Administrator's progress report

2.24B

Name of Company	Company Number
Forge Tech Industries Limited	04741001
In the	Court case number
High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, Birmingham District Registry	2356 of 2004
(full name of court)	

(a) Insert full name(s) and address(es) of administrator(s)

We Mark D C Hopkins and Alistair M Grove of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Cornwall Court 19 Cornwall Street Birmingham, B3 2DT

administrators of the above company attach a progress report for the period

from

to

(b) 14 April 2004

(b) 12 October 2004

(b) Insert dates

Dated 12 October 2004

Contact Details:

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help Companies House to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record



Isabella Pateman	
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Benson House,	33 Wellington Street, Leeds, LS1 4JP
	Tel 0113 289 4118
DX Number	DX Exchange

n you have completed and signed this form please send it to the Registrar of Companies at:

apanies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ

DX 33050 Cardiff



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Benson House
33 Wellington Street
Leeds LS1 4JP
Telephone +44 (0) 113 289 4000
Facsimile +44 (0) 113 289 4460
Direct Phone 0113 289 4118
Direct Fax 0113 289 4580

To: All known creditors;

The Registrar of Companies;

The High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, Birmingham District Registry.

When telephoning please ask for Isabella Pateman on 0113 289 4118

12 October 2004

Our ref IMSP/ForgeTech/030801

Dear Sirs

Forge Tech Industries Limited -in administration ("the Company")

I refer to my previous report dated 26 May 2004 and I am pleased to provide you with my final progress report on this administration.

Statutory and Financial Information

I enclose the following for your information:

Appendix A Statutory information on the administration.

Appendix B Administrators' receipts and payments account to 12 October 2004 and

final outcome statement.

The administrators' proposals

On 17 June 2004 a meeting of creditors of the Company was held to allow the creditors to consider and vote upon the joint administrators' proposals for the administration.

The proposals were approved with a modification that the Company enters into a Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation within 6 months of the date of the meeting of creditors. The notification of the outcome of the meeting and the modification was filed with the Court and the Registrar and sent to creditors on 18 June 2004. A copy of the modified proposals is attached to this report at Appendix C.



Steps taken during the administration

The business and assets of the Company

As stated in my previous report, immediately following my appointment a going concern sale of the Company's business and assets to Kimber Drop Forgings Limited was concluded, with the sum of £201,753 being paid upon completion.

In addition to the above-mentioned sale, I have been involved in collecting in the book debts due to the Company as these debts were not transferred to Kimber Drop Forgings Limited as part of the sale.

Book debts

All book debts have now been realised. The surplus of £68,284 after paying the sum of £353,2000 to the secured creditor, will be passed to the subsequent joint liquidators.

Actions to now be taken by the administrator

Given that the claims of the secured creditor have been paid in full, and that a distribution will be made to unsecured creditors, the Company will now exit administration and enter into Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation under the provisions of paragraph 83 of Schedule B1 to Insolvency Act 1986, with Alistair M Grove and I, being appointed as joint liquidators. This course of action is in accordance with the approved proposals as stated above.

On 8 October 2004 Alistair Grove and I applied to Court under paragraph 79(3) of Schedule B1 to Insolvency Act 1986 and requested that our appointment as Administrators ceased to have effect upon the filing of the required notice under Paragraph 83 of Schedule B1 to the Insolvency Act for the voluntary winding up of the Company. The Court made an order to this effect.

The purpose and aim of the Creditor's Voluntary Liquidation ("CVL")

The purpose of the CVL is to enable the liquidator to carry out investigations into the conduct of directors and actions taken by the Company prior to the administration and to facilitate a distribution to unsecured creditors.

