UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 March 2014

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## Admiralty Holdings Limited DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

#### DIRECTORS

Rear Admiral T Karsten G D Lewis I Moncrieff CBE Captain D Robertson S Rogers H L Tayler B E Wootton

SECRETARY

Quayseco Limited

COMPANY NUMBER

04561727 (England and Wales)

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office Admiralty Way Taunton Somerset TA1 2DN

### Admiralty Holdings Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements of Admiralty Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company has been set up as a vehicle to enter into arrangements on behalf of The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office

The activities of the company's only trading subsidiary Admiralty Hydrographic Asia Pacific Pte Limited (AHAPP) were transferred to the United Kingdom Hydrographic Office (UKHO) during the year

At 31 March 2014 both the company, and its subsidiary AHAPP, have ceased to trade

#### DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2013

Rear Admiral T Karsten

G D Lewis

Captain S R Malcolm

(resigned 17/09/2013)

I Moncrieff CBE

Captain D Robertson

(appointed 17/09/2013)

S Rogers

P J Shortt H L Tayler (resigned 26 July 2013)

(appointed 01/07/2013)

B E Wootton

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

This report was approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 4 June 2014 and is signed on their behalf

Director I MONCRIEFF CSE

4 June 2014

## Admiralty Holdings Limited STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March 2014

	Company Number 045617.		
	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
ASSETS		*	•
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	6	10	10
Total non-current assets		10	10
Current assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	7 8	136,343 41,136 177,479	136,343 44,558 180,901
TOTAL ASSETS		177,489 ———	180,911
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity Share capital Retained earnings	12	5,210,048 (5,226,484)	5,210,048 (5,234,762)
Equity attributable to owners of the company		(16,436)	(24,714)
Current liabilities Borrowings Trade and other payables  Total current liabilities	10 9	187,815 6,110 193,925	187,815 17,810 205,625
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		177,489	180,911

For the year ended 31 March 2014, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and its members have not required the directors to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

The financial statements on pages 3 to 16 were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 4 June 2014 and are signed on their behalf by

He houristy.

I MONCRIEFF CBE

Admiralty Holdings Limited STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Other operating expenses (net) Waiver of UKHO loan	1 10	8,362	(39,107) 400,000
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		8,362	360,893
Finance income Finance costs	2 3	8 (92)	6,285 182,829
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	4	8,278	550,007
Taxation	5	-	•
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY		8,278	550,007
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY		8,278	550,007

The operating profit for the year arises from the company's operations which were discontinued during the year

# Admiralty Holdings Limited STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 March 2014

	Attributable to owners of the company		
	Share Capital £	Retained Earnings £	Total Equity £
At 1 April 2012	5,210,048	(5,784,769)	(574,721)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year		550,007	550,007
At 31 March 2013	5,210,048	$(\overline{5},234,762)$	(24,714)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	- -	8,278 -	8,278
At 31 March 2014	5,210,048	( <del>5,226,484</del> ) ======	(16,436)

#### Share Capital

Share Capital represents the par value of ordinary shares issued by the company

#### Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings represent the cumulative profit and loss net of distributions to owners

Admiralty Holdings Limited STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 31 March 2014

Notes	2014 £	2013 £
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	8,278	550,007
Adjustments for Loan and accumulated interest waived Net finance cost	- 84	(590,640) 1,526
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES BEFORE MOVEMENTS IN WORKING CAPITAL	8,362	(39,107)
Decrease in trade and other payables	(11,700)	-
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(3,338)	(39,107)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<del></del>
Increase in borrowings Interest and similar charges paid	(92)	50,000 (92)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(92)	49,908
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<del></del>	
Interest received	8	38
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	8	38
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,422)	10,839
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	44,558	33,719
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	41,136	44,558

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 31 March 2014

#### **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and IFRIC interpretations as endorsed by the EU ('IFRS") and the requirements of the Companies Act applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under s399 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it qualifies as a small group

The company is a private company and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK

#### NON-GOING CONCERN

The company's subsidiary, AHAPP, transferred its business to the UKHO on 1 April 2014 As a result, at 31 March 2014 both the company and AHAPP have ceased to trade

