

**CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

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**CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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**Contents**

	<b>Page</b>
Balance Sheet	1—2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3—6

**CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**As At 31 March 2023**

Registered number: 4638163

		<b>2023</b>		<b>2022</b>	
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Intangible Assets	<b>4</b>		5,000		10,000
Tangible Assets	<b>5</b>		319,043		321,269
			324,043		331,269
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Stocks	<b>6</b>	2,050		1,900	
Debtors	<b>7</b>	49,366		31,257	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		1,177	
		51,416		34,334	
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>	<b>8</b>	(144,623 )		(107,196 )	
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>			(93,207 )		(72,862 )
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>					
			230,836		258,407
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year</b>	<b>9</b>		(32,569 )		(34,277 )
<b>PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES</b>					
Deferred Taxation			(40,865 )		(41,075 )
<b>NET ASSETS</b>					
			157,402		183,055
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital	<b>10</b>		100		100
Revaluation reserve	<b>11</b>		220,000		220,000
Profit and Loss Account			(62,698 )		(37,045 )
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>					
			157,402		183,055

**CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED**  
**Balance Sheet (continued)**  
**As At 31 March 2023**

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For the year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mr Viswaratnam Shanmugalingam

Director

13/05/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

**CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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**1. General Information**

CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 4638163. The registered office is UNIT 10, 193 GARTH ROAD, MORDEN, SURREY, SM4 4LZ.

**2. Accounting Policies**

**2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

**2.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

**2.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill**

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of .... years.

**2.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold	Nil Depreciation
Leasehold	20% Reducing Balance
Plant & Machinery	20% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing Balance
Fixtures & Fittings	20% Reducing Balance

**2.5. Stocks and Work in Progress**

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

**CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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## **2.6. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

## **2.7. Government Grant**

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

## **3. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Office and administration	2	2
	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

**CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2023**

**4. Intangible Assets**

	<b>Goodwill</b>
	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
As at 1 April 2022	50,000
As at 31 March 2023	50,000
<b>Amortisation</b>	
As at 1 April 2022	40,000
Provided during the period	5,000
As at 31 March 2023	45,000
<b>Net Book Value</b>	
As at 31 March 2023	5,000
As at 1 April 2022	10,000

**5. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Land &amp; Property</b>			
	<b>Freehold</b>	<b>Plant &amp; Machinery</b>	<b>Motor Vehicles</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>				
As at 1 April 2022	310,228	66,222	6,542	382,992
As at 31 March 2023	310,228	66,222	6,542	382,992
<b>Depreciation</b>				
As at 1 April 2022	-	55,543	6,180	61,723
Provided during the period	-	2,136	90	2,226
As at 31 March 2023	-	57,679	6,270	63,949
<b>Net Book Value</b>				
As at 31 March 2023	310,228	8,543	272	319,043
As at 1 April 2022	310,228	10,679	362	321,269

**6. Stocks**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Materials	2,050	1,900
	2,050	1,900

**CHEAM ACCIDENT REPAIRS LIMITED**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2023**

**7. Debtors**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	49,366	31,257
	<u>49,366</u>	<u>31,257</u>

**8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Trade creditors	31,140	25,352
Bank loans and overdrafts	23,507	29,774
Other taxes and social security	17,245	12,878
VAT	2,512	4,934
Net wages	2,000	-
Other creditors	15,571	3,196
Accruals and deferred income	2,093	750
Directors' loan accounts	27,555	27,555
Amounts owed to group undertakings	23,000	2,757
	<u>144,623</u>	<u>107,196</u>

**9. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Bank loans	32,569	34,277
	<u>32,569</u>	<u>34,277</u>

**10. Share Capital**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

**11. Reserves**

	<b>Revaluation Reserve</b>
	<b>£</b>
As at 1 April 2022	220,000
As at 31 March 2023	<u>220,000</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.