With regard to the investigations referred to above, a number of creditors have provided information concerning their dealings with the Company and its directors in the period prior to the administration. In this regard, I am keen to fully understand the extent to which creditors have experienced:

- Breaches in credit terms offered to the Company
- Bounced cheques or failed promises to pay
- Been in dialogue with the Company in connection with credit terms or payments

Creditors are requested to provide full details of any such matters to me. Once the Company has moved into liquidation, I shall be looking to form a liquidation committee under the provisions of



Section 101 of the Insolvency Act 1986 so that I may consult with the creditors committee, for example in connection with the outcome of the above-mentioned investigations. Further information regarding this will be made available to creditors following my appointment as liquidator.

Discharge of Liability

On 8 October 2004 Alistair Grove and I applied to Court under paragraph 79(3) of Schedule B1 to Insolvency Act 1986 and requested that the we be discharged from liability in respect of any action taken as administrators pursuant to paragraph 98 of Schedule B1 to Insolvency Act 1986.

The Court ruled that we will be discharged from liability 28 days after filing our final receipts and payments account which will be sent to the Registrar on 13 October 2004.

Joint administrators' costs

It was agreed at the creditors' meeting held on 17 June 2004 that the joint administrators' remuneration be calculated based upon the time properly spent on the administration by us and the various grades of our staff according to our firm's usual charge out rates for work of this nature and that disbursements, including category two disbursements, be charged in accordance with the firm's policy, a copy of which is enclosed at Appendix D. We also enclose at Appendix D a breakdown of our time costs to the 30 September 2004, and our current charge out rates.

To date I have drawn £99,000 in respect of fees and £3,006.46 in respect of disbursements. I do not propose to take any further fees in respect of the administration, which will result in unbilled time costs of £26,290 at 30 September 2004.

Disbursements have been drawn in accordance with Statement of Insolvency Practice 9, which was communicated to creditors in my report dated 26 May 2004.

Disbursements drawn to date total £3,006.46, a breakdown of which is shown below:

	£
Bonding	440.00
Travel & Mileage	1064.51
Staff expenses	338.22
Archiving costs	535.80
Photocopying	614.75
Postage and Company Searches	13.18
	3,006.46

It has been the joint administrators' policy to delegate the routine tasks of the administration to junior staff in order to maximise the cost effectiveness of the work performed. These staff are supervised by senior staff and the joint administrators. Any matter of particular complexity or significance that has required responsibility of an exceptional kind has been dealt with by senior staff and the joint administrators.



Professional advisors

On this assignment I have used the professional advisors listed below. I have also indicated alongside, the basis of my fee arrangement with them.

Name of Professional Advisor	Nature of Work	Basis of Fee Arrangement
Eversheds	Solicitors	Time costs
GVA Grimley	Valuation	Fixed

My choices were based on my perception of their experience and ability to perform this type of work, the complexity and nature of the assignment and the basis of my fee arrangement with them. I have reviewed the fees charged and am satisfied that they are reasonable in the circumstances of this case.

Final outcome for creditors

Based upon current expected realisations it is anticipated that a dividend will be paid to unsecured creditors. At this stage it is not possible to confirm the level of dividend available to unsecured creditors as the liabilities of the Company have yet to be confirmed.

Should you have any further queries please contact my colleague Isabella Paternan.

Yours faithfully

for and on behalf of the Company

Mark D C Hopkins

Joint Administrator

Enclosures

form 2.24B

form 2.34B

Appendix A - statutory information

Appendix B - receipts and payment account Appendix C - administrators' revised proposals

Appendix D - firm's time and expenses policy, together with a breakdown of our time costs to the 30 September 2004, and our current charge out rates.

Mark D Hopkins and Alistair M Grove have been appointed as joint administrators of Forge Tech Industries Limited to manage its affairs, business and property as its agents. Mark D Hopkins is licensed to act as an insolvency practitioner by the Insolvency Practitioners Association. Alistair M Grove is licensed to act as an insolvency practitioner by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.



