THE WEATHER LOTTERY PLC DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2010

REGISTERED NUMBER: 04458947 (England and Wales)

THURSDAY

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COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS Lord E T Razzall

R R White A Moore

SECRETARY N G McGowan

COMPANY NUMBER 04458947

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Operating and Financial Review

The year end comes some seven months after the new Board took over the management of The Weather Lottery Plc My last half-year statements only advised of our arrival and our intentions in both the short and long terms

I am pleased to report that our short term intentions of undertaking modest but necessary fund raising through share placings amongst the new Board and its supporters have been completed. Initially we successfully raised £100,000 to place the company on a sound up-to-date financial footing. At, and just after, the year end a further total funding of £300,000 by way of a placing was necessary to prepare for the stated expansion of the existing lottery operations into the gaming sector particularly through the medium of partnership contracts with professional football clubs. You may have seen the various announcements which the company has made reporting these activities.

Your Board has set itself certain objectives during the period from the time of its appointment in January to the year-end in July. Its first objective is to expand organically the core lottery business. It seeks to do this by increasing the number of participants within lotteries operated by existing customers and also to attract new organisations within its target charitable, sports, political and media sectors. In this objective it has been successful although the full effect of this on the figures takes time to show through

Complimentary to its decision to concentrate on the football club sector, The Weather Lottery has created a new lottery brand specifically for the clubs called "FC Lotto" which is proving popular. The figures to the year end show a slight decline in overall lottery turnover from £1 345million to £1 231million. It is hoped that the steps which are being taken will reverse this trend. However, the signs at the year-end are good and I hope to be able to announce in my next statements that the lottery participants and revenue are on the increase from existing clients and new contract wins have been made, particularly in the sporting, political and media sectors,

Strategy and Outlook

As reported in the various public announcements, the Board has taken a decision to add to the existing business a new range of gaming products for both existing and new customers alike. These operations commenced with the creation of a "Sports Book" operation to enable registered players to place bets on sporting events, particularly football matches, whether on-line or in-stadium at the games of partnership clubs. During the year in question this was only just beginning to be organised as it was always intended to commence with the new football season in August 2010. The signs are very encouraging with now eight clubs signed up to take gaming and lottery products offered by The Weather Lottery whether through the FC Lotto brand or the new gaming brand, again created for the football sector, "FC Betz". I hope to report a successful commencement to these operations in my next statements when the figures from the period to January 2011 have been analysed. Further products are being added, including Casino, Slots and On-line Poker. Finally, the Board continues to examine other development opportunities which are sport related and which will compliment the existing sports lottery and gaming operations.

As I reported in my last half-year statement, during the year there has been a change of personnel on the Board and after the year end Mr Keith Milhench CEO also left the company. We are actively looking for a new CEO with the necessary experience and qualifications to take the company forward on the chosen development plan and we will of course announce immediately once such an appointment is made.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

This year has been one of change both in terms of arresting the relative decline in the existing business and the expansion in new areas of operation. The Board has taken a prudent view of certain provisions and reserves in last year's accounts and, as is shown by the accounts, has written these amounts off in the period to give us firm foundations for the future.

I will report in my next statement on the development of these new initiatives and the investment that has been ongoing in the different brands with the establishment of "FC Betz" and "FC Lotto". We, as a Board, are confident that the benefits of entering the on-line gaming sector will create shareholder value on the long term and will continue to develop cross selling opportunities through organic growth and acquisitions, such as the recently completed and reported acquisition of Devilfish Poker Limited

Lord E T Razzail Chairman

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 July 2010

The Directors present their Report and the annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2010

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is that of a holding company

The principal activity of the Group in the period was that of lottery administrators

Business review and future developments

The Weather Lottery Pic's ("The Weather Lottery") principal activity is that of lottery administrators. A review of these activities, future developments and principal risks is provided in the Chairman's Statement and the Principal risks and uncertainties section.

Financial key performance indicators ("KPI's")

The key performance indicators reviewed by the Group Board are as follows

- Number of plays
- Operating profit
- Profit before taxation
- Rolling cash flow forecasts

These indicators are reviewed by the Group Board at least once a month
Explanations are sought and given for any material variances and the management are required to provide plans to recover any performance failures as they occur during the year

Principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group

Management and employees

The nature of the Group and its business model creates reliance upon retaining and incentivising its senior management and certain key employees, whose expertise will be important to the fortunes of the Group going forward. The Directors have endeavoured to ensure that the principal members of its management team are suitably incentivised, but the retention of such staff cannot be guaranteed.

The Group may need to recruit additional senior management and other staff in order to further develop its business. There can be no guarantee that such individuals will be recruited in the Group's preferred timetable or at the cost levels anticipated by the Group. Competition for staff is strong and therefore the Group may find it difficult to retain key management and staff. The loss of key personnel and the inability to recruit further key personnel could have a material adverse effect on the future of the Group through the impairment of the day-to-day running of the businesses and the inability to maintain existing client relationships

Exposure of the Group to UK economic conditions

Demand for the Group's services may be significantly affected by the general level of economic activity and economic conditions in the regions and sectors in which the Group operates. Therefore, a continuation of the economic downturn, especially in regions or sectors where the Group's operations are focused, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business and financial results.

