FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the period ended

31 May 2004

#AEMN7B1G# 352
COMPANIES HOUSE 08/12/2005

Company Registration No. 4648736

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

P V Taylor V A Tchenguiz J D Thorpe

SECRETARY

M H P Ingham

COMPANY NUMBER

4648736 (England and Wales)

REGISTERED OFFICE

18 Upper Grosvenor Street London W1K 7PW

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly The Clock House 140 London Road Guildford Surrey GU1 1UW

SOLICITORS

Olswang 90 High Holborn London WC1V 6XX

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements of Sportdale Limited for the period ended 31 May 2004.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of property investment.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company was incorporated on 27 January 2003.

In the opinion of the directors the result for the period and the financial position of the company at 31 May 2004 were satisfactory.

During the period the company acquired an investment property using short term funding. Subsequently, more appropriate long-term facilities were obtained that are described in note 10 to the accounts.

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 27 January 2003:

P V Taylor (Appointed 5 March 2003) V A Tchenguiz (Appointed 5 March 2003) J D Thorpe (Appointed 5 March 2003)

R Tchenguiz (Appointed 27 January 2003 and resigned 5 March 2003)
London Law Services Limited (Appointed 27 January 2003 and resigned 27 January 2003)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

The directors had no beneficial interest in the share capital of the company at any time during the period.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The investment property held at 31 May 2004 was valued as at that date at £60,210,000 by the directors.

The increase in value during the period amounted to £8,824,241 as set out in note 7.

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly were appointed auditors to the company and in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the board

30 November 2005

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SPORTDALE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 13.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the other information in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies within the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2004 and of its result for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BAKER TILLY

Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants The Clock House 140 London Road Guildford Surrey GUI 1UW

30 November 2005

Sportdale Limited PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the period ended 31 May 2004

		Period ended 31 May 2004
	Notes	£
RENT RECEIVABLE		2,796,384
Other operating expenses	1	(50,896)
OPERATING PROFIT		2,745,488
Investment income	2	48,670
		2,794,158
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(6,260,545)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4	(3,466,387)
Taxation	6	843,129
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	13	(2,623,258)

All amounts derive from continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

for the period ended 31 May 2004

Period ended 31 May 2004 £
(2,623,258) 8,824,241
6,200,983

Loss for the financial period Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties

Total gains and losses recognised since last financial statements

Sportdale Limited BALANCE SHEET

31 May 2004

V A Tchenguiz

	Notes	2004 £
FIXED ASSETS		
Tangible assets	7	60,210,000
CURRENT ASSETS		
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	988,177
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year Cash at bank and in hand	8	1,565,174 1,058,857
		3,612,208
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(1,988,110)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,624,098
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		61,834,098
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(55,633,114)
NET ASSETS		6,200,984
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Called up share capital	12	1
Revaluation reserve	13	8,824,241
Profit and loss account	13	(2,623,258)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14	6,200,984
Approved by the board on 30 November 2005		

Director

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of land and buildings which are stated at revalued amounts.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No.19, investment properties are revalued annually on an open market basis and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve. No depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run.

This treatment may be a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act concerning the depreciation of fixed assets.

However, these properties are not held for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be seperately identified or quantified.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value as the company does not intend to sell the revalued assets.

RENT RECEIVABLE

Rent recevable includes the amortisation of of reverse lease premiums receved, that are amortised on a straight line over the lease period.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No.1, from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the period ended 31 May 2004

1,	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	2004 £
	Administrative expenses	50,896
2.	INVESTMENT INCOME	2004 £
	Bank interest Other interest	16,924 31,746
		48,670
3.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2004 £
	Bank loan interest Other loan interest Amortisation of finance charges Funder's profit share on redemption of loan Break costs Finance costs of loan redeemed in year Other interest	978,997 2,316,272 17,141 951,922 545,000 1,431,130 20,083
	LOSS ON ORDINARY A CTIVITIES DEFORE TAY ATION	2004
4.	LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:	2004 £
	Auditors' remuneration	1,000

5. EMPLOYEES

There were no employees during the period apart from the directors, who received no emoluments.