The company is financially dependent upon its immediate parent undertaking, the UKHO, both for the continued availability of loans provided in prior periods, and for provision of funding for any future expenditure for which the company currently has no income stream. The UKHO has confirmed its intention to continue to provide financial support such that the company will be able to meet its financial obligations as they fail due. The directors are therefore satisfied that no adjustments are required to the accounts to reflect a break up basis as a non-going concern

#### STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS NOT APPLIED

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements there were relevant standards and interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements that were in issue but not yet effective, as follows

IFRS7 - Financial instruments Disclosures

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement
 IAS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

1AS 32 - Financial Instruments Presentation – amendments

IAS 36 - Impairment of assets

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material impact on the financial statements of the company when the relevant standards and interpretations come into effect

#### TAX

Tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense

Current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from accounting profit as reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the Statement of Financial Position liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction which affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 31 March 2014

#### TAX (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based upon tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in profit and loss, except when it relates to items credited or charged directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity, or items charged or credited directly to other comprehensive income, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY

The functional and presentational currency of the company is £ Sterling

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the foreign currency rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date and differences are taken to profit and loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of initial transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange gains and losses arising from translation are charged to the income statement as an operating item, except for exchange differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities, which are recognised directly in other comprehensive income when the changes in fair value are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

To minimise the risk of changes in the currency markets cash at bank is held in sterling

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue from the sale of investments is recognised when the beneficial interest in the investment passes and the asset is derecognised.

Interest income is accrued on a time-apportioned basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established

#### **OPERATING PROFIT**

Operating profit reflects the cost of the day to day activities of the company. It is shown net of sundry income where this income is not significant. Operating profit is stated before impairments or profit or loss on disposal of investments.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the period end date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from those estimates

Significant areas involving management estimation are as follows

Recoverability of amounts due from subsidiaries

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 31 March 2014

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

In making their assessments as to recoverability and impairment the directors consider the level of the subsidiary's assets, the historic performance of the entities, and the likely impact technological, economic and market conditions will have on the entities' future performance

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company has become a party to contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables (including interest bearing receivables) are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that it is uncertain that the amount due can be collected. Movement in the provision charged or credited in the period is recognised in profit and loss

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short term deposits with maturities of three months or less

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recorded at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. They are tested for impairment when there is objective evidence of impairment. Any impairment losses are debited to profit and loss in the period they occur.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method

#### Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction costs incurred and such interest bearing liabilities are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Borrowings are classified as long term borrowings when the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liabilities for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

# Admiralty Holdings Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2014

1	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Operating costs (net)	(8,362)	39,107
2	FINANCE INCOME		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Interest from subsidiary undertaking Bank interest received	- 8	6,247 38
	Dank Microst received	8	6,285
3	FINANCE COSTS	2014	2013
		£	£
	Interest on short term borrowings from the UKHO	-	7,719
	Interest waived by UKHO on prior borrowings (note 10) Bank charges	92	(190,640) 92
		92	(182,829)
4	PROFIT BEFORE TAX		
	Profit before tax is stated after charging/(crediting)		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Loss on foreign exchange	-	1,552
	Auditor's remuneration – statutory audit Waiver of UKHO loan and accumulated interest	-	7,950
	Loan balance waived (see note 10)	-	400,000
	Interest waived (see note 10)	-	190,640
		-	

The company has no employees except the directors

No directors received remuneration for their services as directors in the current or preceding period

## Admiralty Holdings Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2014

TAXATION		
	2014	2013
	£	£
Current tax	<del>-</del>	_
Domestic	•	_
Deferred tax	-	•
Tourshares		
Tax charge	•	-
Domestic income tax is calculated at 20% (2013 20%) of the estimated	d assessable profit for	the year
The charge for the year can be reconciled to the result per the income s	statement as follows	
	2014	2013
	£	£
Profit before tax	8,278	550,007
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Profit on ordinary activities before tax multiplied by standard		
rate of UK income tax for small companies of 20% (2013 20%)	1,656	110,001
Effects of		
Non-taxable income - loan waiver	•	(80,000)
Non-deductible expenses	140	1,991
Tax losses utilised	(1.706)	.,,,,
Tax losses utilised	(1,796)	(31,992)
Income tax expense	(1,/96) ———	(31,992)

