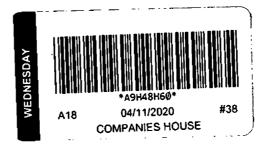
**British American Tobacco Italy Investments Limited** 

Registered Number 04664012

Annual report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2019



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# Strategic Report

The Directors present their Strategic Report on British American Tobacco Italy Investments Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

## **Principal activities**

The Company's principal activity is the holding of an investment in a company operating in the tobacco industry as a member of the British American Tobacco p.l.c. group of companies (the "Group").

## Review of the year ended 31 December 2019

The profit for the financial year attributable to British American Tobacco Italy Investments Limited shareholders after deduction of all charges and the provision of taxation amounted to £37,603,000 (2018: profit £206,568,000).

In 2019, the Company issued 65,530,000 ordinary shares that have been fully subscribed by its direct parent, British American Tobacco International Holdings (UK) Limited.

## Going concern

The Directors expect the Company to be liquidated in the future. The entity was part of the BAT entity restructuring process and as a result the investment in British American Tobacco Italia S.P.A. has been sold to BAT Exports, another group entity. The accounts are prepared on a non-going concern assumption. Refer to Note 1 of the accounts.

## Key performance indicators

Given the nature of the Company's activities, the Company's Directors believe that key performance indicators are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the Company's specific development, performance or the position of its business. However, key performance indicators relevant to the Group, and which may be relevant to the Company, are disclosed in the Strategic Report in the Annual Report of British American Tobacco p.l.c. and do not form part of this report.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company, including financial risk management, are integrated with the principal risks of the Group and are monitored by audit committees to provide a framework for identifying, evaluating and managing risks faced by the Group. Accordingly, the key Group risk factors that may be relevant to the Company are disclosed in the Annual Report of British American Tobacco p.l.c. and do not form part of this report.

#### UK Companies Act: Section 172(1) Statement

The Company is part of the Group and is ultimately owned by British American Tobacco p.l.c. As set out above in the Company's Strategic Report, the Company's principal activity is the holding of an investment in a company operating in the tobacco industry as a member of the Group.

Under section 172(1) of the UK Companies Act and as part of the Directors' duty to the Company's shareholder, to act as they consider most likely to promote the success of the Company, the Directors must have regard for likely long-term consequences of decisions and the desirability of maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct. The Directors must also have regard for business relationships with the Company's wider stakeholders, and the impact of the Company's operations on the environment and communities in which it operates. Consideration of these factors and other relevant matters is embedded into all Board decision making and risk assessment throughout the year.

# Strategic Report (continued)

## UK Companies Act: Section 172(1) Statement (continued)

The Company's key stakeholders are the Company's shareholder and other Group undertakings. The Company does not have any employees, customers outside the Group or other suppliers. Primary ways in which the Company engages with group undertakings and its shareholder are through regular meetings, intra-group management activities and ongoing dialogue. There is also regular engagement within the Group on finance-related matters. Feedback from this engagement is taken into account in the Company's decision-making.

Where the Directors do not engage directly with the Company's stakeholders, they are kept updated on stakeholder perspectives, including through the use of management reporting and, board notes relating to matters presented to the Board during the year which set out stakeholder considerations as applicable to matters under consideration. This enables the Directors to maintain an effective understanding of what matters to those stakeholders and to draw on these perspectives in Board decision-making.

In accordance with the Group's overall governance and internal controls framework and in support of the Company's purpose as part of the Group, the Company applies and the Directors have due regard to all applicable Group policies and procedures, including the Group Statement of Delegated Authorities ("Group SoDA"), and the Group Standards of Business Conduct, International Marketing Principles, Health and Safety Policy, and Environmental Policy as set out at pages 28 to 32 of the BAT Annual Report. As a Group company, the Company acts in accordance with the Group's policies in relation the safeguarding of human rights and community relationships, which are set out at pages 30 to 31 of the BAT Annual Report.

Where authority for decision-making is delegated to management under the Group SoDA, the Group SoDA mandates regard for the likely long-term consequences of decisions, the imperative of maintaining high standards of business conduct, business relationships with wider stakeholders, the impact of business operations on the environment and communities, and other relevant factors. The Group SoDA is part of the Group's governance and internal controls framework through which good corporate governance, risk management and internal control is promoted within the Group and does not derogate from any requirement for Board review, oversight or approval in relation to the Company's activities.

