Bedford Education Partnership Holdings Limited Financial Statements 31 December 2017



COMPANIES HOUSE

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2017

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Directors' Report

Year ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the group is the provision of operational and maintenance services for two schools in Bedford (Samuel Whitbread Community College and Harlington Upper School), in accordance with a Project Agreement entered into with Central Bedfordshire Council.

The schools became fully operational in 2006. The group is currently running the operation and maintenance services for the period to 31 December 2035, providing a full range of facilities management services under a contractual agreement that provides a regular income stream which is subject to deductions for service shortfalls and the unavailability of the facilities.

The result for the group for the year is shown in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account and Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 7.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year and up to the date of this report are shown below:

A Naafs F Schramm I Tayler

Dividends

The directors recommended a dividend of £95,000 (2016: £100,000) during the year.

Future developments

The updated forecast for the project confirms that it is performing satisfactorily and management of the scheme both logistically and financially remains under control. The directors remain confident that the group will maintain the current level of performance and keep meeting the obligations under the contract.

Donations

The group and parent company made no political donations during the year (2016: £nil).

Small company exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006. The directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by Sections 415A and 415B of the Companies Act 2006, which includes those in relation to the exemption from certain requirements of the Directors' report and the available exemption to not prepare a Strategic report.

Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

Disclosure of information to the auditors

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will therefore continue in office.

Going concern

The directors have reviewed the group's projected cash flows by reference to a financial model covering accounting periods up to 31 December 2036. The directors have also examined the current status of the group's principal contracts and likely developments in the foreseeable future. Having reviewed the available information, the directors consider that the group and parent company will be able to meet its financial obligations on the due dates for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors consider that it is appropriate for the financial statements of the group and parent company to be prepared on a going concern basis.

This report was approved by the Board of directors on .26. July .2018. and signed on behalf of the Board by:

Director

Registered office: Part First Floor 1 Grenfell Road Maidenhead Berkshire SL6 1HN

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

Year ended 31 December 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the group and company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss of the group and company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the Board by:

A/Naafs Director

Registered office: Part First Floor 1 Grenfell Road Maidenhead Berkshire SL6 1HN

Date: 26 July 2018

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Bedford Education Partnership Holdings Limited

Year ended 31 December 2017

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Bedford Education Partnership Holdings Limited's group financial statements and company financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of the group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Financial Statements (the "Annual Report;"), which comprise: the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets as at 31 December 2017; the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account and Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated and Company Statements of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the Notes to the Financial Statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the group's and company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the group's and company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Bedford Education Partnership Holdings Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directo's' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to soing concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Bedford Education Partnership Holdings Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Jonathan Studholme (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Josethan Studholme

Manchester 27 July 2018

Consolidated Profit and Loss Account and Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 December 2017

Turnover Cost of sales	Note 4	2017 £000 3,340 (2,634) (86)	2016 £000 3,117 (2,482)
Administrative expenses			(90)
Operating profit		620	545
Interest receivable and similar income	7	1,012	1,038
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(1,252)	(1,294)
Profit before taxation		380	289
Tax on profit	9	(36)	, (58)
Profit for the financial year		344	231
Fair value movements on cash flow hedging instruments	_	546	(885)
Tax recognised in relation to change in fair value cash flow hedges	9	(93)	102
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year		453	(783)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the financial year		797	(552)

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

All the activities of the group are from continuing operations.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2017

	Note	•	2017 £000	2016 £000	
Current assets			2000	2000	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	. 12 	1,347	and a superior of the superior	1,036	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	18,268		18,968	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,714		2,224	
Total current assets		21,329	••••	22,228	-
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(2,828)		(3,273)	
Net current assets			18,501	18,955	
Total assets less current liabilities			18,501	18,955	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than					
one year	14	-	(22,259)	(23,415)	
Net liabilities			(3,758)	(4,460)	•
Capital and reserves	~				
Called up share capital	17		10	10	
Cash flow hedge reserve	18		(4,314)	(4,767)	
Profit and loss account			546	297	
Total equity			(3,758)	(4,460)	

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 23 were approved by the Board of directors on .26. July 2018 and signed on behalf of the Board by:

A/Naafs // Director

Company registration number: 04688498

Company Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2017

	Note	- 5-	2017 £000	2016 £000
Fixed assets Investments	11 Transactions	สรรภ จะนี้ (กระสรรษาว ค.ชั่น	10 or an avelentive for s	10
Current assets Debtors: amounts falling due within one year Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one		430	en en v en i Devinier	437
year	12	2,771		2,771
Total current assets		3,201		3,208
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	_. 13	(430)		(437)
Net current assets			2,771	2,771
Total assets less current liabilities			2,781	2,781
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(2,771)	(2,771)
Net assets			10	10
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	17		10	10
Total equity			.10	10

The profit for the financial year of the parent company was £95,000 (2016: £100,000).