APPENDIX A

STATUTORY INFORMATION

Court details for the administration: High Court of Justice

Chancery Division

Birmingham District Registry

Case no. 2356 of 2004

Statutory information regarding the Company:

Full name Forge Tech Industries Limited

Registered address Benson House, 33 Wellington Street, Leeds, LS1 4JP

Registered number 04741001 Trading name(s) Forge Tech

Background The Company was incorporated on 22 April 2003 in order

to purchase the business and assets of Harris Lifting & Shipping Tackle Company Limited, and operated from leasehold premises at Gawne Lane, Cradley Heath, West

Midlands. It manufactured steel forgings.

Statutory information regarding the officers of the Company:

The Directors Stephen William Wellings

David Hancox

Geoffrey Dennis Turnbull

Mark Woolford

The Company Secretary Mark Woolford

Shareholdings in the Company

held by the above (shares of £1 each) 1, 0, 0 and 0 respectively

The appointment of administrators:

Date of appointment 14 April 2004

Joint administrators Mark D C Hopkins and Alistair M Grove

Appointor High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, Birmingham

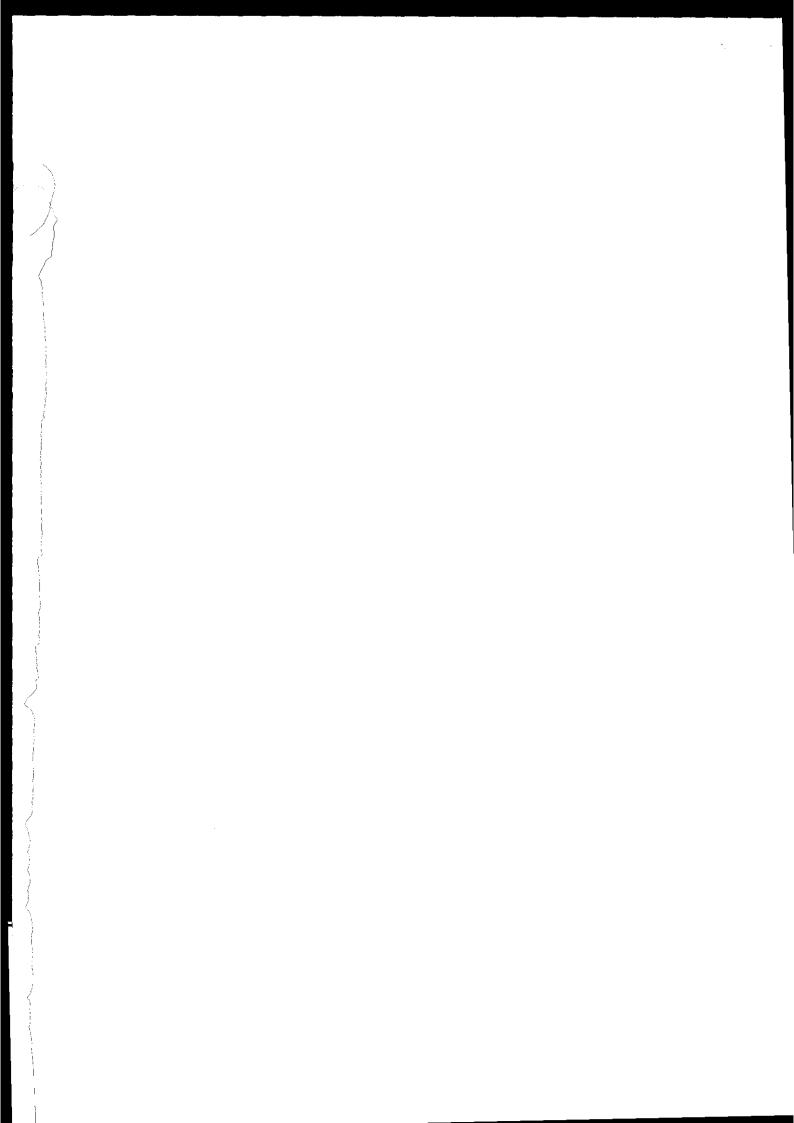
District Registry

Division of the administrators' responsibilities:

During the period for which the administration is in force, any function to be exercised by the persons appointed to act as administrators may be done by any or all of the persons appointed or any of the persons for the time being holding that office.