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 July 2010

Competition

The Group is engaged in business activities where there a number of competitors. Many of these competitors are larger than the relevant businesses carried on by the Group and have access to greater funds than the Company, which will potentially enable them to gain market share at the expense of the Group.

Acquisitions

The Directors cannot discount circumstances where an acquisition would support the Company's business strategy. However, there is no guarantee that the Company will successfully be able to identify, attract and complete suitable acquisitions or that the acquired business will perform in line with expectations.

Funding and working capital

The Group has given the usual undertakings, covenants and security for its funding facility Maintaining a sufficient level of working capital is essential to enable the Group to meet its foreseeable obligations and achieve its strategy. Failure to manage working capital could impact upon the ability of the Group to grow.

Management of growth

The ability of the Group to implement its strategy in an expanding market requires effective planning and management control systems. The Directors anticipate that further expansion will be required to respond to market opportunities and the potential growth in its client base. The Group's growth plans may place a significant strain on its management, operational, financial and personnel resources. The Group's future growth and prospects will, therefore, depend on its ability to manage the growth and to continue to expand and improve operational, financial and management information and quality control systems on a timely basis, whilst at the same time maintaining effective cost controls. Any failure to expand and improve operational, financial and management information and quality control systems in line with the Group's growth could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Market developments

Any failure to expand the Group's service offering in response to customer demand and/or industry developments may have an adverse effect on the Group's financial performance and prospects

Reliance on Partners

Much of the Group's business is dependent on partners (charities, clubs, etc). Changes in key relationships within those partners, change of strategic direction by partner organisations, changes in the viability of partner-owned technology, economic and other business circumstances could all have an adverse effect on the financial performance of the Group

Legal and regulatory matters

The Group is subject to a considerable degree of regulation and legislation. Changes in or extensions of laws and regulations affecting the industry in which the Group operates (or those in which its customers operate) and the rules of industry organisations could restrict or complicate the Group's business activities, with the potential to increase compliance / legal costs significantly

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 July 2010

Financial risk management

The Group's financial risk management policies are disclosed in the financial statements within this document

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend a dividend for the year (2009 £nil)

Directors

The following Directors held office during the financial year ended 31 July 2010

Lord E T Razzall	Appointed 7 January 2010
R R White	Appointed 7 January 2010
K G Milhench	
N G McGowan	Resigned 7 January 2010
A Moore	
M Mills	Resigned 7 January 2010

On 2 September 2010 K G Milhench resigned as a Director of the Board

Directors' interests in shares and warrants

The Directors who held office at 31 July 2010 had the following interests in the shares of the Company, including family interests

Company, including family interests	Ordinary sha At 31 July 2010	res of 0 1p each At 31 July 2009 (or date of appointment, if later)
Lord E T Razzali	8,000,000	-
R R White	3,333,334	-
K G Milhench	9,666,667	7,500,000
A Moore	8,000,000	5,537,500

During the year the following share options were issued to the above Directors, and all were still held at the year end

	Number	Exercise price	Exercise period
Lord E T Razzall	3,200,000	0 75p-1 25p	8 June 2010 – 2 June 2017
R R White K G Milhench	3,200,000 4,800,000	0 75p-1 25p 0 75p-1 25p	8 June 2010 – 2 June 2017 8 June 2010 – 2 June 2017
A Moore	3,200,000	0 75p-1 25p	8 June 2010 – 2 June 2017

Further details of these options are given in notes 25 and 28 to the Financial Statements

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 July 2010

Directors' Remuneration

In accordance with AIM Rule 19, the remuneration of the Directors, who served during the year is detailed below

	Salary, fees & Benefits in kind	Bonus	Pension contributions	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Lord E T Razzall	4	-	-	4
R R White K G Milhench	73	-	-	73
A Moore	37	-	-	37
N G McGowan	4	-	-	4
M Mills	3	-	-	3

Substantial shareholdings

The Company has been notified of the following substantial holdings of ordinary 0 1p shares as at 20 December 2010

	Percentage Holding	No of shares
HALB Nominees Ltd*	17 48%	41,527,614
Pershing Nominees Ltd**	17 00%	40,410,038
SVS (Nominees) Ltd***	16 14%	38,381,591
A Moore	3 37%	8,000,000
TD Waterhouse Nominees Ltd	3 24%	7,692,278

^{* -} includes 41,527,614 shares (17 48%) held on behalf of J and M Williams

No other person has notified an interest in the ordinary shares of the Company as required to be disclosed to the Company

^{** -} includes 22,321,112 shares (9 39%) held on behalf of J M Botros, 8,000,000 shares (3 37%) held on behalf of Lord E T Razzall

^{*** -} includes 9,666,667 shares (4 07%) held on behalf of K G Milhench

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 July 2010

Capital Structure

Details of the issued share capital are shown in note 23. There are no special restrictions on the size of a holding nor on the transfer of shares, which are both governed by the general provisions of the Articles of Association and prevailing legislation. The Directors are not aware of any agreements between holders of the Company's shares that may result in restriction on the transfer of securities or on voting rights. No one has any special rights of control over the Company's share capital and all issued shares are fully paid.

