

Registered number: 04462335

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 04462335

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

| | Note | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Tangible assets | 5 | 156,731 | 252,360 |
| | | <u>156,731</u> | <u>252,360</u> |
| Current assets | | | |
| Stocks | 6 | 1,036,982 | 1,022,881 |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year | 7 | 269,447 | 296,030 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 8 | 576,434 | 1,354,055 |
| | | <u>1,882,863</u> | <u>2,672,966</u> |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 9 | (305,848) | (399,803) |
| Net current assets | | <u>1,577,015</u> | <u>2,273,163</u> |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | <u>1,733,746</u> | <u>2,525,523</u> |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 10 | (6,887) | (47,195) |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | |
| Deferred tax | 11 | - | (8,000) |
| | | <u>-</u> | <u>(8,000)</u> |
| Net assets | | <u>1,726,859</u> | <u>2,470,328</u> |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 12 | 731,738 | 731,738 |
| Profit and loss account | | 995,121 | 1,738,590 |
| | | <u>1,726,859</u> | <u>2,470,328</u> |

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 04462335

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:



S Angel
Director

Date: 31 July 2019

The notes on pages 3 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. General information

The principal activity of AEI Systems Limited is the design, development, manufacture and supply of small to medium calibre gun systems and solutions plus military aircraft support.

The Company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England and Wales.

The Registered Office address is 35 Ballards Lane, London N3 1XW.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is sterling.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised on dispatch of goods to the customer.

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Leasing and Hire Purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings using the effective interest method.

2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.8 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.10 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Long term leasehold property | - 5 years straight line |
| Plant & machinery | - 3-5 years straight line / 60% reducing balance |
| Motor vehicles | - 5 years straight line |
| Fixtures & fittings | - 5 years straight line |

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.11 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.13 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

2.14 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments and transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors.

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and accruals, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Financial instruments (continued)

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.15 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

3. Other operating income

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Research & development tax credit | - | 1,932 |
| | <u>-</u> | <u>1,932</u> |

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 11 (2017 - 11).

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

5. Tangible fixed assets

| | Land and buildings £ | Other fixed assets £ | Total £ |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| Cost or valuation | | | |
| At 1 January 2018 | 308,919 | 1,125,518 | 1,434,437 |
| Additions | - | 18,639 | 18,639 |
| Disposals | - | (899) | (899) |
| At 31 December 2018 | <u>308,919</u> | <u>1,143,258</u> | <u>1,452,177</u> |
| Depreciation | | | |
| At 1 January 2018 | 308,919 | 873,161 | 1,182,080 |
| Charge for the year on owned assets | - | 114,056 | 114,056 |
| Disposals | - | (690) | (690) |
| At 31 December 2018 | <u>308,919</u> | <u>986,527</u> | <u>1,295,446</u> |
| Net book value | | | |
| At 31 December 2018 | <u>-</u> | <u>156,731</u> | <u>156,731</u> |
| At 31 December 2017 | <u>-</u> | <u>252,358</u> | <u>252,358</u> |

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Plant and machinery | <u>81,579</u> | <u>108,024</u> |
| | <u>81,579</u> | <u>108,024</u> |

6. Stocks

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Finished goods and goods for resale | <u>1,036,982</u> | <u>1,022,881</u> |
| | <u>1,036,982</u> | <u>1,022,881</u> |

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

7. Debtors

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Trade debtors | 39,826 | 234,435 |
| Other debtors | 32,139 | 1,796 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 127,076 | 58,168 |
| Tax recoverable | 70,406 | 1,631 |
| | <u>269,447</u> | <u>296,030</u> |

8. Cash and cash equivalents

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|--------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Cash at bank and in hand | 576,434 | 1,354,055 |
| | <u>576,434</u> | <u>1,354,055</u> |

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Trade creditors | 94,936 | 45,967 |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings | 39,532 | 39,532 |
| Other taxation and social security | 15,564 | 16,604 |
| Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts | 40,308 | 38,626 |
| Other creditors | 44,302 | 1,976 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 71,206 | 257,098 |
| | <u>305,848</u> | <u>399,803</u> |

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts | 6,887 | 47,195 |
| | <u>6,887</u> | <u>47,195</u> |

Security

Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured against the relevant assets.

11. Deferred taxation

| | 2018 £ |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| At beginning of year | 8,000 |
| Charged to profit or loss | (8,000) |
| At end of year | <u>-</u> |

The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Accelerated capital allowances | 15,000 | 31,000 |
| Tax losses carried forward | (15,000) | (23,000) |
| | <u>-</u> | <u>8,000</u> |

12. Share capital

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Allotted, called up and fully paid | | |
| 731,738 (2017 - 731,738) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each | <u>731,738</u> | <u>731,738</u> |

AEI SYSTEMS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

13. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. Contributions totalling £1,768 (2017 - £nil) were payable to the fund at the reporting date.

14. Related party transactions

Where possible the company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Section 33.1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102: Related Party Disclosures, from the requirement to disclose transaction with wholly-owned group undertakings.

15. Controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking is AEI Air (Holdings) Limited whose Registered Office is 35 Ballards Lane, London, N3 1XW.

The Principal Place of Business is 1 Kings Ride Park, Kings Ride, Ascot, SL5 8AP.