Forge Tech Industries Limited - in administration Receipts and payments Prepared as at 12 October 2004

	Receipts & Payments from 14 April 04 to 12 October 04
	£
Fixed Charge	_
Receipts	
Book debt realisations	421,517.91
Payments	
Distribution to secured creditor	(353,200.35)
Balance in hand / net fixed charge realisations	68,317.56
Floating charge	
Receipts Plant and machinery	95,000.00
Goodwill	5,000.00
Intangible assets	2.00
Intellectual property rights	1.00
Stock	101,749.00
Work in progress	1.00
Cash	3,601.46
Interest received	840.17
Daymonta	206,194.63
Payments Agents' fees and disbursements	(3,534.00)
Legal fees and disbursements	(15,000.00)
Insurance	(36.75)
Administrators' fees and disbursements	(102,006.46)
General expenses and other costs	(763.42)
Corporation tax	(87.69)
Bank charges	(71.34)
	(121,499.66)
Balance in hand / net floating charge realisations	84,694.97
Total balance in hand / net realisations	153,012.53





APPENDIX C - ADMINISTRATORS' REVISED PROPOSALS

As required by Paragraph 49 Schedule B1 of the Insolvency Act 1986 we, as administrators, make the following proposals to creditors for achieving the purpose of the administration entered into on 14 April 2004. We will seek approval of proposals 1 to 5 as the 1st resolution and proposal 6 as the 2nd resolution at the initial creditors' meeting on 17 June 2004.

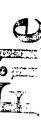
 This sale has therefore achieved a better result for the Company's creditors than would have been achieved had the Company been immediately wound up. 	 All staff and their associated liabilities have transferred to the purchaser, preserving their employment and reducing claims against the Company. The going concern sale also not only maximised realisations of stock and plant and machinery, but it ensured continuity of supply for customers that greatly assisted in book debt collections. 	 However, a sale of the Company's business and assets to Kimber was achieved immediately following our appointment 	 Furthermore, the Company's parent had decided to sell the freehold premises from which the Company operated together with some of the operating plant and equipment used by the Company to an independent third party, Kimber Drop Forging Limited ("Kimber"). 	The administrators reviewed the position and formed the view Company as a going concern through the implementation of a further funding, it became apparent that it was not possible to	is being pursued and how it Will be achieved. **At the time of the administrators appointment the Company and not have funds available to allow it to meet its thabitues and both the its thabitues and both the prepared to advance further funding. In these circumstances the directors had no alternative but to place the Company into a formal insolvency process.	-	In addition we shall do all such other things and generally exercise all our powers as administrators as we, at our discretion, consider desirable in order to achieve the purpose of the administration and to protect and preserve the assets of the Company and	 We will investigate and, if appropriate, pursue any claims that the Company may have under the Companies Act 1985 or the Insolvency Act 1986. 	(c) realising property in order to make a distribution to one or more secured or prefer In this particular case, the administrators consider objective (b) to be achievable.	(without first being in administration), or finally;	(a) primarily, rescuing the Company as a going concern, or failing that;	and a second and a
than would have been achieved had the Company been	serving their employment and reducing claims against the tock and plant and machinery, but it ensured continuity of	ved immediately following our appointment.	ss from which the Company operated together with some nt third party, Kimber Drop Forging Limited ("Kimber").	that it was not reasonably practicable to achieve a rescue of the Company Voluntary Arrangement. In view of this, and the lack of achieve objective (a).	not not have runds available to allow it to meet us trabilities and countrie would not be prepared to advance further funding. In these Company into a formal insolvency process.	oposats.	r powers as administrators as we, at our discretion, and to protect and preserve the assets of the Company and	any may have under the Companies Act 1985 or the	more secured or preferential creditors. (b) to be achievable.	mu oc meny in the company were women up	to like it is the Common trained in	Jecuves:





- What is the future for the Company itself?
- Under the provisions of the Insolvency Act 1986, the administrators have only limited powers to agree the claims of creditors and the Company. make distributions without sanction of the court. In this case it is likely that a dividend will be available to unsecured creditors of
- There are a variety of ways in which the distribution may be facilitated, and in which the administration may come to an end. The administrators propose that one of the following mechanisms for ending the administration be used;
- Once all of the assets have been realised, the administrators will apply to court for the power to allow a distribution to be notice with the Registrar of Companies, ending the administration, with the Company being dissolved three months made to the Company's unsecured non-preferential creditors within the administration and, once completed, will file a
- Mark Hopkins and Alistair Grove of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Cornwall Court, 19 Cornwall Street, Birmingham, B3 is made after the receipt of the administrator's proposals and before the proposals are approved, or ** 2DT, as joint administrators shall cease to have effect upon the registration of the notice, and they shall immediately to enable any surplus funds to be distributed to unsecured creditors. In this case, it is proposed that the appointment of Once all of the assets have been realised, and the total amount that the secured creditor is likely to receive has been paid Insolvency Act 1986, creditors may nominate a different person as the proposed liquidator, provided that the nomination become joint liquidators to the Company. In accordance with paragraph 83(7) of Schedule B1, and Rule 2.117(3) of the or set aside, the administrators will send a notice to the Registrar of Companies that paragraph 83 of Schedule B1 to the Insolvency Act 1986 applies. The Company shall then move from administration into Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation,
- The appointment of the administrators may automatically cease to have effect at the end of a period of one year if the administrators do not request an extension, or
- Once the asset disposals are complete, we will petition the Court for the Company to be placed into Compulsory Liquidation to enable any surplus funds to be distributed to creditors
- Please note that based on the current circumstances and estimated outcome, the administrators' preferred route is option 2, a voluntary liquidation following the administration
- ** The following modification to this proposal was passed; 'The Company Voluntary Liquidation shall be entered into within 6 months of the date of the meeting of creditors.





ب	What investigation work will	-	The administrators may investigate transactions in the period leading up to the administration and, if appropriate, pursue any
	the administrators undertake?		claims that the Company may have.
		•	Additionally the administrators are required to submit a report or return to the Secretary of State for Trade and Industry on the
			appointed.
		•	Creditors are requested that, should they have any information that they believe may be of benefit to these investigations, they
			bring it to the administrators' attention as soon as possible if they have not already done so.
4.	How long will the	•	Under paragraph 76 of Schedule B1 of the Insolvency Act 1986 the administrators' appointment comes to an automatic end after
	administration remain in		one year unless the Court agrees to extend it for a specific period.
	force?	•	Alternatively, the Company's creditors can consent to a six-month extension to the administrators' term in office.
		•	In this case the administrators believe that the Company will move from administration to Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation, as detailed on the previous page, at a time substantially prior to the one-year anniversary of their appointment. The precise timing
			of this will be dependent upon the finalisation of asset realisations. Should circumstances change such that the administration is not able to be concluded within one year, we propose that the administrators are authorised to apply to the court for an appropriate extension. **
		* *	** The following modification to this proposal was passed; 'The Company Voluntary Liquidation shall be entered into within
			6 months of the date of the meeting of creditors.'
'n	Will there be a creditors	•	A creditors' committee may be formed if three or more creditors are willing to serve on it.
	committee?	•	Should a committee be formed the administrators will consult with it from time to time on the conduct of the administration and the implementation and development of these proposals. Where we consider it appropriate, we will seek the committee's
			sanction to proposed action on our part instead of convening a meeting of all creditors.
		•	Any creditor committee that is formed will, in the event that the Company passes from administration into Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation, continue to be in existence as a liquidation committee in accordance with paragraph 83 (8)(f) of Schedule B1 to the
			Insolvency Act 1986.
		•	The administrators would encourage the formation of a creditors' committee. If you wish to serve on the creditors' committee,
			please indicate this on your proxy form.