Sportdale Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the period ended 31 May 2004

6.	TAXATION	2004
	Current tax charge	£ -
	Deferred tax	
	Deferred tax credit current period	(843,129)
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the period	
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(3,466,387)
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00%	(1,039,916)
	Effects of:	
	Non deductible expenses	110
	Unutilised tax losses carried forward	843,129
	Chargeable gain on lease premium	117,332
	Other tax adjustments	79,345
		1,039,916
	Current tax charge	-
7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
,.		Investment property
	Valuation	£
	27 January 2003	-
	Additions	51,385,759
	Revaluation surplus	8,824,241
	31 May 2004	60,210,000
	The property was valued as at 31 May 2004 at £60,210,000 by the directors.	
	The original cost of the property was £51,385,759.	
	Investment property at net book value comprises:	2004
		£
	Long leasehold	60,210,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the period ended 31 May 2004

8.	DEBTORS	2004
		£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	1
	Other debtors	948,366
	Prepayments and accrued income	761,855
	Deferred tax asset (note 11)	843,129
		2,553,351
	Amount Cillian due offen word has an analysis to ded in the debter of the second	
	Amounts falling due after more than one year and included in the debtors above are:	2004
		£
	Deferred tax asset	843,129
	Prepayments	722,045
		1,565,174
		
9.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	2004
		£
	0.1	1 204 724
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	1,304,734
	Accruais and deferred income	683,376
		1,988,110
10.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	2004
	·	£
	Loan	55,000,000
	Accruals and deferred income	633,114
	Trootsals and deferred modifie	
		55,633,114
	Loan maturity analysis:	
	In more than five years	55,000,000

The loan is repayable in 2033, is interest only and bears interest at 6.29% per annum and is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's investment property, and by a fixed charge over all money in the company bank accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the period ended 31 May 2004

11	December	TAVATION
11.	DEFERRED	TAXATION

Deferred
taxation
£

Balance at 31 May 2004 (843,129)

Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements is as follows:

2004 £

Tax losses available (843,129)

Deferred tax (asset) (843,129)

No provision for deferred taxation has been made in respect of the property held as an investment which is included in these financial statements at a valuation of £60,210,000. It is estimated that if this property were to be sold at that valuation the tax liability would amount to £2,200,000.

12. SHARE CAPITAL

2004 £

Authorised:

100 ordinary shares of £1 each

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

1 ordinary shares of £1 each

13. STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Revaluation	Profit and loss
	reserve	account
	£	£
Retained loss for the period	-	(2,623,258)
Revaluation during the period	8,824,241	-
31 May 2004	8,824,241	(2,623,258)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the period ended 31 May 2004

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2004 £
Loss for the financial period	(2,623,258)
Other recognised gains and losses	8,824,241
Proceeds from issue of shares	1
	
Net addition to shareholders' funds	6,200,984
Opening shareholders' funds	-
Closing shareholders' funds	6,200,984

15. CONTROL

14.

The company's immediate holding company is Wellzone Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The company's ultimate holding company is Marizel Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The ultimate controlling party is the Tchenguiz Family Trust.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At the balance sheet date £1 was due from the company's holding company, Wellzone Limited.

The company is related to Rotch Property Group Limited and its subsidiaries ("Rotch") with whom it has directors in common and whose ultimate controlling party is the Tchenguiz Family Trust. Management fees of £32,000 were paid to Rotch during the period. At the balance sheet date £1,304,724 on intercompany trading account resulting from amouts paid on behalf of the company.

The company is related to Vincos Limited with whom it has a director, V A Tchenguiz, in common and whose ultimate controlling party is the Tchenguiz Family Trust. At the balance sheet date Vincos Limited owed the company £941,175 resulting from amounts received on behalf of the company.