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 23 were approved by the Board of directors on .26. July 2018 and signed on behalf of the Board by:

A Naafs Director

Company registration number: 04688498

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 December 2017

Note At 1 January 2016	Called up share capital £000	Cash flow hedge reserve £000 (3,984)	Profit and loss account 1 £000	otal equity £000 (3,808)
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the year:	-	_	231	231
Fair value movements on cash flow hedging instruments Tax recognised in relation to change in	-	(885)	-	(885)
fair value cash flow hedges 9		102		102
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year	-	(783)	231	(552)
Dividends paid and payable 10			(100)	(100)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	-	(100)	(100)
At 31 December 2016	10	(4,767)	297	(4,460)
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year:	-	-	344	344
Fair value movements on cash flow hedging instruments Tax recognised in relation to change in	-	546	_	546
fair value cash flow hedges 9	-	(93)	_	(93)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	_	453	344	797
Dividends paid and payable 10	_	_	(95)	(95)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	_		(95)	(95)
At 31 December 2017	10	(4,314)	546	(3,758)

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

Company Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 December 2017

	••	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account To	
At 1 January 2016	Note	£000 	£000	£000
At 1 January 2010		10	_	10
Profit for the financial year		_	100	100
Total comprehensive income for the financial year			100	100
Dividends paid and payable	10		(100)	(100)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		_	(100)	(100)
At 31 December 2016		10	_	10
Profit for the financial year			95	95
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	95	95
Dividends paid and payable	10		(95)	(95)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		-	(95)	(95)
At 31 December 2017		10	•••	10

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

Year ended 31 December 2017

	2017 £000	2016* £000
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the financial year	344	231
Adjustments for: Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses Tax on profit	(1,012) 1,252 36	(1,038) 1,294 58
Changes in: Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors	294 (250)	892 (410)
Cash generated from operations	664	1,027
Interest paid Interest received Tax paid	(1,237) 1,012 (74)	(1,284) 1,038 (18)
Net cash generated from operating activities	365	763
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of bank loan Dividends paid	(780) (95)	(659) (100)
Net cash used in financing activities	(875)	(759)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(510) 2,224	4 2,220
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,714	2,224

^{*}In 2016, accrued interest has been reclassified from interest paid to trade and other creditors, and accrued interest has also been reclassified from bank loan repayment to trade and other creditors.

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2017

1. General information

Bedford Education Partnership Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom which is registered and domiciled in the United Kingdom at Part First Floor, 1 Grenfell Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire, SL6 1HN. The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company with a single subsidiary, Bedford Education Partnership Limited.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102. The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006. The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

Measurement convention

The financial statements were prepared under the historical cost convention except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value: derivative financial instruments.

Going concern

The directors have reviewed the cash flow forecast and taking into account reasonable possible changes in operations, believe that the group and parent company will be able to settle liabilities as they fall due for payment for the foreseeable future and therefore consider that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based upon historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Certain critical accounting judgements in applying the group's accounting policies are described below:

Accounting for the service concession contract and finance debtor requires an estimation of service margins, finance debtor interest rates and associated amortisation profile which is based on forecasted results of the PFI contract. Quarterly management accounts are produced, which compare actual financial performance with a detailed financial model. Variances are investigated and consideration given to the impact of any major variances. The financial model is updated on a six monthly basis, to reflect actual performance to date and accommodate any changes in economic assumptions. These processes ensure that the project remains robust and viable throughout the life of the contract.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

The parent company is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS) and has applied the exemption available under FRS 102 in respect of the following disclosures:

itableef or

- Cash Flow Statement and related notes.
- Basic Financial Instruments and Other Financial Instrument Issues.

Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertaking, Bedford Education Partnership Limited. The acquisition method of accounting has been adopted. The parent company has taken advantage of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to publish its own Profit and Loss Account.