		è
calculated?	administrators' fees be	How is it proposed the

- The administrators propose that the creditors' committee, if one is formed, should fix our fees as administrators.
- category 2 disbursements, on account from time to time. An extract from Statement of Insolvency Practice 9: Creditors Guidance Should a creditors' committee not be formed, it is proposed, under Rule 2.106 of the Insolvency Rules 1986, that our to Fees in Administrations, is enclosed at Appendix D along with a breakdown of our time costs to date and our current charge firm's policy as set out in Appendix D. We will then be authorised to draw such fees and reasonable disbursements, including according to our firm's usual charge out rates for work of this nature and that disbursements be charged in accordance with the remuneration be calculated based upon the time properly spent on the administration by us and the various grades of our staff
- staff and the joint administrators have dealt personally with any matter of particular complexity or significance that has required responsibility of an exceptional kind. the cost effectiveness of the work performed. These staff are supervised by senior staff and by the joint administrators. Senior It has been the administrators' policy to delegate the routine administration to junior staff wherever possible in order to maximise
- It is also proposed that the administrators are entitled to draw category 2 disbursements properly incurred, see Appendix D, Administrators' charging and disbursement policy guidance, for further information concerning administrators' remuneration.

APPENDIX D

Charge Out Rates from 1 July 2004

	Per Hour £	
Partner	300	
Director	270	
Senior Manager	215	
Manager	175	
Executive (Level 2)	135	
Executive (Level 1)	100	
Analyst	85	
Support	55	

Specialist departments within PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, such as tax, vat and pensions, do sometimes charge a small number of hours should we require their expert advice. Their rates do vary, however the figures given below provide an indication of the maximum rate per hour.

	Per Hour £
Senior Manager	375
Manager	200
Consultant	179
Assistant Consultant	145
Analyst	100

Category 2 Disbursements

In accordance with the revised statement of insolvency practice number 9, the administrators be authorised to draw disbursements for services provided by their own firm as follows:

Postage At cost – only charged for circulars to creditors or exceptional packages.

Storage At cost where provided internally.

Photocopying At 3p per sheet copied, only charged for circulars to creditors and exceptional

amounts of copying.

Staff expenses These are only charged as they relate to the administration and will generally be

for subsistence, mileage and items charged at cost.

Forge Tech Industries Limited - in administration

Administrators' costs to 30 September 2004

Time Costs		Hours	ırs				
Classification of Work	Partner/Director	Senior Manager/Manager	Executive	Analyst/Support	Total Hours	Time Cost (£)	Average Hourly Rate (£)
Administration & Planning	ı	37.75	34.51	30.48	102.74	13,695.38	133
Sale of Business & Asset Realisation	38.50	115.57	109.92	104.50	368.49	55,584.95	151
Trading Supervision including Retention of Title	,	,	1.00	0.50	1.50	138.50	92
Employees	,		21.00	7.00	28.00	3,218.01	115
Creditors	•	1	10.90	59.05	69.95	6,114.64	87
Statutory & Compliance	29.00	41.24	65.63	271.21	407.09	46,537.83	114
Total	67.50	194.56	242.96	472.74	977.76	125,289.30	128

(£) 125,289.30 3,024,44 Total Time Cost Total Expenses **Total Cost**

Notes:

- 1. Further time has been charged since 30 September 2004
- 2. Please note that this time cost analysis includes time spent by my receivables management group in collecting the debtors ledger.
 3. Please note that the analysis between grades may vary slightly from previous reports due to staff promotions. However, please be advised that staff will be charged out at the correct rate for the grade they were at the date the work was performed.