

Aviian Limited**Registered number:** 04605511**Balance Sheet****as at 1 December 2016**

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	2	932
Current assets			
Debtors	3	25,507	3,391
Cash at bank and in hand		272	23,731
		<u>25,779</u>	<u>27,122</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(25,681)	(21,024)
Net current assets		<u>98</u>	<u>6,098</u>
Net assets		<u>100</u>	<u>7,030</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	1
Profit and loss account		-	7,029
Shareholders' funds		<u>100</u>	<u>7,030</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Gary Howarth

Director

Approved by the board on 18 May 2017

Aviian Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 1 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery:

Computers	25% Straight Line
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Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 2 December 2015	13,097
Disposals	(3,195)
At 1 December 2016	<u>9,902</u>
Depreciation	
At 2 December 2015	12,165
Charge for the year	(2,265)
At 1 December 2016	<u>9,900</u>
Net book value	
At 1 December 2016	<u>2</u>
At 1 December 2015	932

3 Debtors	2016 £	2015 £
Trade debtors	2,552	-
Other debtors	22,955	3,391
	<u>25,507</u>	<u>3,391</u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2016 £	2015 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	14,448	-
Trade creditors	-	3,195
Corporation tax	9,104	16,827
Other taxes and social security costs	1,127	-
Other creditors	1,002	1,002
	<u>25,681</u>	<u>21,024</u>

5 Related party transactions	2016	2015
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	£	£
Gary Howarth		
Director		
Salary	8,060	7,250
Amount due to the related party	8,060	7,250
Dividends	34,964	72,185
Amount due to the related party	34,964	72,185
Loan Account	22,955	-
Amount due to the related party	22,955	
Jennifer Howarth		
Shareholder		
Wife of director		
Dividends	4,371	-
Amount due to the related party	4,371	-
Nathan Howarth		
Shareholder		
Son of director		
Dividends	4,370	-
Amount due to the related party	4,370	-

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