Under its Articles of Association, the company has authority to issue the amount of shares shown in note 23

Donations

Charitable and political donations made by the Group during the year amounted to £nil (2009 £nil)

Creditor payment policy and practice

It is the Group's policy to establish terms of payments with suppliers when agreeing each transaction or series of transactions, to ensure that suppliers are aware of these terms of payment and to abide by them. At 31 July 2010, the Group had an average of 56 days (2009 48 days) of purchases outstanding in trade creditors

Post balance sheet events

Since the year end the Company has acquired ClickNow Holdings Limited and its subsidiary, ClickNow Limited, for a consideration of 5,000,000 Ordinary 0 1p shares in the Company, valued at £48,750 at the date of acquisition

The Company has also entered into a conditional agreement to acquire Devil Fish Poker Limited for a total consideration of £330,000, to be satisfied by a cash payment of £40,000 with the balance being satisfied by the issue of up to 30,000,000 Ordinary 0 1p shares in the Company

Going concern

UK Company Law requires Directors to consider whether it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Company and the Group are going concerns. Throughout the financial statements there are various disclosures relating to Group funding and operational risks. The Directors' report summarises the key themes.

The Group does have some exposure to current economic conditions which have the potential to impact annual revenues. To date the economic downturn has reduced Group revenues as a whole by less than 10%. The Directors have prepared downside sensitised forecasts to 31 January 2013 and have implemented cost reductions in the year in order to improve cashflow. The Group continues to trade without the need for loan funding, although cash balances have been reduced in the period

The downside sensitised forecasts have been reviewed by the Directors to ensure that the profit and cash generation derived from these forecasts are sufficient to meet the Group's requirements. As a result of these reviews, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they consider it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 July 2010

Environment policies

The Group is always seeking ways to improve its consumption of resources and ways to protect the environment

Employee policies

The Group places considerable value on the involvement of the employees and keeps them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on relevant matters affecting the performance of the Group

The Group's employment policies include a commitment to equal opportunities regardless of sex, age, race, sexual orientation or ethnic origin

The Group's policy is to give full and fair consideration to applications for employment made by disabled persons, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes of the applicants concerned. In the event of staff becoming disabled every effort would be made to ensure their continued employment within the Group and to provide specialised training where appropriate

Information to shareholders

The Group has its own website (www.theweatherlottery.com) for the purposes of improving information flow to shareholders as well as potential investors

Corporate governance

The Group intends to continue with measures previously put in place to ensure that it complies with the Corporate Governance Code in so far as is practicable and appropriate for a public company of its size and nature

The Group has put into place an Audit Committee and a Remuneration Committee under the control of R R White, a Director—It has primary responsibility for monitoring the quality of internal control and ensuring the financial performance of the Group is properly measured and reported on and for reviewing reports from the Group's auditors relating to its accounting and internal controls—In all cases due regard is given to the interests of the shareholders—It also determines the terms and conditions of service of the executive Directors, including their remuneration and grant of options

The Directors intend to comply with Rule 21 of the AIM Rules for Companies relating to Directors' dealings as applicable to AIM companies and will also take all reasonable steps to ensure compliance by the Group's applicable employees—In line with the AIM rules for Companies, the Group has adopted an AIM rules compliance policy setting out the procedures to be followed in order that the Company will fully comply with the AIM Rules for Companies

Relations with shareholders

The Chairman is the Group's principal spokesperson with investors, fund managers, the press and other interested parties. At the Annual General Meeting, private investors are given the opportunity to question the Board

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 July 2010

Internal control

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for establishing and monitoring the Group's systems of internal control. Although no system of internal control can provide absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss, the Group's systems are designed to provide the Directors with reasonable assurance that problems are identified on a timely basis and so can be dealt with appropriately

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Group and Parent Company financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. Company law requires the Directors to prepare Group and Parent Company financial statements for each financial year. As required by the AIM Rules of the London Stock Exchange the Directors are required to prepare the Group Financial Statements in accordance with IFRS's as adopted by the EU and applicable laws and have elected to prepare the Parent Company Financial Statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The Group Financial Statements are required by law and IFRS's as adopted by the EU to present fairly the financial position and the performance of the Group, the Companies Act 2006 provides in relation to such financial statements that references in the relevant part of that Act to financial statements giving a true and fair view are references to their achieving a fair presentation

The Parent Company financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Parent Company. In preparing each of the Group and Parent Company financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- for the Group financial statements, state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRS's as adopted by the EU,
- for the Parent Company financial statements, state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and Parent Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Directors Report and other information contained in the annual report is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included in the Company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 July 2010

Disclosure of information to auditors

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report each confirm the following

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditors are unaware, and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

The audit business of Rochesters LLP, who had previously been appointed as the Group and Company auditors, was transferred in the year to Rochesters Audit Services Limited who are successors to the office of auditors of the Company under the provisions of the Companies Act 2006. The audit report of the financial statements has therefore been issued by the successor firm, Rochesters Audit Services Limited.

