Registered number: 04609331

MERSEYSIDE SHIP STORES LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

SATURDAY



A34

21/12/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

#63

MERSEYSIDE SHIP STORES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04609331

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2013

		2013		2012	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	2		-		16,000
Tangible assets	3	_	187,578	_	201,756
		_	187,578	_	217,756
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		483,965		498,811	
Debtors		1,200,720		804,634	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,003		4,906	
		1,686,688		1,308,351	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	4	(1,412,191)		(1,115,123)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			274,497		193,228
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABIL	ITIES	•	462,075	_	410,984
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	5		(42,231)		(76,288)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax			(21,500)		(23,500)
NET ASSETS		=	398,344	·	311,196
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			_		• •
Called up share capital	6		20,000		20,000
Profit and loss account			378,344		291,196
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		-	398,344	-	311,196

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 20 December 2013

R R. Grigor Director

The notes on pages 2 to 5 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

12 Going concern

The company depends on its existing bank facilities to meet its day to day working capital requirements. Current forecasts indicate that the company expects to be able to operate within these facilities for the whole of the foreseeable future. These facilities are renewed annually and are not guaranteed for the period covered by the going concern review. The Directors are not aware, however, of any circumstances that may adversely affect the renewal of these facilities. Accordingly, the directors believe it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

13 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts

1.4 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the Profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Plant & machinery

6 67% to 20% straight line

Motor vehicles

25% to 33 33% straight line

Office equipment

20% straight line

Computer equipment

33 33% straight line

16 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the Profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.7 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate

1.8 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

1.9 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

1.10 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

2.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
		£
	Cost	
	At 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	160,000
	Amortisation	
	At 1 April 2012	144,000
	Charge for the year	16,000
	At 31 March 2013	160,000
	Net book value	
	At 31 March 2013	-
	At 31 March 2012	16,000
3.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
		£
	Cost	
	At 1 April 2012	442,782
	Additions Disposals	53,947 (16,930)
	At 31 March 2013	479,799
	Depreciation	
	At 1 April 2012	241,026
	Charge for the year On disposals	68,125 (16,930)
	On disposais	(10,330)
	At 31 March 2013	
	Net book value	
	At 31 March 2013	187,578 —————
	At 31 March 2012	201,756

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

4 CREDITORS:

Amounts falling due within one year

Bank loans and overdrafts amounting to £175,850 (2012 - £93,463) are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company and a personal guarantee by the directors of the company

Bank loans and overdrafts amounting to £510,548 (2012 - £306,887) are secured on the book debts of the company

Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts amounting to £36,258 (2012 - £38,255) are secured on the assets concerned

5. CREDITORS:

Amounts falling due after more than one year

Bank loans amounting to £15,573 (2012 - £41,410) are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company and a personal guarantee by the directors of the company

Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts amounting to £26,658 (2012 - £34,878) are secured on the assets concerned

6. SHARE CAPITAL

	2013 £	2012 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
20,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	20,000	20,000