Turnover

Turnover represents the value of services rendered, excluding sales related taxes, and is recognised to the extent that the group obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. During the operational phase, turnover is recognised as contract activity progresses at a mark up on costs related to the provision of services. In line with FRS 102 23.22(a), the mark up is calculated based upon the forecast service revenues and costs over the concession period.

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences arising because certain types of income or expense are non-taxable or are disallowable for tax or because certain tax charges or allowances are greater or smaller than the corresponding income or expense.

Deferred tax is recognised on trading losses carried forward and on the fair value movement of the swap derivative.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost, less an appropriate provision to reflect any impairment in the value of the investments.

Financial instruments

Trade and other debtors / creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors.

Interest-bearing borrowings classified as basic financial instruments

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and treasury deposits.

Restricted cash

The group is obligated to keep a separate cash reserve in respect of future major maintenance costs. This restricted cash balance, which is shown on the balance sheet within the "cash at bank and in hand" balance, amounts to £776,000 at the year end (2016: £1,661,00).

Other financial instruments

Financial instruments not considered to be basic financial instruments (other financial instruments)

Other financial instruments not meeting the definition of Basic Financial Instruments are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition other financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss except as follows:

- hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship shall be recognised as set out below.

Derivative financial instruments and hedging

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss. However, where derivatives qualify for hedge accounting, recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged (see below).

Cash flow hedges

The group has entered into an interest rate swap and designated these as hedges for highly probable forecast transaction. The effective part of any gain or loss on the derivative financial instrument is recognised directly in other comprehensive income. Any ineffective portion of the hedge is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Derivative financial instruments and hedging (continued)

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or the entity discontinues designation of the hedge relationship but the hedged forecast transaction is still expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss at that point remains in equity and is recognised in accordance with the above policy when the transaction occurs. If the hedged transaction is no longer expected to take place, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss recognised in equity is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account immediately.

Finance debtor

The group is an operator of a PFI contract. The underlying asset is not deemed to be an asset of the group under FRS 102 section 34.12C, because the risks and rewards of ownership as set out in that Standard are deemed to lie principally with the Authority.

During the construction phase of the project, all attributable expenditure was included in amounts recoverable on contracts and turnover. Upon becoming operational, the costs were transferred to the finance debtor. During the operational phase, income is allocated between interest receivable and the finance debtor using a project specific interest rate. The remainder of the PFI unitary charge income is included within turnover in accordance with FRS 102 section 23.22(a). The group recognises income in respect of the services provided as it fulfils its contractual obligations in respect of those services and in line with the fair value of the consideration receivable in respect of those services.

Expenses

Interest receivable and interest payable

Interest payable and similar expenses include interest payable on borrowings and associated on-going financing fees.

Interest receivable and similar income include interest receivable on funds invested and interest recognised on the finance debtor based upon the finance debtor accounting policy above.

Interest payable is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, using the effective interest rate method.

4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Service income	3,340	3,117

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the group wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

5. Auditors' remuneration

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Audit of these financial statements	11	11

The audit fee in respect of the group was £11,000 (2016: £11,000) and for the company £2,000 (2016: £2,000). All of these costs have been borne by the subsidiary undertaking.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

6. Staff costs and directors' remuneration

The group and parent company had no employees during the year (2016: nil). No key management personnel received any remuneration during the year (2016: nil). The directors have no contract of service with the group and parent-company. During the year the group incurred charges of £77,000 (2016: £75,000) from BBGI Management HoldCo S.a.r.I. (an indirect and wholly owned subsidiary of BBGI SICAV S.A., which are both registered and domiciled at 6, Route de Treves, Building E, L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg), for making available the services of the directors.

7. Interest receivable and similar income

	 	2017	- 2016 -
		£000	£000
Bank interest receivable		2	5
Finance debtor interest receivable		1,010	1,033
		1,012	1,038

Interest is imputed on the finance debtor using the property specific rate of 7%.

8. Interest payable and similar expenses

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Interest payable on bank loan	942	987
Interest payable on subordinated debt	309	305
Other interest payable and similar expenses	1	2
	1,252	1,294

9. Tax on profit

Tax expense

	2017	2016
Current tax:	£000	£000
UK current tax expense	36	58
Tax on profit	36	58

Tax recognised as other comprehensive income or equity

The aggregate deferred tax relating to items recognised as other comprehensive income or equity for the year was £(93,000) (2016: £102,000). The effect of changes in tax rates and laws is £11,000 (2016: £(75,000)).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

9. Tax on profit (continued)

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the profit before taxation for the year-is lower than (2016: the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016: 20%).