The Directors receive training in relation to their role and duties as a director on a periodic basis and all newly appointed Directors receive training in respect of their role and duties on appointment. Director training is provided through the Company Secretary. Focus areas for Directors' training during 2019 included a recap on directors' duties under Section 172 of the UK Companies Act.

By Order of the Board

Mr. P McCormack

**Assistant Secretary** 

5 October 2020

# **Directors' Report**

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### **Dividends**

During the year the Company paid dividends amounting to Enil (2018: Enil).

#### **Board of Directors**

The names of the persons who served as Directors of the Company during the period 1 January 2019 to the date of this report are as follows:

David Patrick Ian Booth
John Fry
Robert Fergus Heaton
Robert James Casey (Resigned 30 April 2020)
(Resigned 11 March 2019)

# Research and development

No research and development expenditure has been incurred during the year (2018: £nil).

#### **Political contributions**

The Company made no political donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year (2018: £nil).

## **Employees**

The average number of employees employed by the Company during the year was nil (2018: nil).

#### **Auditor**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

## Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so. (As explained in Note 1, the directors do not believe that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis).

# **Directors' Report (continued)**

# Statement of Directors' responsibilities (continued)

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## Directors' declaration in relation to relevant audit information

Having made appropriate enquiries, each of the Directors who held office at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (a) to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- (b) he or she has taken all steps that a Director might reasonably be expected to have taken in order to make himself or herself aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

By Order of the Board

Mr P. McCormack
Assistant Secretary

5 October 2020

# Independent Auditor's Report to the members of British American Tobacco Italy Investments Limited

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of British American Tobacco Italy Investments Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Profit and loss account, Statement of changes in equity, Balance sheet and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and
  of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

# Emphasis of matter - non-going concern basis of preparation

We draw attention to the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements which explains that the financial statements are now not prepared on the going concern basis for the reasons set out in that note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Strategic report and directors' Report

The directors are responsible for the Strategic report and the Directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Strategic report and the Directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year are consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the members of British American Tobacco Italy Investments Limited (continued)

# **Directors' responsibilities**

As explained more fully in their statement set out on pages 4 and 5, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# **Auditor's responsibilities**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements. A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>.

# The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Kevin Williams, Senior Statutory Auditor for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square London E14 5GL

06 October 2020

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December

	Note	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Other operating expenses	2	•	-
Impairment (expense)/ income	6	(383,217)	220,764
Operating (expense)/ income		(383,217)	220,764
Interest receivable and similar income	3	432,486	21
Interest payable and similar expenses	4	(11,666)	(14,217)
Profit before taxation		37,603	206,568
Tax on profit	5	•	
Profit for the financial year		37,603	206,568

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year and therefore no Statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

# Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total Equity
	£'000	£'000	£'000
1 January 2018	479,397	(782,068)	(302,671)
Profit for the financial year	-	206,568	206,568
31 December 2018	479,397	(575,500)	(96,103)
Profit for the financial year	-	37,603	37,603
Increase in share capital	65,530	-	65,530
31 December 2019	544,927	(537,897)	7,030

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# Balance sheet as at 31 December

	Note	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Fixed assets	14016	2000	2000
Investments in Group undertakings	6	6,979	395,861
	-	6,979	395,861
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	51	45
		51	45
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8a	-	(16,297)
Net current liabilities		51	(16,252)
Total assets less current liabilities	•	7,030	379,609
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8b	•	(475,712)
Net assets/(liabilities)		7,030	(96,103)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	544,927	479,397
Profit and loss account		(537,897)	(575,500)
Total shareholders' funds/ deficit		7,030	(96,103)

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Directors on 5 October 2020 and signed on behalf of the Board.

Mr. D.P.I Booth

Julinter

Director

Registered number 04664012

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101"). In September 2019 the Regional Head of Finance, Regional Head of Lex, Area Head of Finance and Accounting and Treasury departments of British American Tobacco p.l.c, which is the ultimate parent of the entity, have proposed to the Directors to liquidate the Company as part of the Italy – Corporate Structure Simplification.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("IFRS"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and where advantage of disclosure exemptions available under FRS 101, such as the preparation of a cash flow statement or disclosures regarding financial instruments and transactions with related parties, have been taken.

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. The key estimates and assumptions are set out in the accounting policies below, together with the related notes to the accounts.

The most significant items include the review of asset values and impairment testing of financial and non-financial assets.

Such estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances and constitute management's best judgment at the date of the financial statements. In the future, actual experience may deviate from these estimates and assumptions, which could affect the financial statements as the original estimates and assumptions are modified, as appropriate, in the year in which the circumstances change.