At 31 March 2014, there were unrelieved losses in the company of approximately £3,920,563 (2013 £3,929,539) No deferred tax asset has been recognised in the financial statements as, in the opinion of the directors, there is insufficient evidence that relief for the tax losses will be possible in future periods. The tax rate at which these differences could reverse is currently 20%

# Admiralty Holdings Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2014

6	INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIA	RIES		Shares in subsidiaries
	Cost At 31 March 2013 and 31 March	2014		10
	Impairment At 31 March 2013 and 31 March	2014		-
	Net Book Value 31 March 2013 and 31 March 20	14		10
	Details of the company's subsidi	aries at 31 March 2014 are as follows		
	Details of the company 3 substan	ares at 51 March 2017 the tis follows		% voting
	Name of company	Country of registration or incorporation	Holding	rights and shares held
	Admiralty Limited Admiralty Charts Limited	England England	Ordinary Ordinary	100 100
	Admiralty Consultancy Limited	England	Ordinary	100
	Admiralty Digital Limited	England	Ordinary	100
	Admiralty Marine Limited	England	Ordinary	100
	Admiralty Overseas Limited	England	Ordinary	100
	Admiralty Sea Law Limited	England	Ordinary	100
	Admiralty Services Limited	England	Ordinary	100
	Admiralty Ventures Limited	England	Ordinary	100
	Admiralty Hydrographic Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	Singapore	Ordinary	100
7	companies Admiralty Hydrograp March 2014 liquidation proceedin	akings, which were acquired upon incorporate this Asia Pacific Pte Ltd (AHAPP) ceased transparent of AHAPI traded since incorporation and each have net a ABLES	ding during th  The compar	e year At 31
	Amounts due from subsidiaries		136,343	136,343
		n Sterling No receivables are considered imp e opinion that the carrying amount best repres		
8	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALE	NTS		
	C. IST THE CAUTE DOLLARS		2014	2013
			£	£
	Cash at bank		41,136	44,558
	Cash at bank earns interest at floa	ating rates based on daily Sterling bank depos	sit rates	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2014

9	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Amounts due to subsidiaries Accruals and deferred income	10 6,100	10 17,800
		6,110	17,810
	All payables are denominated in Sterling		
10	BORROWINGS	2014 £	2013 £
	Amounts due to the United Kingdom Hydrographic Office	187,815	187,815

Amounts due to The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office (UKHO) represent loans provided to the company to enable it to invest in subsidiary undertakings and other participating interests, and also to cover the costs of its operating activities. These loans are repayable on demand. However, the company is an important investment vehicle for the UKHO and no request for repayment has been received or is expected by the directors given the current circumstances of the company. The loans are unsecured, and no interest was charged during the year. In the prior year interest of £7,719 was charged on these loans at a rate of 5% per annum. At the reporting date accumulated interest payable amounted to £12,531 (2013–£12,531) which is rolled up in the above hability.

## Admiralty Holdings Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2014

#### 11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS

#### Financial instruments

The company's financial instruments comprise investments in subsidiaries, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and borrowings

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with IAS 39 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows

	Notes	2014	2013
Financial Assets		£	£
Investments in subsidiaries	6	10	10
Loans and receivables -			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	41,136	44,558
Trade and other receivables	7	136,343	136,343
Total Financial Assets		177,479	180,911
			*
Financial Liabilities			
Amortised cost -			
Borrowings	10	187,815	187,815
Trade and other payables	9	6,110	17,810
Total Financial Liabilities		193,925	205,625

#### Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

The directors consider that the carrying amount of all its financial assets and liabilities approximates to their fair value. No interest was charged on the borrowings was charged in the year (2013-5% interest)

#### Financial risks

The main risks the Company is exposed to through its financial instruments are foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk

#### Foreign Currency Risk

All significant assets and liabilities are held in sterling. Some cash balances are held in Euros and thus the company is exposed to a foreign exchange risk. The directors acknowledge this risk and aim to minimise losses by only converting to sterling when currency rates are beneficial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2014

#### 11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (Continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk on borrowings has been eliminated following removal of the interest bearing nature of these loans in the year

The company holds the majority of its cash in current accounts and on short term deposits which give rise to exposure to interest rate risk but the directors do not consider the risk to be significant.

