COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04466321

MDW (Europe) Limited Filleted Abridged Financial Statements 31 August 2023

Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 August 2023

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Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 August 2023

		2023		2022
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		2,195,733	2,361,799
Current assets				
Stocks		280,925		18,775
Debtors		1,467,598		1,919,073
Cash at bank and in hand		208,869		292,871
		1,957,392		2,230,719
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		1,879,424		2,833,730
Net current assets/(liabilities)			77,968	(603,011)
Total assets less current liabilities			2,273,701	1,758,788
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than on	e			
year			3,992,265	3,323,062
Net liabilities			(1,718,564)	(1,564,274)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			2	2
Profit and loss account			(1,718,566)	(1,564,276)
Shareholder deficit			(1,718,564)	(1,564,274)

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements.

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 August 2023 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 August 2023

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 March 2024, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr M.D.W. Hazell

Director

Company registration number: 04466321

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 August 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Nash Road, Newport, NP18 2BS.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have reviewed the financial position of the company including projections for future trading and obtained suitable assurances from the lenders.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably. Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that it is probable the expenses recognised will be recovered.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 10% straight line
Fixtures and fittings - 20% straight line
Equipment - 25% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the abridged statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 25 (2022: 22).

5. Tangible assets

Cost 4,390,213 Additions 158,880 Disposals (203,729) At 31 August 2023 4,345,364 Depreciation At 1 September 2022 2,028,414 Charge for the year 254,483 Disposals (133,266) At 31 August 2023 2,149,631 Carrying amount At 31 August 2023 At 31 August 2023 2,361,799		£
Additions Disposals (203,729) At 31 August 2023 At 31 August 2023 At 1 September 2022 Charge for the year Disposals Disposals (133,266) At 31 August 2023 Carrying amount At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	Cost	
Disposals (203,729) At 31 August 2023 4,345,364 Depreciation 2,028,414 Charge for the year 254,483 Disposals (133,266) At 31 August 2023 2,149,631 Carrying amount 2,195,733 At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	At 1 September 2022	4,390,213
At 31 August 2023 4,345,364 Depreciation At 1 September 2022 2,028,414 Charge for the year 254,483 Disposals (133,266) At 31 August 2023 2,149,631 Carrying amount At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	Additions	158,880
Depreciation 2,028,414 At 1 September 2022 2,028,414 Charge for the year 254,483 Disposals (133,266) At 31 August 2023 2,149,631 Carrying amount 2,195,733 At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	Disposals	(203,729)
At 1 September 2022 Charge for the year Disposals At 31 August 2023 Carrying amount At 31 August 2023 2,149,631 Carrying amount At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	At 31 August 2023	4,345,364
Charge for the year 254,483 Disposals (133,266) At 31 August 2023 2,149,631 Carrying amount 2,195,733 At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	Depreciation	
Disposals (133,266) At 31 August 2023 2,149,631 Carrying amount At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	At 1 September 2022	2,028,414
At 31 August 2023 2,149,631 Carrying amount At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	Charge for the year	254,483
Carrying amount At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	Disposals	(133,266)
At 31 August 2023 2,195,733	At 31 August 2023	2,149,631
	Carrying amount	
At 31 August 2022 2,361,799	At 31 August 2023	2,195,733
	At 31 August 2022	2,361,799

6. Contingencies

A charge registered on 1st August 2022 by HSBC UK Bank Plc provides a fixed and floating charge over the company's property and assets present and future on all monies due or to become due from the company to the chargee on any account whatsoever. A charge registered on 1st August 2022 by HSBC UK Bank Plc provides a fixed charge over the company's property lying to the north of Nash Road, Newport NP18 2BS (CYM353786) on all monies due or to become due from the company to the chargee on any account whatsoever. A charge registered on 23rd August 2022 by HSBC UK Bank Plc provides a fixed charge over the company's property lying to the west of Nash Road, Newport NP18 2BS (CYM620788) on all monies due or to become due from the company to the chargee on any account whatsoever. A cross guarantee with G.D. Environmental Services Limited, MDW Holdings Limited and W. Harold John (Metals) Limited registered on 2nd August 2022 by HSBC Bank Plc provides a fixed and floating charge over the company's property and assets present and future on all monies due or to become due from the company to the chargee on any account whatsoever.

7. Summary audit opinion

The auditor's report for the year dated 15 March 2024 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Mr D.R. Thomas FCA, for and on behalf of Haasco Limited.

8. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2023		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr M.D.W. Hazell	(1,380,852)	(775,108)	(2,155,960)
		2022 Advances/	
	Balance	(credits) to the	Balance
	brought forward	directors	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr M.D.W. Hazell	(3,049,692)	1,668,840	(1,380,852)

2023

9. Related party transactions

Transactions between the company and group undertakings, which are related parties, have been eliminated in the consolidated accounts and are not disclosed in this note. The following loans are due to related parties:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & & 2023 & 2022 \\ & & \pounds & \\ \text{MDW Pension Trust} & & 27,535- \end{array}$

No other transactions with related parties were undertaken such as required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8

10. Controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of MDW Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.