Page
Abbreviated balance sheet	· 1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	2

Abbreviated balance sheet

31 January 2015

	2015		2014	
Note	£	£	£	£
2	J.	99,760		132,032
	189,457 635,991 1,592		138,647 489,219 3,531	
	827,040		631,397	
3	(851,967)		(615,195)	
		(24,927)		16,202
		74,833		148,234
4		(4,591)		(80,627)
		(15,666)		(17,833)
		54,576		49,774
6		6		6
J		54,570		49,768
		54,576		49,774
	3	Note £ 2 189,457 635,991 1,592 827,040 3 (851,967)	Note £ £ 99,760 189,457 635,991 1,592 827,040 3 (851,967) (24,927) 74,833 4 (4,591) (15,666) 54,576 6 6 54,570	Note £ £ £ £ 2 99,760 189,457 635,991 1,592 3,531 827,040 631,397 3 (851,967) (615,195) (24,927) 74,833 4 (4,591) (15,666) 54,576 6 6 54,570

For the year ended 31 January 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

APL Williams

Company Registration Number: 04767088

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 January 2015

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the amount of goods and services provided during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

15% reducing balance

Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment

- 15% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

25% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided, on an undiscounted basis, in respect of all timing differences at the rates of tax expected to apply when the timing differences reverse.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 January 2015

2. Fixed assets

	Tangible Assets £
Cost At 1 February 2014 Additions Disposals	322,239 5,592 (18,633)
At 31 January 2015	309,198
Depreciation At 1 February 2014 Charge for year On disposals	190,207 28,456 (9,225)
At 31 January 2015	209,438
Net book value At 31 January 2015	99,760
At 31 January 2014	132,032

3. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

*	2015	2014
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	46,287	45,219
Other creditors	199,217	168,029
Hire purchase	25,729	34,066
	271,233	247,314

4. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

2015	2014
£	£
4,592	30,319
	£

5. Transactions with the directors

Advances to directors

The following directors had interest free loans during the year. The movements on these loans are as follows:

	Amount owing 2015	Amount owing 2014	Maximum in year
	£	£	3
A P L Williams	18,611	53,675	61,742

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 January 2015

6. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2015		2014	
	No	3	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	4	4	4	4
Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2
	6	6	6	6

During the previous year the company issued 2 ordinary £1 shares at par and 2 ordinary £1 'A' shares at par.