## Registered Number 04641328

### A & T BUILDING AND ROOFING SPECIALISTS LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2011

### A & T BUILDING AND ROOFING SPECIALISTS LIMITED

### Registered Number 04641328

## Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2011

	Notes	2011		2010	
Fixed assets		£	£	£	£
Tangible	2		27,247		19,682
Total fixed assets			27,247		19,682
Current assets					
Debtors		32,080		22,152	
Cash at bank and in hand		104		10,648	
Total current assets		32,184		32,800	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(31,174)		(37,106)	
Net current assets			1,010		(4,306)
Total assets less current liabilities			28,257		15,376
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year			(22,657)		(13,344)
Provisions for liabilities and charges			(4,204)		(1,553)
Total net Assets (liabilities)			1,396		479
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			4		4
Profit and loss account			1,392		475
Shareholders funds			1,396		479

- a. For the year ending 31 March 2011 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477(2) of the Companies Act 2006.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for:
  - i. ensuring the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386; and
  - ii. preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year, and of its profit or loss for the financial year, in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act relating to accounts, so far as is applicable to the company.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 21 December 2011

And signed on their behalf by:

T M GOOSEY, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Notes to the abbreviated accounts

For the year ending 31 March 2011

### 1 Accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Small Entities (effective January 2005)

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated

Plant and Machinery	20.00% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles	25.00% Reducing Balance

## 2 Tangible fixed assets

Cost	£
At 31 March 2010	50,102
additions	22,554
disposals	(19,150)
revaluations	
transfers	
At 31 March 2011	53,506
Depreciation	
At 31 March 2010	30,420
Charge for year	8,930
on disposals	(13,091)
At 31 March 2011	26,259
Net Book Value	
At 31 March 2010	19,682
At 31 March 2011	27,247
2 Stocks	

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

## 3 Deferred Taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes. Deferred taxation is calculated on an un-discounted basis at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse.

# $_{\mathbf{4}}$ Leasing and hire purchase commitments

"Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives. The corresponding lease or hire purchase obligation is treated in the balance sheet as a liability. The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term."