COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04587845

CLARKE BROTHERS SCAFFOLDING LIMITED FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 March 2020

CLARKE BROTHERS SCAFFOLDING LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 March 2020

	2020	2019
Note	£	£
6	227,561	182,796
7	336,117	537,127
	346,977	421,374
	683,094	958,501
8	151,369	234,134
	531,725	724,367
	759,286	907,163
	34,731	34,104
	724,555	873,059
	•	
10	4	4
	724,551	873,055
	724,555	873,059
	6 7 8	Note £ 6 227,561 7 336,117 346,977 683,094 8 151,369 531,725 759,286 34,731 724,555 724,555

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

CLARKE BROTHERS SCAFFOLDING LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

31 March 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 August 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

R W Clarke

Director

Company registration number: 04587845

CLARKE BROTHERS SCAFFOLDING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 6a Dean Road Industrial Estate, Avonmouth, Bristol, BS11 8AT.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Lease income is recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. The aggregate cost of lease incentives are recognised as a reduction to income over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Costs, including depreciation, incurred in earning the lease income are recognised as an expense. Any initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging the operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the lease and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Property - 10% straight line
Plant & Equipment - 20% straight line
Fixtures & Equipment - 20% straight line

Motor Vehicles - 25% reducing balance

Office Equipment - 25% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 23 (2019: 26).

5. DIVIDENDS

Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year):

2020	2019
£	£
Dividends on equity shares 363,000	178,400

6. TANGIBLE ASSETS

U. TANGIBLE ASSETS							
	Freehold	Plant and	Fixtures and				
	property	machinery	fittings N	Notor vehicles	Equipment	Total	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
Cost							
At 1 Apr 2019	14,248	27,729	1,925	349,667	22,525	416,094	
Additions	_	_	_	137,720	_	137,720	
Disposals	_	_	_ 	(20,294)	-	(20,294)	
At 31 Mar 2020	14,248	27,729	1,925	467,093	22,525	533,520	
Depreciation		*******					
At 1 Apr 2019	9,380	19,894	1,635	185,931	16,458	233,298	
Charge for the year	873	3,642	98	7 2,114	3,227	79,954	
Disposals	_	_	_	(7,293)	_	(7,293)	
At 31 Mar 2020	10,253	23,536	1,733	250,752	19,685	305,959	
Carrying amount			******				
At 31 Mar 2020	2.005	4 100	192	216 241	2.040	227,561	
AL 31 Mai 2020	3,995	4,193 	192	216,341	2,840 		
At 31 Mar 2019	4,868	7,835	290	163,736	6,067	182,796	
7. DEBTORS							
				2	020	2019	
					£	£	
Trade debtors				294,	361 473	3,446	
Other debtors				41,756			
						7,127	
8. CREDITORS: amour	nts falling due	within one yea	ar				
				2	020	2019	
					£	£	
Trade creditors				2,	993 8	3,777	
Corporation tax				39,	250 99	,219	
Social security and othe	r taxes			71,	855 113	3,768	
Other creditors						2,370	

9. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined contribution plans

The amount recognised in profit or loss as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £ 7,483 (2019: £ 6,399).

151,369

234,134

10. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	4	4	4	4

11. OPERATING LEASES

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	13,358	35,286
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	80,583	80,583
Later than 5 years	20,145	34,503
	114,086	150,372

12. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2020	
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
R W Clarke	8	284	292
W G Morgan	14	31,844	31,858
	22	32,128	32,150
		2019	
		Advances/	
	Balance	(credits) to the	Balance
	brought forward	directors	outstanding
	£	£	£
R W Clarke	184	(176)	8
W G Morgan	2,112	(2,098)	14
	2,296	(2,274)	22

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A dividend of £181,500 was paid to both R Clarke and W Morgan during the year. At the balance sheet date there was an outstanding balance of £9,406 (2019: £9,406) due to the company in respect of a loan to Mrs S Studley, the mother of the directors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.