FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

FOR

CONNECTION ELECTRICAL & ALARM SERVICES LIMITED

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

CONNECTION ELECTRICAL & ALARM SERVICES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

DIRECTOR:	D S Collier
SECRETARY:	Mrs D J Collier
REGISTERED OFFICE:	1st Floor, Commerce House 1 Raven Road South Woodford London E18 1HB
REGISTERED NUMBER:	04688002 (England and Wales)

BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2023

			2023		2022
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		-		-
Tangible assets	5		129		172
			129		172
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		5,025		_	
Debtors	6	13,490		18,548	
Cash in hand		12		12	
		18,527		18,560	
CREDITORS		10,027		10,000	
Amounts falling due within one year	7	22,743		11,795	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(4,216)		6,765
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			(4,210)		0,705
LIABILITIES			(4,087)		6,937
LIABILITIES			(4,007)		0,937
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	8		8,648		11,788
NET LIABILITIES	•		(12,735)		(4,851)
			(12,733)		(1,051)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			3		3
Retained earnings			(12,738)		(4,854)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(12,735)		(4,851)
			<u>(12,755</u>)		

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

Page 2 continued...

BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 MARCH 2023

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 28 February 2024 and were signed by:

D S Collier - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Connection Electrical & Alarm Services Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The company's registered number is 04688002 and registered office address is 1 Raven Road, South Woodford, London, E18 1HB.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection of the acquisition of a business in 2005, has been amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of ten years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. Plant and machinery etc - 25% on reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which includes trade and other debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that as a result of one or more events that occurred after an initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and preference shares classed as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire

Equity Instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Going concern

At the balance sheet date the company had net current liabilities of £12,735 (2022: £4,851). The director believe that the company, with his continued support has adequate resources to continue to operate. The director consider it appropriate to continue using the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if support from the director was not continued.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2022 - 1).

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Goodwill £	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS
_	COST
	At 1 April 2022
20,000	and 31 March 2023
	AMORTISATION
	At 1 April 2022
20,000	and 31 March 2023
	NET BOOK VALUE
<u>-</u>	At 31 March 2023
<u> </u>	At 31 March 2022

Page 6 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

ν.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	COST			
	At 1 April 2022	34,239	1,283	35,522
	Disposals At 31 March 2023	24 220	(1,283)	(1,283)
	DEPRECIATION	<u>34,239</u>		<u>34,239</u>
	At 1 April 2022	34,068	1,282	35,350
	Charge for year	42	1,202	42
	Eliminated on disposal	-	(1,282)	(1,282)
	At 31 March 2023	34,110		34,110
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2023	<u> 129</u>	-	<u>129</u>
	At 31 March 2022	<u> 171</u>	1	172
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2023	2022
			£	£
	Trade debtors		754	674
	Other debtors		12,736	<u>17,874</u>
			<u>13,490</u>	<u>18,548</u>
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2023	2022
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		12,214	6,137
	Trade creditors		8,829	2,365
	Other creditors		1,700	3,293 11,795
			<u>22,743</u>	11,/95
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN O	ONE		
			2023	2022
			£	£
	Bank loans		8,648	11,788

Page 7 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

9. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022:

	2023	2022 £
	£	
D S Collier		
Balance outstanding at start of year	7,974	5,188
Amounts advanced	1,100	8,786
Amounts repaid	(9,040)	(6,000)
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	34	<u>7,974</u>

The above loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Connection Building Services Limited

A company in which D Collier is a director and shareholder.

During the year company loaned £469 to Connection Building Services Limited. Included within Other Debtors is the balance owed to the company of £2,511 (2022: other creditors balance of £2,042).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.