The control of the first control of the control of

Profit before taxation	2017 £000 380	2016 £000 289
Profit by rate of tax Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods Effective interest rate adjustment	73 (35) (2)	58
Tax on profit	36	58

Factors that may affect future tax expense

The UK corporation tax rate will reduce to 17% from 1 April 2020. This change was substantively enacted as part of the Finance Bill on 6 September 2016. This change has been reflected in the financial statements and will reduce the group's future current tax charge accordingly.

10. Dividends

Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year):

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Dividends on ordinary shares	95	100

During the year the group made a dividend payment of £95,000 (2016: £100,000) to BBGI Investments S.C.A. (an indirect and wholly owned subsidiary of BBGI SICAV S.A., which are both registered and domiciled at 6, Route de Treves, Building E, L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg).

11. Investments

Company	Shares in subsidiary undertaking £000
Cost	
At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	10
Accumulated impairment	
At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	-
•	
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2017	10
At 04 December 2040	40
At 31 December 2016	10

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

11. Investments (continued)

As at 31 December 2017, the company owned 100% of the issued share capital (£10,000) of Bedford Education Partnership Limited, which is registered and domiciled in the United Kingdom at Part First Floor, 1 Grenfell Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire, SL6 1HN.

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12. Debtors

Debtors falling due within one year are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Trade debtors	723	443	_	_
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	_	430	437
Finance debtor	605	574	_	_
Prepayments and accrued income	19	19		
	1,347	1,036	430	437

Debtors falling due after one year are as follows: ---

Dobloro railing due arter erre year are as	Group		Company	
	2017 £000	2016 £000	2017 £000	2016 £000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	_	_	2,771	2,771
Deferred tax asset	895	990	_	_
Finance debtor	17,373	17,978		
	18,268	18,968	2,771	2,771

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, repayable by 2035 and attract interest at 11.41%.

13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Group		Compa	ıny
2017	2016	2017	2016
£000	£000	£000	£000
631	781	_	-
153	_	_	_
34	74	_	_
15	49	_	_
430	437	430	437
1,565	1,932		
2,828	3,273	430	437
	2017 £000 631 153 34 15 430 1,565	£000 £000 631 781 153 - 34 74 15 49 430 437 1,565 1,932	2017 2016 2017 £000 £000 £000 631 781 - 153 - - 34 74 - 15 49 - 430 437 430 1,565 1,932 -

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

14. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year and a second as a second and a second and a second as a second as

	Group		Compa	ny
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	£000	"£000"	£000,	£000
Bank loans and overdrafts	14,290	14,900		··· ·· · · · · · · <u>-</u> ·
Subordinated debt	2,771	2,771	2,771	2,771
Swap liability	5,198	5,74 <u>4</u>		
	22,259	23,415	2,771	2,771

Included within Bank loans and overdrafts is an amount repayable after five years of £12,064,000 (2016: £12,693,000) and included within subordinated debt are amounts repayable after five years of £2,771,000 (2016: £2,771,000).

Bank loan relates to senior secured funding granted by a consortium of banks led by Helaba (Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen Girozentrale). The senior loan facility is for a total value of £21,516,000.

The senior loan facility consists of a term loan facility of £21,516,000 which is repayable in fifty six, six-monthly instalments ending 30 September 2033. At 31 December 2017, the total amount outstanding is £15,019,000 (2016: £15,800,000) and is based on the contractual loan agreement.

Interest is charged on amounts drawn under the facility at LIBOR + 0.80%.

The senior loan facility is secured by a fixed charge over all leasehold interests, book debts, project accounts and intellectual property of the group and by a floating charge over the group's undertakings and assets.

Subordinated debt represents a £2,771,000 (2016: £2,771,000) unsecured loan facility due to the company's shareholder, BBGI Investments S.C.A., and is based on the contractual loan agreement. The subordinated loan facility bears interest of 11.41% and is fully repayable by 2035.

