# Aviian Limited

**Unaudited Filleted Accounts** 

1 December 2017

**Aviian Limited** 

Registered number: 04605511

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 1 December 2017

	Notes		2017 £		2016
Fixed assets			L		£
Tangible assets	2		2		2
Current assets					
Debtors	3	24,430		25,507	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,309		272	
	-	28,739		25,779	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(28,641)		(25,681)	
Net current assets	-		98		98
Net assets			100		100
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Shareholders' funds			100		100

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Gary Howarth

Director

Approved by the board on 30 June 2018

# Aviian Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 1 December 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery:

Computer Equipment

#### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the

reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

## 2 Tangible fixed assets

			Plant and machinery etc
	Cost		£
	At 2 December 2016		9,902
	At 1 December 2017		9,902
	Depreciation		
	At 2 December 2016		9,900
	At 1 December 2017		9,900
	Net book value		
	At 1 December 2017		2
	At 1 December 2016		2
3	Debtors	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade debtors	5,852	2,552
	Other debtors	18,578	22,955
		24,430	25,507
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	14,448
	Trade creditors	3,660	-
	Taxation and social security costs	23,746	10,231
	Other creditors	1,235	1,002
		28,641	25,681

5	Related party transactions	2017	2016
		t	£

# **Gary Howarth**

Director

Salary	8,164	8,060
Amount due to the related party	8,164	8,060
Dividends	32,389	34,964
Amount due to the related party	32,389	34,964
Loan Account	(11,838)	22,955
Amount due to (from) the related		
party	(11,838)	22,955
Jennifer Howarth		
Jennifer Howarth Shareholder		
	4,049	4,371
Shareholder	4,049 4,049	4,371 4,371
Shareholder Dividends		-
Shareholder Dividends Amount due to the related party		-
Shareholder Dividends Amount due to the related party  Nathan Howarth		-

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