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming General Meeting for the re-appointment of Rochesters Audit Services Limited as auditors of the Company in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006 and that the Directors be authorised to fix their remuneration

This report was approved by the Board on 4 January 2011 and signed on its behalf

R R White Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE WEATHER LOTTERY PLC

We have audited the financial statements of The Weather Lottery plc for the year ended 31 July 2010 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and Parent Company Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the related notes The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the parent company financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Sections 495 to 497A of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Group and the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement (set out on page 11), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standard for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 July 2010 and of the group's loss for the year then ended,
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union,
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
- the parent company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, and, as regards the group financial statements, Article 4 of the IAS Regulation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE WEATHER LOTTERY PLC

Separate opinion in relation to IFRS's as issued by the IASB

As explained in note 2 to the group financial statements, the group in addition to complying with its legal obligation to apply IFRS's as adopted by the European Union, has also applied IFRS's as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB)

In our opinion the group financial statements comply with IFRS's as issued by the IASB

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the group and parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosure of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Peter Hewston (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Rochesters Audit Services Limited

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

No 3 Caroline Court 13 Caroline Street St Paul's Square Birmingham B3 1TR

Date 4 January 2011

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT For the year ended 31 July 2010

	Note	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Continuing operations Revenue	5	1,231	1,345
Cost of sales		(317)	(362)
Gross profit		914	983
Administrative expenses		(983)	(1,032)
Finance income	8	-	1
Finance costs	8	(8)	-
Profit before taxation		(77)	(48)
Income tax expense	9	-	-
Profit from continuing operations		(77)	(48)
PROFIT/(LOSS) PER SHARE Basic profit/(loss) per ordinary share	10	q(80 0)	(0 06)p
Diluted profit/(loss) per ordinary share	10	(0.07)p	(0 06)p

All of the profit/(loss) for the period is attributable to equity holders of the parent company

THE WEATHER LOTTERY PLC (Registered Number: 04458947)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 July 2010

	Note	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
ASSETS			
Non current assets		_	•
Property, plant and equipment	14	4	6
Goodwill	12 13	158	158
Other intangible assets	13	18 180	164
Total non current assets	-	180	164
Current assets			
Inventories	16	2	2
Trade and other receivables	17	329	14
Cash and cash equivalents	17	48	58
Total current assets	_	37 <u>9</u>	74
Total accets	-	559	220
Total assets	-	558	238
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	20	354	233
Current tax payable		•	-
Total current liabilities	-	354	233
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax provision	22	_	_
Deletted tax provision	22	_	
Total liabilities	-	354	233
Net assets		205	5
Net assets	•	203	
EQUITY			
Share capital	23	186	83
Share premium account	24	476	302
Retained earnings	24	(457)	(380)
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	•	205	5

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 4 January 2011 They were signed on its behalf by

R R White Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 July 2010

	Called up share capıtal £'000	Share premium account £'000	Retained Earnings £'000	Total Equity £'000
Balance 31 July 2008 (Loss) for the year	83	302	(332) (48)	53 (48)
Balance 31 July 2009 Shares issued in year less costs (Loss) for the year	83 103	302 174	(380) - (77)	5 277 (77)
Balance 31 July 2010	186	476	(457)	205

CONSOLIDATED CASHFLOW STATEMENT For the year ended 31 July 2010

	Note	Year ended 31 July 2010	Year ended 31 July 2009 £'000
Net cash from operating activities Interest and financing costs	26	(69) (8)	(40) -
Net cash (outflow) from operating activities	-	(77)	(40)
Cashflow from investing activities Purchases of intangible assets Interest received		(18) -	(8) 1
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities	-	(18)	(7)
Financing Net proceeds from issue of shares		85	-
Net cash from financing activities		85	-
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(10)	(47)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 August Cash and cash equivalents at 31 July		58 48	105 58
Comprising of Cash and cash equivalents per the balance sheet Less		48	58
Bank overdraft Cash and cash equivalents for cash flow statement purposes	27	48	58

As described in the accounting policies, bank overdrafts repayable on demand fluctuate from being positive to overdrawn and are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management for cash flow statement purposes

There is no material difference between the fair value and the book value of cash and equivalents

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

1 General Information

The Weather Lottery plc is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is Derby House Stud, Retford Road, Doncaster, DN10 5HJ. The nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities are described in the Directors' Report.

These Financial Statements are presented in Pounds Sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates

2 Adoption of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards

In the current year, the Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 August 2009

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements were in issue but not yet effective

IAS 23 - Borrowing Costs

IAS 27 - Consolidated and separate financial statements

IFRIC 11- Group and Treasury Share Transactions

IFRIC 12 - Service Concession Arrangements

These Standards and Interpretations are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's Financial Statements in their periods of initial application

3 Significant accounting policies

Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements, upon which this financial information is based, have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis, as at 31 July 2010, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") as well as all interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") The Group has not availed itself of early adoption options in such standards and interpretations

The Financial Statements, upon which this financial information is based, have been prepared under the historical cost basis except where specifically noted. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis notwithstanding a loss for the financial year of £77,000

