Registration number: 04619145

## 3 Dimensions Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

AIMS Accountants for Business Mark Ellis FCA 134 High Street Offord Cluny St Neots Cambridgeshire PE19 5RQ

### Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Abridged Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>9</u>

## **Company Information**

**Director** Mr JA Burtenshaw

Company secretary Mrs L D Burtenshaw

Registered office Unit 14,

Barnwell Business Park

Barnwell Drive Cambridge CB5 8UZ

Accountants AIMS Accountants for Business

Mark Ellis FCA 134 High Street Offord Cluny St Neots

Cambridgeshire PE19 5RQ

# (Registration number: 04619145) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	23,653	7,192
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	284,077	162,233
Cash at bank and in hand		463,187	364,195
		747,264	526,428
Prepayments and accrued income		4,288	4,016
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(235,749)	(140,561)
Net current assets		515,803	389,883
Total assets less current liabilities		539,456	397,075
Provisions for liabilities		(5,913)	(1,367)
Accruals and deferred income		(16,666)	(14,936)
Net assets		516,877	380,772
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>6</u>	20	20
Retained earnings		516,857	380,752
Shareholders' funds		516,877	380,772

## (Registration number: 04619145) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

For the financial year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 8 June 2023

Mr JA Burtenshaw Director

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 14, Barnwell Business Park Barnwell Drive Cambridge CB5 8UZ

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 8 June 2023.

### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

### Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

### Contract revenue recognition

Revenue and expenses on construction contracts are recognised using the percentage of completion method. This means that revenues, expenses and therefore profit are recognised gradually as contract activity occurs. When the outcome of the contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the costs incurred that is probable will be recovered; contract costs are recognised as an expense as incurred. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Vehicles
Plant & machinery
Fixtures & fittings

## Depreciation method and rate 30% reducing balance basis 25% reducing balance basis 20% reducing balance basis

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 11 (2021 - 10).

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

## 4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2022	10,278	71,345	12,995	94,618
Additions	2,453	26,909	407	29,769
Disposals	<u> </u>	(9,995)		(9,995)
At 31 December 2022	12,731	88,259	13,402	114,392
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2022	7,077	69,029	11,320	87,426
Charge for the year	1,743	10,389	1,176	13,308
Eliminated on disposal	<u> </u>	(9,995)		(9,995)
At 31 December 2022	8,820	69,423	12,496	90,739
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2022	3,911	18,836	906	23,653
At 31 December 2021	3,201	2,316	1,675	7,192

### 5 Debtors

Debtors includes £Nil (2021 - £Nil) due after more than one year.

## 6 Share capital

## Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2022		20	2021	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary of £1 each	20	20	20	20	

## 7 Related party transactions

## Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

### **Director's remuneration**

The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Remuneration	8,949	8,824
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	40,000	40,000
	48,949	48,824

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.