#### Credit Risk

The company's credit risk arises mainly on the investment in, and amounts due from, subsidiary undertakings £136,343 was due at the balance sheet date from subsidiary undertakings and is expected to be recovered in full

#### Liquidity Risk

The company receives working capital funding from The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office (UKHO)

Liquidity risk is managed through the on-going financial support of the UKHO both in terms of continuing the provision of borrowing in earlier periods and in providing funding for future expenditure. The directors' understanding is that repayment of loans will only be demanded when the company is in a position to be able to repay the amounts due.

The company's capital management is dependent on the continued support of the UKHO

#### Capital Management

Management's main objective when managing capital is to protect returns to shareholders. The company's debt and capital includes Ordinary share capital and financial liabilities.

There are no externally imposed capital requirements

The company has not made any changes to its capital management during the year

#### 12 SHARE CAPITAL

	2014	2013
Issued and fully paid	£	£
5,210,048 Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,210,048	5,210,048

The company has one class of ordinary shares which carries no right to fixed income

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2014

#### 13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company operates various loan accounts with The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office Interest charged and amounts is detailed in note 10 to these financial statements

As at the 31 March 2014, the company was owed £136,343 (2013 £136,343) by Admiralty Hydrographic Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Interest on this balance of £Nil (2013 £6,247) was charged in the year

Upon the incorporation of each of its ten subsidiary undertakings, one £1 ordinary share was issued at par to Admiralty Holdings Limited. At the reporting date, £1 was due from Admiralty Holdings Limited to each of its ten subsidiary undertakings.

#### 14 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The whole of the ordinary share capital in issue is owned in the name of the office of the Secretary of State for Defence. The Secretary of State for Defence has delegated authority over this share capital to the Accounting Officer and Chief Executive of The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office. The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office is a trading fund within the Ministry of Defence established under the Government Trading Funds Act 1973 in the United Kingdom. The directors consider the ultimate controlling party to be The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office.

In view of the fact that The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office is reported as a part of the Ministry of Defence, which in turn is a part of the whole of government in the United Kingdom, the largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member, and for which group accounts are drawn up is the whole of government accounts for the United Kingdom. The smallest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are drawn up is at the level of The United Kingdom Hydrographic Office. Copies of the group accounts can be obtained on application to the directors at the company's registered office address.

ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS' OF ADMIRALTY HOLDINGS LIMITED ON THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006 and regulations thereunder, we prepared for your approval the financial statements of Admiralty Holdings Limited which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow, and the related notes as set out on pages 3 to 16 from the entity's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <a href="http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance">http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance</a>

This report is made solely to the board of directors' of Admiralty Holdings Limited as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 26 April 2013. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Admiralty Holdings Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in accordance with AAF 2/10 as detailed at <a href="mailto:icaew.com/compilation">icaew.com/compilation</a>. This report should not therefore be regarded as suitable to be used or relied on by any other party wishing to acquire any rights against Baker Tilly Tax and Accounting Limited for any purpose or in any context. Any party other than the designated members which obtains access to this report or a copy and chooses to rely on this report (or any part of it) will do so at its own risk. To the fullest extent permitted by law, Baker Tilly Tax and Accounting Limited will accept no responsibility or liability in respect of this report to any other party and shall not be liable for any loss, damage or expense of whatsoever nature which is caused by any person's reliance on representations in this report

This report is released to the directors' on the basis that it shall not be copied, referred to or disclosed, in whole or in part (save as otherwise permitted by agreed written terms), without our prior written consent

It is your duty to ensure that Admiralty Holdings Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Admiralty Holdings Limited under the Companies Act 2006 and regulations thereunder

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Admiralty Holdings Limited For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements

Sales 744 Tex - Accounting Limited

Chartered Accountants 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, One London Square

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Guildford Surrey GU1 1UN

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