The Directors' cashflow forecasts indicate that the Group will be able to operate within its existing bank facilities in the future. As with any business, there are uncertainties in the forecast, but as at the date of approval of these financial statements the Directors are unaware of any indications that would suggest inappropriate assumptions have been made in relation to trading volumes. As a result of these, the Directors are of the opinion that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and have continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments which would result from this basis of preparation being inappropriate.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated Financial Statements incorporate the Financial Statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries) made up to 31 July each year Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the Financial Statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by the Group

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation

Business Combinations

The purchase method of accounting is used for all acquired businesses as defined by IFRS 3 – Business Combinations

As a result of the application of the purchase method of accounting, goodwill is initially recognised as an asset being the excess at the date of acquisition of the fair value of the purchase consideration plus directly attributable costs of acquisition over the net fair values of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiaries acquired. Where fair values are estimated on a provisional basis they are finalised within 12 months of acquisition with consequent changes to the amount of goodwill

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

Intangible assets

Intangible assets relate to the development of the lottery games (software and related costs) It is considered that the software has a finite useful life and amortisation has been previously calculated so as to write off the carrying value of it over its useful economic life of 9 years, which has now elapsed. As the carrying value was fully written off in the year to 31 July 2009 there is no amortisation charge in this regard in the year to 31 July 2010. Development costs in respect of a new football based lottery were capitalised in the year although the lottery was not operational until after the year end. As such, no amortisation has been charged in the year to 31 July 2010 in respect of these capitalised costs.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of a subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset and reviewed for impairment at least annually. Any impairment is recognised immediately in the income statement and is not subsequently reversed.

On disposal of a subsidiary the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents takings received for entry into the lottery prize draws Revenue is recognised upon receipt of the money for the period that the draw takes place

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profits for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

to allow all, or part, of the asset to be recovered

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Property, plant and equipment

Fixtures, fittings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any recognised impairment loss

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method, on the following bases

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

- 25% per annum

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in income

Leased assets

Rentals payable under non-onerous operating leases are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets excluding goodwill

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair values less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimate of future cash flows have not been adjusted

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Foreign currencies

The individual financial statements of each Group company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each Group company are expressed in Pounds Sterling, which is the functional currency of the Group, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements

In preparing the financial statements of the individual companies, transactions in currencies other than the entity's function currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical costs in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise

Share based payments

Other than for business combinations, the only share based payments of the Group are equity settled share options and certain liability settlements. The Group has applied the requirements of IFRS 2 Share-based Payments

For share options granted an option pricing model is used to estimate the fair value of each option at grant date. That fair value is charged on a straight line basis as an expense in the income statement over the period that the holder becomes unconditionally entitled to the options (vesting period), with a corresponding increase in equity

For shares issued in settlement of fees and/or liabilities, the Directors estimate the fair value of the shares at issue date and that value is charged on a straight line basis as an expense in the income statement (for fees) or reduction in the balance sheet liability (for liabilities) with a corresponding increase in equity

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials using the first in first out (FIFO) basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less estimated costs of completion, marketing and selling.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand and demand deposits and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are measured at initial recognition at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in profit and loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. The allowance recognised is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate compound at initial recognition.

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts

Financial liability and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual agreements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recognised at the amount of proceeds received net of costs directly attributable to the transaction. To the extent that those proceeds exceed the par value of the shares issued they are credited to a share premium account.

Bank borrowings

Interest-bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, are accounted for on an accrual basis in profit or loss using effective interest rate method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise

Trade payables

Trade payables are not interest-bearing and are stated at their nominal value

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the Directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

4. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In application of the Group's accounting policies above, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities. These estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors considered relevant. Actual results may differ from estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future payments if the revision affects both current and future periods

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below

Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of cashgenerating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the entity to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value.

Share-based payments

Share-based payments are measured at grant date fair value. For share options granted to employees, in many cases market prices are not available and therefore the fair value of the options granted shall be estimated by applying an option pricing model. Such models need input data such as expected volatility of share price, expected dividends or the risk-free interest rate for the life of the option. The overall objective is to approximate the expectations that would be reflected in a current market price or negotiated exchange price for the option. Such assumptions are subject to judgements and may turn out to be significantly different to expected.

5 Segment analysis

The primary reporting format is by business segment, based on the different services offered by the operating companies within the Group. The Directors consider that the Group only has one business segment, that of lottery administration, and hence a segmental analysis is not required. The Group operates solely in one geographical area, the United Kingdom

The Directors consider that none of the operations are classed as Discontinued and hence all operations are considered to be Continuing throughout the period

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

6.	Operating (loss)/profit
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Operating loss has been stated after charging the following		
	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	-	25
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	2	2
Operating lease charges	52	23
Auditors' remuneration – Audit services to the parent company	1	1
Auditors' remuneration – Audit services to the Group	6	8
Auditors' remuneration – Taxation services	1	1

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the holding company's profit and loss account has not been included in these financial statements. The loss for the period after taxation was £141,000 (2009 £46,000)

7 Personnel costs

	2010	2009
The average monthly number of employees	No	No
(including executive and non executive Directors) was	8	9
The split of employees by function within the Group is as follows		
	No	No
Administration and Sales	4	5
Management	4	4
Total	8	9
	2010	2009
Their aggregate remuneration comprised	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	150	182
Social security costs	22	17
Sums paid to third parties for services	57	36
- -	229	235

