# Abbotts (S.W.) Limited Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements Year Ended 31 December 2017

Registration number: 04678740

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# **Company Information**

**Directors** C A Abbott

S P Abbott R J Abbott M D Abbott

Company secretary C A Abbott

Registered office Lowin House

Tregolls Road TRURO Cornwall TR1 2NA

Accountants Francis Clark LLP

Lowin House Tregolls Road

Truro Cornwall TR1 2NA

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# **Balance Sheet**

# 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Goodwill		262,708	278,958
Intangible assets not including goodwill	<u>4</u>	917	1,559
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	468,130	398,354
Other financial assets		1,000	1,000
		732,755	679,871
Current assets			
Stocks		378,013	317,399
Debtors	<u>6</u>	491,227	467,082
Cash at bank and in hand		30,988	49,066
		900,228	833,547
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(809,482)	(735,031)
Net current assets		90,746	98,516
Total assets less current liabilities		823,501	778,387
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(357,009)	(341,608)
Provisions for liabilities		(74,397)	(74,947)
Net assets		392,095	361,832
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Non- distributable reserve		103,588	126,391
Profit and loss account		288,307	235,241
Total equity		392,095	361,832

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{12}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

## **Balance Sheet**

#### 31 December 2017

For the financial year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 6 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

S P Abbott Director

Company Registration Number: 04678740

The notes on pages  $\frac{4}{2}$  to  $\frac{12}{2}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Year Ended 31 December 2017

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Lowin House Tregolls Road TRURO Cornwall TR1 2NA

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the supply of goods to the catering and licensed trade industry. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

## Year Ended 31 December 2017

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the balance sheet date unless indicated below. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and the results as stated in the profit and loss account and other comprehensive income. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

**Asset class** 

Leasehold land and buildings

Motor vehicles

Hire department equipment

Computer equipment

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

Depreciation method and rate

Straight line over the remaining life of the

lease

25% Reducing balance

10% Straight line

20% Straight line

15% Reducing balance

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

**Asset class** 

Website development and software

Goodwill

Amortisation method and rate

20% Straight line 5% Straight line

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Year Ended 31 December 2017

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Year Ended 31 December 2017

#### Financial instruments

#### Classification

The company holds the following financial instruments:

- · Short term trade and other debtors and creditors;
- · Bank loans; and
- · Cash and bank balances.

All financial instruments are classified as basic.

#### Recognition and measurement

The company has chosen to apply the recognition and measurement principles in FRS102.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and derecognised when in the case of assets, the contractual rights to cash flows from the assets expire or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or in the case of liabilities, when the company's obligations are discharged, expire or are cancelled.

Except for bank loans, such instruments are initially measured at transaction price, including transaction costs, and are subsequently carried at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, after taking account of impairment adjustments.

Bank loans are initially measured at transaction price, including transaction costs, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

# Year Ended 31 December 2017

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 30 (2016 - 27).

## 4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Website and software £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2017	325,000	5,072	330,072
At 31 December 2017	325,000	5,072	330,072
Amortisation			
At 1 January 2017	46,042	3,513	49,555
Amortisation charge	16,250	642	16,892
At 31 December 2017	62,292	4,155	66,447
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2017	262,708	917	263,625
At 31 December 2016	278,958	1,559	280,517

## Notes to the Financial Statements

# Year Ended 31 December 2017

## 5 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Fixtures, fittings and computer equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Hire department equipment £	Modular showroom £	
Cost or value	uation					
At 1						
January 2017	0.070	427.000	440 440	240.052		
Additions	2,878	127,036	113,446	319,052	-	
	-	9,181	70,870	9,596	63,907	
Disposals _			(31,538)		<u>-</u>	
At 31						
December	2.070	126 217	150 770	229 649	62.007	
2017 _	2,878	136,217	152,778	328,648	63,907	
Depreciatio	n					
At 1						
January		00.005	50.440	00.070		
2017	-	38,935	58,146	66,978	-	
Charge for the						
year	320	15,391	19,173	31,905	2,946	
Eliminated						
on			(47.400)			
disposal _		<u>-</u> _	(17,496)	<u> </u>		
At 31						
December						
2017 _	320	54,326	59,823	98,883	2,946	
Carrying an	nount					
At 31						
December	2,558	04 004	00.055	220.765	60.064	
2017 =	∠,558	81,891	92,955	229,765	60,961	
At 31						
December	0.070	00.400	EE 000	050.074		
2016 =	2,878	88,102	55,300	252,074		

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £2,558 (2016 - £2,878) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

# Year Ended 31 December 2017

#### 6 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	277,936	284,438
Other debtors	191,084	1 <b>7</b> 1,46 <b>1</b>
Prepayments	22,207	11,183
	491,227	467,082

# Notes to the Financial Statements

# Year Ended 31 December 2017

#### 7 Creditors

Ground of a mount of a mining and that in one your		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	348,304	352,499
Trade creditors		367,545	299,564
Corporation tax		23,565	24,713
Social security and other taxes		42,857	40,645
Other creditors		14,477	-
Accrued expenses		12,734	17,610
		809,482	735,031
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	357,009	341,608

## 8 Loans and borrowings

	2017 £	2016 £
Current loans and borrowings	L	L
Bank borrowings	258,951	278,779
Bank overdrafts	36,527	45,139
Finance lease liabilities	46,263	28,581
Other borrowings	6,563	<u>-</u> _
	348,304	352,499
	2017 £	2016 £
Loans and borrowings due after one year		
Bank borrowings	265,736	306,057
Finance lease liabilities	77,601	35,551
Other borrowings	13,672	
	357,009	341,608

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## Year Ended 31 December 2017

The bank borrowings are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all assets of the company. Bank borrowings also includes amounts secured on the book debts of the company.

The finance lease liabilities are secured against the underlying assets.

#### 9 Share capital

#### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

		2017		
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
Ordinary A Shares of £1 each	52	52	52	52
Ordinary B Shares of £1 each	48	48	48	48
	200	200	200	200

#### 10 Related party transactions

During the year the directors introduced funds totalling £66,079 (2016 £343,407) and withdrew funds totalling £102,013 (2016 £386,621). At the balance sheet date the amount due from the directors was £40,009 (2016 £4,075).

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