The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of British American Tobacco p.l.c. which is incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements under the terms of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006.

The accounting policies set out below, have unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### Foreign currencies

The functional currency of the Company is sterling. Transactions arising in currencies other than sterling are translated at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in currencies other than sterling are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year.

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## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Taxation**

Taxation is that chargeable on the profits for the period, together with deferred taxation.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income or changes in equity.

#### Investments in Group undertakings

As permitted by IFRS 9, Investments in Group undertakings are stated at cost, together with subsequent capital contributions, less provisions for any impairment in value, where appropriate.

#### Dividends

Final dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, while interim dividend distributions are recognised in the period in which the dividends are declared and paid.

## Financial instruments

The Company's business model for managing financial assets is set out in the BAT Group Treasury Manual which notes that the primary objective with regard to the management of cash and investments is to protect against the loss of principal. The majority of financial assets are held in order to collect contractual cash flows (typically loans and other receivables) but some assets (typically investments) are held for investment potential.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the relevant instrument and derecognised when it ceases to be a party to such provisions. Such assets and liabilities are classified as current if they are expected to be realised or settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date. If not, they are classified as non-current. Financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs where applicable, with subsequent measurement as set out below. The Company's Loans and receivable, Amounts owed by Group undertakings and Other debtors are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are held in order to collect contractual cash flows and are subsequently carried at amortised cost. Non-derivative financial liabilities, including creditors, are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Derivative financial assets and liabilities are initially recognised, and subsequently measured, at fair value, which includes accrued interest receivable and payable where relevant. Changes in their fair values are recognised in profit and loss.

# 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Operating expenses

Operating expenses are recorded in the period they relate to and are generated in the normal business operations of the company.

#### Impairment of financial assets held at amortised cost

With effect from 1 January 2018, loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets which are held at amortised cost are recognised on the initial recognition of the underlying asset. Allowances in respect of loans and other receivables (debtors) are initially recognised at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Where the credit risk on the receivables has increased significantly since initial recognition, allowances are measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit loss. Prior to 1 January 2018, financial assets were reviewed for impairment at each balance sheet date, or whenever events indicated that the carrying amount might not be recoverable.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets and investments in Group undertakings

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In addition, assets that have indefinite useful lives are tested annually for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the carrying value exceeds the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

# 2 Other operating expenses

Auditor's fees of £2,500 were borne by a fellow Group undertaking (2018: £2,500).

There were no employees (2018: none) and no staff costs during the year (2018: £nil).

None of the Directors received any remuneration in respect of their services as a Director of the Company during the year (2018: £nil). The Company considers that there is no practicable method to allocate a portion of the emoluments the Directors received from their respective Group company employer for any qualifying services in respect of the Company, as these are considered to be incidental and part of the Directors overall management responsibilities within the Group.

#### 3 Interest receivable and similar income

	432,486	21
Exchange gain	1,155	<u>-</u>
Fair value gain	-	19
Dividends received	431,304	-
Interest receivable from Group undertakings	27	2
	£'000	£'000
	2019	2010

The net exchange gain consists of a £6,829,000 (2018: loss £5,247,000) gain on the revaluation of a EUR 530,000,000 borrowing offset by a £5,665,000 (2018: gain of £1,931,000) loss on the revaluation of investment. The borrowing has been designated as a fair value hedge on the exchange rate portion of the fair value risk of the investment. The total impact of the ineffective hedge in the profit and loss account for the year is a net gain £1,164,000 which is offset by other exchange losses in the above.

2010

2040

# 4 Interest payable and similar charges

	11,666	14,217
Fair value loss	3,116	-
Net exchange loss	-	3,315
Interest payable to Group undertakings	8,550	10,902
	£'000	£.000
	2019	2018

# 5 Taxation

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. In the 11 March 2020 Budget it was announced that the UK tax rate will remain at the current 19% and not reduce to 17% from 1 April 2020. This will have a consequential effect on the company's future tax charge.