15. Deferred tax

The deferred tax asset included in the group and company balance sheets are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2017 2016		2017	2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Included in debtors (note 12)	895	990	_	_

The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

Group		Comp	any
2017 £000	2016 £000	2017 £000	2016 £000
884	976	-	_
11	14		
895	990	_	
	2017 £000 884	2017 2016 £000 £000 884 976 11 14	2017 2016 2017 £000 £000 £000 - 884 976 - 11 14 -

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

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16. Financial instruments

(a) Carrying amount of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and liabilities include: A financial assets and liabilities include:

— :				
- In	an	CIAL	200	219

Timanolal accepts	Group	
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Financial assets measured at amortised cost - finance debtor, trade		
and other debtors	18,701	18,995
Other financial instruments - cash and cash equivalents	1,714	2,224
Other infalled installients cash and bash equivalents	1,7.1.4	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		
•	Grou	o
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Interest rate swap	(5,198)	(5,744)
		(0)/
Financial liabilities		
	Group)
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost - trade and other		
creditors, bank loans and overdrafts and subordinated debt	(18,275)	(18,889)

(b) Financial instruments measured at fair value

Derivative financial instruments

Market values have been used to determine the fair value of the swap arrangement.

(c) Hedge accounting

The following table indicates the periods in which the cash flows associated with the cash flow hedging instrument are expected to occur as required by FRS102.29(a) for the cash flow hedge accounting models and also the periods in which the associated cash flow hedging instruments are expected to affect profit and loss:

	Carrying Amount £000	Within 1 year £000	Between 1-2 years £000	Between 2-5 years £000	5 years and over £000
31 December 2017 Interest rate Swap	(5,198)	(201)	(195)	(538)	(1,055)
31 December 2016 Interest rate Swap	(5,744)	(212)	(201)	(563)	(1,225)

The group has entered into an interest rate swap agreement under the bank loan in order to fix the base interest rate (LIBOR) at 5.11% on the facilities to 2033. At the year end all the group's floating rate borrowings were at fixed rates after taking account of interest rate swaps.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

16. Financial instruments (continued) 15 The Translation of the Continued

(d) Fair values

The amounts for all financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value are as follows:

	-	•			2017	2016
					£000	£000
Interest rate swap contract		• .	* 1	•	(5,198)	(5,744)

17. Called up share capital

Group and company

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2017		2016	
	No.	£000	No.	£000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000		10,000	- 10

18. Reserves

Cash flow hedge reserve

The hedge reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of cash flow hedging instruments related to hedged transactions that have not yet occurred.

19. Related parties

During the year the group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Transactions w	ted parties		
	2017 £000	2016 £000	2017 £000	2016 £000
BBGI Management HoldCo S.a.r.l.	77	75	19	19
BBGI Investments S.C.A.	309	305	3,201	3,208
BBGI SICAV S.A.	19	17	4	26
				

The group incurred directors' fees of £77,000 (2016: £75,000) from BBGI Management HoldCo S.a.r.l. (an indirect and wholly owned subsidiary of BBGI SICAV S.A., which are both registered and domiciled at 6, Route de Treves, Building E, L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg). At the year end there was £19,000 (2016: £19,000) payable to BBGI Management HoldCo S.a.r.l. in respect of directors' fees.

The group incurred interest of £309,000 (2016: £305,000) on the subordinated loan facility payable to BBGI Investments S.C.A. (an indirect and wholly owned subsidiary of BBGI SICAV S.A., which are both registered and domiciled at 6, Route de Treves, Building E, L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg). At the year end there was £3,201,000 (2016: £3,208,000) payable to BBGI Investments S.C.A. in respect of the subordinated loan facility.

The group incurred letter of credit fees of £19,000 (2016: £17,000) from BBGI SICAV S.A. (the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party, which is registered and domiciled at 6, Route de Treves, Building E, L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg). At the year end there was £4,000 (2016: £26,000) payable to BBGI SICAV S.A. in respect of letter of credit fees.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

20. Ultimate parent company and parent company of larger group

At 31 December 2017, 100% of the share capital in the company was held by BBGI Investments S.C.A. (an indirect and wholly owned subsidiary of BBGI SICAV S.A., which are both registered and domiciled at 6, Route de Treves, Building E, L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg).

BBGI SICAV S.A. is the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016, which is registered and domiciled at 6, Route de Treves, Building E, L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg, and is listed on the London Stock Exchange.

No other financial statements consolidate the results of the group.