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

7.	Personnel costs (continued)		
		2010	2009
	Directors' emoluments	£'000	£'000
	Emoluments	73	104
	Sums paid to third parties for director services	45	36
		118	140
	Number of Directors accruing benefits	No	No
	under money purchase schemes	<u> </u>	-
	Aggregate emoluments of highest paid Director	<u>73</u>	104
	Included within Directors' emoluments is £45,300 (2009 £ companies, as detailed in note 28. All of the Director employee benefits		
8	Finance income and costs	2242	0000
		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Finance income	<u> </u>	1
	Finance charges	8	
9	Income taxes		
		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Current:		
	Current tax for the year	<u> </u>	-
	Total current tax charge	-	-
	Deferred tax credit (note 22)	-	-
	Total income taxes	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

Tax rate reconciliation

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(77)	(48)
Corporation tax charge thereon at 21% (2009 21%)	(16)	(10)
Adjusted for the effects of Disallowed expenses for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	2	1
Taxable losses and excess charges carried forward	14	9
Income tax expense for the year	-	•

10. Earnings per share

The calculation is based on the earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders divided by the weighted average number of Ordinary Shares in issue during the period as follows

	2010	2009
Numerator earnings attributable to equity (£'000)	(77)	(48)
Denominator weighted average number of equity shares (No)	101,942,173	83,304,730

In June 2010 the Company issued 24 million options to subscribe for Ordinary shares of 0.1p each. None of these options were exercised in the period, but had they been they would have increased the weighted average number of equity shares to 105,942,173 and this amount is used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

11 Dividend

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 £nil)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

12	Goodwill	£'000
	Cost	
	At 31 July 2009 Additions	158
	At 31 July 2010	158

The Group carried out an impairment test of goodwill for the period ended 31 July 2010 as required by IFRS. The Directors consider there to be just one cash-generating unit, namely the lottery itself. The impairment test did not result in the recognition of any loss and the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit was considered lower than their recoverable amount.

The principal assumptions made (in both 2010 and 2009) in determining the value in use of the cash-generating unit were

- Basis on which recoverable amount determined value in use,
- Period covered by management plans used in calculation 1 year,
- Pre-tax discount rate applied to cashflow projection 10%,
- Growth rate used to extrapolate cashflows beyond management plan 3%,
- Difference between above growth rate and long term rate for UK 0 5%

The calculation of value in use shown above is most sensitive to the assumptions on discount rates and growth rates. The assumptions used are considered to be realistically achievable in light of economic and industry measures and forecasts. The Directors believe that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause its carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

13 Other intangible assets

	Research & De	Research & Development	
Cost	2010 £'000	2009 £'000	
At 1 August Additions	154 18	154	
At 31 July	172	154	
Amortisation			
At 1 August Charge for the year	154 -	129 25	
At 31 July	154	154	
Net Book Value			
At 31 July	18		

No amortisation has been recognised in the year as the additions relate to development costs in respect of operations which commenced after the year end

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

14 Property, plant and equipment

	Office equipment	
Cost	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
At 1 August Additions	- -	8
At 31 July	8	8
Depreciation		
At 1 August Charge for the year	2 2	2
At 31 July	4	2
Net Book Value		
At 31 July	4	6

15 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 July 2010 are as follows

Name of subsidiary	Company number	Place of incorporation (or registration) and operation	Proportion of ownership interest & of voting power held	<u>Holding</u>	Principal activity
Prize Provision Services Limited	03152966	England and Wales	100%	Ordinary shares	Lottery provider
Prize Logistics Limited	06221487	England and Wales	100%	Ordinary shares	Lottery administrator

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

conti	nued		
16	Inventories	2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Finished goods	2	2
7	Other financial assets		
	Trade and other receivables		
		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Unpaid share capital	160	-
	Other receivables	65	12
	Prepayments and accrued income	329	14
	Turnover is recognised upon cash receipt and hence there credit period is given	are no trade receiva	bles and r
	The Group has provided fully for all receivables which are determining the recoverability of all receivables, the Group of quality of the receivable up to the reporting date		
	The directors consider that the carrying amount of the revalue	ceivables approximat	tes their fa
	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Cash and cash equivalents	48	58
	Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash held by the Growith an original maturity of 6 months or less. The cash		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

approximates their fair value

18 Borrowings

The Group had no borrowings in respect of bank overdrafts, loans or finance lease arrangements at the year end (2009 £nil)

19 Derivatives financial instruments and hedge accounting

At 31 July 2010 and 2009 the Group had no derivatives in place for cash flow hedging purposes

20 Other financial liabilities

Trade and other payables

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Trade payables	288	156
Other payables	61	33
Accrued liabilities and deferred income	5	44
	354	233
Other payables comprise		C 000
		£ 000
Social security and other taxes	22	33
Other	39	
	61	33
Presented as		
- Current	354	233

Accrued liabilities and deferred income represents miscellaneous contractual liabilities that relate to expenses that were incurred, but not paid for at the year-end and income received during the period, for which the Group had not supplied the goods or services at the end of the year

The Directors consider that the book value of trade payables, accrued liabilities and deferred income approximates to their fair value at the balance sheet date

The average credit period taken for trade purchases is 56 days (2009 48 days)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

21. Financial instruments, information on financial risks

Financial risks are discussed in the Directors' Report and below

Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the Group as a whole will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in note 18, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in notes 23 to 24. As at 31 July 2010 (and 31 July 2009) the Group had no debt and hence no gearing ratio is provided.