The taxation charge for the year differs from the charge that would be expected based on the statutory 19% (2018: 19%) rate of corporation taxation in the UK. The major causes of this difference are listed below:

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Profit /(Loss) for the year	37,603	206,568
Total tax expense	. •	-
Profit /(Loss) excluding taxation	37,603	206,568
Tax using the UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2018: 19%)	7,144	39,248
Non-deductible expenses	72,590	630
Transfer pricing adjustments	(3)	-
Income not taxable	(81,947)	(41,945)
Group relief surrendered for nil consideration	2,216	2,067
Total tax charge for the year	-	-

#### 6 Investments

## (1) Shares in Group undertakings

	Direct	Subsidiary	Attributable
Share Class	interest	Interest	Interest
Ordinary B shares	100.00	0.00	100.00
Ordinary C shares	100.00	0.00	100.00
	•	Share Class interest  Ordinary B shares 100.00	Share Class interest Interest  Ordinary B shares 100.00 0.00

#### (2) Investments in Group undertakings

	Investment in Group undertakings £'000
Cost	
1 January 2019	926,710
Exchange loss on investments	(5,665)
Additions	190
31 December 2019	921,235
Impairment provisions	
1 January 2019	(530,849)
Impairment provisions	(383,217)
Disposal	(190)
31 December 2019	(914,256)
Net book value	
1 January 2019	395,861
31 December 2019	6,979

(3) The Directors are of the opinion that the individual investments in the Group undertakings have a value not less than the amount at which they are shown in the balance sheet.

At the end of 2015, the Company reappraised the carrying value of its investment in British American Tobacco Italy Limited ("BAT Italy") as a result of that company impairing its investment in British American Tobacco Italia S.p.A. ("BAT Italia"). This impairment arose in response to impairment recognised by BAT Italia arising from the forecasted financial effect of declining volumes of brands acquired with the business in 2003, the anticipated effects of the implementation of plain packaging, and future estimated excise increases.

As a consequence of the above, the underlying investment in BAT Italia had been impaired and its carrying value had been reduced to its estimated recoverable value on a value-in-use basis. As a result of the impairment recognised in respect of BAT Italia, the Company has recognised impairment against its holding in BAT Italy as well.

At the end of 2018, the Company reappraised the carrying value of its investment in BAT Italy. The valuations use cash flows based on detailed financial budgets prepared by BAT Italia management covering a five-year period. Cash flows for the years after this are assumed to grow at 1.5% per annum. A pre-tax discount rate of 6.5 per cent was used, based on the cost of capital, together with any premium applicable for economic and political risks. Following the reappraisal, the Company has reversed £220,764,000 out of the total investment.

In 2019 the investment down the chain in Italy was sold to BAT Exports, another Group entity, and as a result, the value of the investment in British American Tobacco Italy Limited has been impaired with a total value of £383,217,000 bringing the total value of the investment to £6,979,000.

During 2019, the Company injected £190,000 into BAT Italy . The subsidiary used the proceeds to redeem preference shared issued to the Company

## 7 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£,000	£'000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	51	45

Amounts owed by Group undertakings were unsecured, interest bearing and repayable on demand. The interest rate is based on LIBOR.

#### 8 Creditors

## a) Amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	•	16,297

A balance of £8,231,000 in 2018 out of amounts owed to Group undertakings represents interest related to the EUR 530,000,000 borrowing. The amounts are unsecured and the interest rate is based on EUR LIBOR. Another amount of £8,066,000 in 2018 represents amounts owed to Group undertakings which are unsecured, interest bearing and the interest rate is based on LIBOR. In 2019 the borrowing generating interest has been repaid therefore the balance or amounts falling due within one year is £nil.

## b) Amounts falling due after one year

	2019	2018
	£,000	£,000
Amounts owed to Group undertakings		475,712

Included in amounts owed to Group undertakings in 2018 is an amount of £475,712,000 equivalent to EUR 530,000,000, that has been repaid in 2019. The borrowing was unsecured and interest bearing. The interest rate was based on EUR LIBOR. The borrowing has been designated as a fair value hedge on the exchange rate portion of the fair value risk of the investment.

## 9 Called up share capital

Ordinary shares of £1 each	2019	2018
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
- value	£544,926,546	£479,396,546
- number	544,926,546	479,396,546

In 2019, the company received an equity injection from its direct parent British American Tobacco International Holdings (UK) Limited of 65,530,000. The proceeds were used to repay a borrowing due to Group undertakings.

#### 10 Related party disclosures

As a wholly owned subsidiary the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 101 from disclosing transactions with other subsidiary undertakings of the British American Tobacco p.t.c. Group.

# 12 Parent undertakings

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is British American Tobacco p.l.c. being incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The Company's immediate parent undertaking is British American Tobacco International Holdings (UK) Limited. Group financial statements are prepared only at the British American Tobacco p.l.c. level and may be obtained from:

The Company Secretary Globe House 4 Temple Place London WC2R 2PG