

Aberglasney Enterprises Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Aberglasney Enterprises Ltd

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Aberglasney Enterprises Ltd

Company Information

Directors Mr P T E Burgess
Mr R G Pugh
Mr P Ratcliffe

Company secretary Mr M P Jones

Registered office Aberglasney Gardens
Llangathen
Carmarthen
Carmarthenshire
SA32 8QH

Aberglasney Enterprises Ltd
(Registration number: 4614410)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	8,079	2,475
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>4</u>	36,226	30,321
Debtors	<u>5</u>	2,609	1,768
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>15,411</u>	<u>20,980</u>
		54,246	53,069
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	<u>(23,414)</u>	<u>(15,634)</u>
Net current assets		<u>30,832</u>	<u>37,435</u>
Net assets		<u><u>38,911</u></u>	<u><u>39,910</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		4	4
Profit and loss account		<u>38,907</u>	<u>39,906</u>
Total equity		<u><u>38,911</u></u>	<u><u>39,910</u></u>

For the financial year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 27 July 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

.....
Mr P T E Burgess
Director

Aberglasney Enterprises Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures & Fittings	25% reducing balance basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Aberglasney Enterprises Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

2 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 6 (2016 - 6).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2016	16,015	16,015
Additions	8,297	8,297
At 31 March 2017	24,312	24,312
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2016	13,540	13,540
Charge for the year	2,693	2,693
At 31 March 2017	16,233	16,233
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2017	8,079	8,079
At 31 March 2016	2,475	2,475

4 Stocks

	2017 £	2016 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	36,226	30,321

5 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	1,551	1,768
Other debtors	1,058	-
Total current trade and other debtors	2,609	1,768

6 Creditors

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		11,392	4,594
Taxation and social security		-	166
Other creditors		12,022	10,874

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

7 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Aberglasney Restoration Trust, incorporated in Wales.

The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements is Aberglasney Restoration Trust. These financial statements are available upon request from Companies House.

The registered office of the parent company is:-

Aberglasney Gardens,

Llangathen,

Carmarthen,

Carmarthenshire,

SA32 8QH

8 Transition to FRS 102

There were no FRS 102 transitional adjustments.

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