Financial risk management objectives

The main market risks to which the Group is exposed are interest rates. There is also exposure to credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group monitors these risks and will take appropriate action to minimize any exposure.

Credit risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk is minimal due to turnover being recognised upon cash receipt, hence there are no trade receivables

Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Regulatory compliance risk

Regulatory compliance risk is the risk of material adverse impact resulting from failure to comply with laws, regulations, codes of conduct or standards of good practice governing the sector in which the Group operates. The Group is monitored by the financial director who is responsible for meeting regulatory and compliance obligations.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk mainly concerns financial assets and liabilities, which are subject to floating rates in the Group. At presents the Group does not hold loans and receivables that are short-term in nature.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

22 Deferred taxation

A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in the years ended 31 July 2010 nor 31 July 2009 in respect of taxable losses carried forward of approximately £115,000 (2009 £45,000) as there is insufficient historic evidence that it will be recoverable in full against taxable profits during the next 12 months

There are not considered to be any material temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised

23. Equity share capital

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
185,971,398 (2009 83,304,730) Ordinary Shares of 0 1p each	186	83

In accordance with Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006, during the year the Company passed a special resolution to revoke the concept of authorised share capital and amended its Articles of Association accordingly

During the year the Company issued 0 1p Ordinary shares as follows

- 16,000,000 shares issued at 0 2p each on 7 January 2010 as settlement of certain liabilities,
 - 33,333,334 shares issued at 0 3p each on 21 April 2010 for the raising of working capital,
 - 53,333,334 shares issued at 0 3p each on 30 July 2010 for the raising of working capital

24 Other reserves

	Share	Profit and loss
	premium	account
	account	
	£'000	£'000
At 1 August 2009	302	(380)
Shares issued less costs	174	-
Result for the period		(77)
At 31 July 2010	476	(457)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

25 Share-based payments

Certain Directors and key management have been issued with share options in the year, exercisable immediately at a price fixed at the date of issue. If the options remain unexercised after a period of seven years from the date of grant the options expire

Details of options granted to date and still outstanding at the end of the year are as follows

Date of Grant	2010 No. £'000	Exercise price	Exercise period
8 June 2010	8,100,000	0 75p	8 June 2010 to 2 June 2017
8 June 2010	8,100,000	1 0p	8 June 2010 to 2 June 2017
8 June 2010	7,800,000	1 25p	8 June 2010 to 2 June 2017

All of the above options were outstanding at the year end. The options had a weighted average exercise price of 0 997p and a remaining contractual life of 6 8 years. The Directors consider that the estimated fair values of the options at grant date was £nil due to the prevailing market price being lower than the exercise price. As the fair value is currently considered to be £nil, no amount has been recognised in either the income statement or in equity in respect of these options.

26 Cash used in operations

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Results from operating activities	(69)	(49)
Depreciation of tangible assets	2	2
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	25
Share based payments	32	-
Increase in stock	•	(2)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	(155)	20
(Decrease)/increase in payables	121	(36)
Net cash from operations	(69)	(40)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

27. Analysis of net debt

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Cash and cash equivalent per balance sheet	48	58
Bank overdraft Cash and cash equivalent per cash flow statement	48	<u>-</u> 58
Cash and cash equivalent per cash now statement	40	50
Net debt	48	58

28 Transactions with related parties

The transactions set out below took place between the Group and certain related parties

K G Milhench

K G Milhench is a director of CBI Holdings Limited—CBI Holdings Limited is the parent company of Cantbuyit Limited—During the year The Weather Lottery plc made payments of £5,950 (2009 £3,500) on behalf of Cantbuyit Limited and at the year end was owed £9,450 (2009 £7,275) from this company—This whole amount has been provided for as irrecoverable as at 31 July 2010, although the Company will pursue repayment

In the year he received loans of £17,940 from the Company, all of which were outstanding at the year end
This amount was the maximum amount outstanding during the year

N G McGowan

N G McGowan, a director during the year, is also a director of, and significant shareholder in, Rangedetail Limited He received payments of £4,000 (2009 £3,000l) via this company for directorship services

A Moore

A Moore, a director, was also a Designated Member of Central Corporate Finance LLP in the year. He received payments of £36,750 (2009 £29,750) via this partnership for directorship services. Of the payments in respect of the current year fees, plus monies outstanding from the previous period, £32,000 was settled via the issuing of Ordinary shares of 0.1p each, as detailed in Note 23.

M Mills

M Mills, a director in the year, received payments of £3,000 (2009 £3,500) via Central Corporate Finance LLP for directorship services

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

Lord E T Razzall

Lord E T Razzall, a director, received payments of £3,750 (2009 £nil) in the year, for directorship services provided, via an entity trading as R T Associates

As referred to in Note 25, share options were granted in the year to Directors and key management, all of which were outstanding at the year end. The following options were held by the Directors and key management at the year end.

