## **ABRAHAM NURSING HOMES LIMITED**

**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

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## **ABRAHAM NURSING HOMES LIMITED**

## COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

**DIRECTOR:** Z A Shaikh

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Llantrisant Care Home

Old Llantrisant Road

Llantrisant Pontyclun Mid Glam CF72 8LQ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 04640348 (England and Wales)

## BALANCE SHEET 31 JANUARY 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		51,440		51,729
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	3,274		3,274	
Debtors	6	478,919		454,575	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>95,578</u>		183,208	
		577,771		641,057	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>269,515</u>		<u>264,995</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			308,256		<u>376,062</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			359,696		427,791
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Retained earnings	10		359,596		427,691
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			359,696		<u>427,791</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 January 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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# BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 JANUARY 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 28 October 2022 and were signed by:

Z A Shaikh - Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Abraham Nursing Homes Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling  $(\mathfrak{t})$ .

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. In making his assessment, the director has reviewed the balance sheet, the likely future cashflows of the business and has considered the facilities that are available to the company along with his continued support.

The directors have considered the ongoing impact of Covid-19 on the operations of the entity and the entities ability to continue as a going concern. The directors have and continue to take a number of actions to financially safeguard the company and minimize the effects of the Covid 19.

At the date of approving the financial statements the Director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that the going concern basis of accounting remains appropriate. The directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### **Turnover**

Rendering of services

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the services provided to the customer during the normal course of business. Turnover is recognised when the service is rendered to the customer.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Short leasehold - Over term of lease
Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

## Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

## Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefit will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliable estimated.

## **Impairment**

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the assets cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

### Cash & cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial instruments and include cash in hand and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments".

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors, loans to related companies and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

## Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans to related companies and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 46 (2021 - 42).

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

## 4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Short leasehold £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
	COST	-	-			
	At 1 February 2021	30,000	115,296	88,994	20,911	255,201
	Additions		<del>_</del>	13,504	<del>_</del> _	13,504
	At 31 January 2022	30,000	115,296	102,498	20,911	268,705
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 February 2021	20,412	103,322	70,140	9,598	203,472
	Charge for year	<u>1,500</u>	<u>2,994</u>	6,471	2,828	13,793
	At 31 January 2022	21,912	<u>106,316</u>	<u>76,611</u>	<u>12,426</u>	217,265
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 31 January 2022	8,088	<u>8,980</u>	<u>25,887</u>	<u>8,485</u>	51,440
	At 31 January 2021	9,588	<u>11,974</u>	<u> 18,854</u>	11,313	<u>51,729</u>
5.	STOCKS				2022	2021
					£	£
	Stocks				3,274	<u>3,274</u>
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLI	ING DUE WIT	HIN ONE YEAR			
					2022	2021
					£	£
	Trade debtors				86,619	63,405
	Other debtors				8,000	=
	Section 455 tax				83,739	83,739
	Directors' current accounts				286,218	290,699
	Prepayments				<u>14,343</u>	16,732
					<u>478,919</u>	454,575

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

#### 7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	43,358	15,480
Corporation tax	48,656	85,627
Social security and other taxes	17,053	15,429
Section 455 tax	10,766	10,767
Other creditors	3,243	4,070
Deferred income	58,400	36,623
Accrued expenses	88,039	96,999
	269,515	264,995

#### 8. LEASING AGREEMENTS

As at 31 January 2022 the Company had total commitment under non- cancellable operating lease over the remaining life of those leases of £283,298 (2021 - £38,742).

#### 9. **CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL**

Allotted, issu	ied and fully paid:	
Number:	Class:	

Ordinary

Nominal	2022	2021
value:	£	£
£1	100	100

## 10.

100

RESERVES	Retained earnings £
At 1 February 2021	427,691
Profit for the year	41,905
Dividends	(110,000)
At 31 January 2022	359,596

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

## 11. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

During the year ended 31 January 2022 the director maintained an interest bearing loan account with the company. The movements in the loan account were as follows:

Mr Z A Shaikh	2022 £	2021 €
Balance brought forward Amounts introduced into the company	(290,699)	(322,799)
Dividends	110,000	140,000
Advances to the director	(105,519)	(107,900)
Balance carried forward	(286,218)	(290,699)

The maximum balance owed to the company during the year was (£286,218) - (2021 - £290,699).

## 12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Included in other income is £7,085 (2021 - £8,607) of interest charged on overdrawn director's loan account. Interest is charged at 4.5% per annum.

### 13. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is under the control of the director, Mr Z A Shaikh.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.