Registration number: 04712027

COE STONE LTD

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

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Company Information

Director Mr O M Coe

Company secretary Mrs R Coe

Registered office Cleeve House

11 Goat Street Haverfordwest SA61 1PX

Accountants Wynne And Co Limited

Chartered Accountants

Forestry House Brewery Road Carmarthern Carmarthenshire

SA31 1TF

(Registration number: 04712027) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2022

		30 April 2022	30 April 2021
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	7,920	10,561
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	1,150	1,750
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	13,148	30,886
Cash at bank and in hand		35,756	18,676
		50,054	51,312
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(23,989)	(12,721)
Net current assets		26,065	38,591
Total assets less current liabilities		33,985	49,152
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	(32,386)	(41,667)
Provisions for liabilities		(1,505)	(1,901)
Net assets		94	5,584
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>9</u>	2	2
Retained earnings		92	5,582
Shareholders' funds		94	5,584

For the financial year ending 30 April 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

(Registration number: 04712027) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2022

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 21 December 2022			
0000000000000000000			
Mr O M Coe			
Director			

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 May 2021	2	5,582	5,584
Profit for the year	-	2,310	2,310
Dividends	<u> </u>	(7,800)	(7,800)
At 30 April 2022	2	92	94
		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 May 2020	2	28,705	28,707
Loss for the year	-	(4,123)	(4,123)
Dividends	<u> </u>	(19,000)	(19,000)
At 30 April 2021	2	5,582	5,584

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Cleeve House 11 Goat Street Haverfordwest SA61 1PX

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 21 December 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Freehold property	at varying rates on cost
Plant and machinery	25% on reducing balance
Fixture and fittings	25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% on reducing balance
Computer equipment	25% on reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Fully amortised

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 3 (2021 - 4).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 May 2021	25,000	25,000
At 30 April 2022	25,000	25,000
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2021	25,000	25,000
At 30 April 2022	25,000	25,000
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2022	-	-

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 May 2021	5,657	22,129	49,817	77,603
At 30 April 2022	5,657	22,129	49,817	77,603
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2021	5,429	18,480	43,133	67,042
Charge for the year	57	913	1,671	2,641
At 30 April 2022	5,486	19,393	44,804	69,683
Carrying amount				
At 30 April 2022	171	2,736	5,013	7,920
At 30 April 2021	228	3,649	6,684	10,561

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

6 Stocks

	30 April 2022	30 April 2021
	£	£
Closing Stock	1,150	1,750

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

7 Debtors			
		30 April	30 April
		2022	2021
Current		£	£
Trade debtors		11,466	4,780
Other debtors		-	717
PAYE		325	-
VAT		1,357	172
Directors account			25,217
		13,148	30,886
8 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		30 April	30 April
	. .	2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>10</u>	9,708	8,658
Trade creditors		661	2,197
Taxation and social security		-	544
Accruals and deferred income		1,300	1,323
Other creditors		12,320	(1)
		23,989	12,721
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		30 April	30 April
		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			

Loans and borrowings

32,386

10

41,667

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

Anotteu, caneu up and runy paid snares				
	30 April 2022		30 April 2021	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary B of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	2	2	2	2
10 Loans and borrowings				
			30 April	30 April
			2022	2021
			£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings			32,386	41,667

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

	30 April 2022	30 April
	2022 £	2021 £
Current loans and borrowings	_	-
Bank borrowings	9,708	8,658
Sam somewhat		
11 Dividends		
Interim dividends paid		
	30 April	30 April
	2022	2021
	£	£
Interim dividend of £5,000.00 (2021 - £9,500.00) per each Ordinary A	5,000	9,500
Interim dividend of £5,000.00 (2021 - £9,500.00) per each Ordinary B	5,000	9,500
	10,000	19,000
Reconciliation to Dividends categories		
Difference to be corrected	2,200	<u>-</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.