	Options No.	Option details	
Lord E T Razzall	3,200,000	See A below	
A Moore	3,200,000	See A below	
R R White	3,200,000	See A below	
K Milhench	4,800,000	See B below	
J Botros	4,800,000	See B below	
J Williams	4,800,000	See B below	

A – 1,100,000 at 0 75p, 1,100,000 at 1p and 1,000,000 at 1 25p

B - 1,600,000 at 0 75p, 1,600,000 at 1p and 1,600,000 at 1 25p

All of the options are exercisable by 2 June 2017

Remuneration of key management personnel

The remuneration of the Directors, who are the key management personnel of the Group, is as referred to above, on page 8 within the Directors Report and in Note 7

29 Operating lease commitments

At the balance sheet date, the Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Land and buildings		
Within one year	•	-
In the second to fifth years inclusive	-	-
After five years	-	-
Other		
Within one year	5	3
In the second to fifth years inclusive	-	6
After five years		
	5	9

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

continued

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office properties and motor vehicles. Leases are negotiated over the term considered most relevant to the individual subsidiary and rentals are fixed where possible for that term

30. Controlling Party

No single individual has sole control of the company

31 Events after the balance sheet date

In October 2010 the Company acquired ClickNow Holdings Limited and its subsidiary, ClickNow Limited, for a consideration of 5,000,000 Ordinary 0 1p shares, valuing ClickNow at £48,750 which will all be treated as goodwill. At the same time the Company issued a further 46,666,666 Ordinary 0 1p shares at 0 3p each, creating additional working capital funding of £140,000.

In December 2010 the Company entered into a conditional arrangement to acquire the share capital of Devil Fish Poker Limited for £330,000, to be satisfied by £40,000 cash and £290,000 in shares through the issue of approximately 30,000,000 Ordinary shares of 0 1p each. The amount of goodwill in this transaction is yet to be ascertained.

32. Going Concern

The Group made a loss for the year of £77,000 as a result of reduced turnover brought about by the economic recession. The Group has restructured its Board in the period and has invested in new income streams through the development of new football gaming, under the brand FC Betz. It has already negotiated contracts with a number of professional football clubs which will mean income being derived from the 2010/11 season onwards.

During the year the Group has raised approximately £280,000 of funds through share issues (£160,000 of which was unpaid as at the year end) and, as per note 31, a further £140,000 post year end. These additional funds have supported the Group's net asset position and enabled the development of new income streams.

Given these changes made to both the Board and the Group's ongoing operations, the Directors consider that the Group continues to be a going concern and they forecast that that there is sufficient funding in place to enable the continuance of the Group

THE WEATHER LOTTERY PLC (Registered Number: 04458947)

PARENT COMPANY BALANCE SHEET As at 31 July 2010

	Note	2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Investments	III	14	14
		-	
Current assets			
Debtors	IV	267	1
Cash at bank and in hand		1	7
		268	8
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	V	(199)	(75)
Net current assets		69_	(67)
Total assets less current liabilities		83	(53)
Provisions for liabilities			
Net assets		83	(53)
Capital and Reserves			
Share capital	VI	186	83
Share premium	VI	476	302
Profit and loss account	VII	(579)	(438)
Equity charabaldara' funda		an	/E2\
Equity shareholders' funds		83	(53)

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 4 January 2011 They were signed on its behalf by

R R White

Director

NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

I. Accounting Policies

There are no material differences between the accounting policies of the Group except as detailed below

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less, where appropriate, provisions for impairment

The separate Financial Statements of the Company are presented as required by the Companies Act 2006. As permitted by that Act, the separate Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom accounting standards.

The Company's financial risk management policies are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements

II Operating profit

The auditors' remuneration for audit and other services is disclosed in note 6 of the consolidated financial statements

In the current and previous year the company had no employees other than the Directors, who are all remunerated via the company's subsidiary companies except for Lord E T Razzall who was paid £3,750 by the company as per note 28 of the consolidated financial statements

III. Investments

The company's investments consist of investments in subsidiaries of £14,000 (2009 £14,000)

Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 July 2010 can be found in Note 15 of the attached consolidated Financial Statements

	2010	2009
Cost and net book value of Shares in subsidiary undertakings	£'000	£'000
Cost		
COST		
As at 1 August	14	14
Additions	-	-
At 31 July	14	14

NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2010

IV.	Debtors		
14.	Debiois	2010	2009
		£.000	£'000
	Unpaid share capital	160	•
	Other debtors	15	1
	Prepayments and accrued income	92	
		267	1
V	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings	39	1
	Trade creditors	158	38
	Accruals and deferred income	2	36
		199	75
VI	Share capital, share premium account and other reserve		
	The movements on share capital and share premium are disclosed consolidated financial statements	ın notes 23 and	24 to the
VII	Profit and loss reserves		
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Balance at 1 August	(438)	(392)
	(Loss) for the year	(141)	(46)
			
	Balance at 31 July	(579)	(438)
VIII.	Controlling party		

No single individual has sole control of the company