

Registered Number 04705828

KEABLE WEBB LETTINGS LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2013

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013	2012
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	11,104	9,547
		<u>11,104</u>	<u>9,547</u>
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		342,208	300,399
		<u>342,208</u>	<u>300,399</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(286,508)	(269,136)
Net current assets (liabilities)		<u>55,700</u>	<u>31,263</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>66,804</u>	<u>40,810</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		(7,464)	(3,760)
Provisions for liabilities		(1,943)	(1,571)
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>57,397</u>	<u>35,479</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	100	100
Profit and loss account		57,297	35,379
Shareholders' funds		<u>57,397</u>	<u>35,479</u>

- For the year ending 31 March 2013 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 8 August 2013

And signed on their behalf by:

C A Betteridge, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 March 2013**1 Accounting Policies****Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

Turnover policy

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Motor Vehicles 25% reducing balance basis

Fixtures and fittings 25% reducing balance basis

Other accounting policies**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2012	25,355
Additions	10,235
Disposals	(8,845)
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 March 2013	<u>26,745</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2012	15,808
Charge for the year	3,702
On disposals	(3,869)
At 31 March 2013	<u>15,641</u>
Net book values	
At 31 March 2013	<u>11,104</u>
At 31 March 2012	<u>9,547</u>

3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2013	2012
	£	£
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

4 Transactions with directors

Name of director receiving advance or credit:	Mrs C A Betteridge
Description of the transaction:	Amount due to director
Balance at 1 April 2012:	£ 10,275
Advances or credits made:	£ 350
Advances or credits repaid:	-
Balance at 31 March 2013:	<u>£ 10,625</u>

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